

# stegano的writeup

原创

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分类专栏： [攻防世界MISC新手练习区](#) 文章标签： [安全](#)

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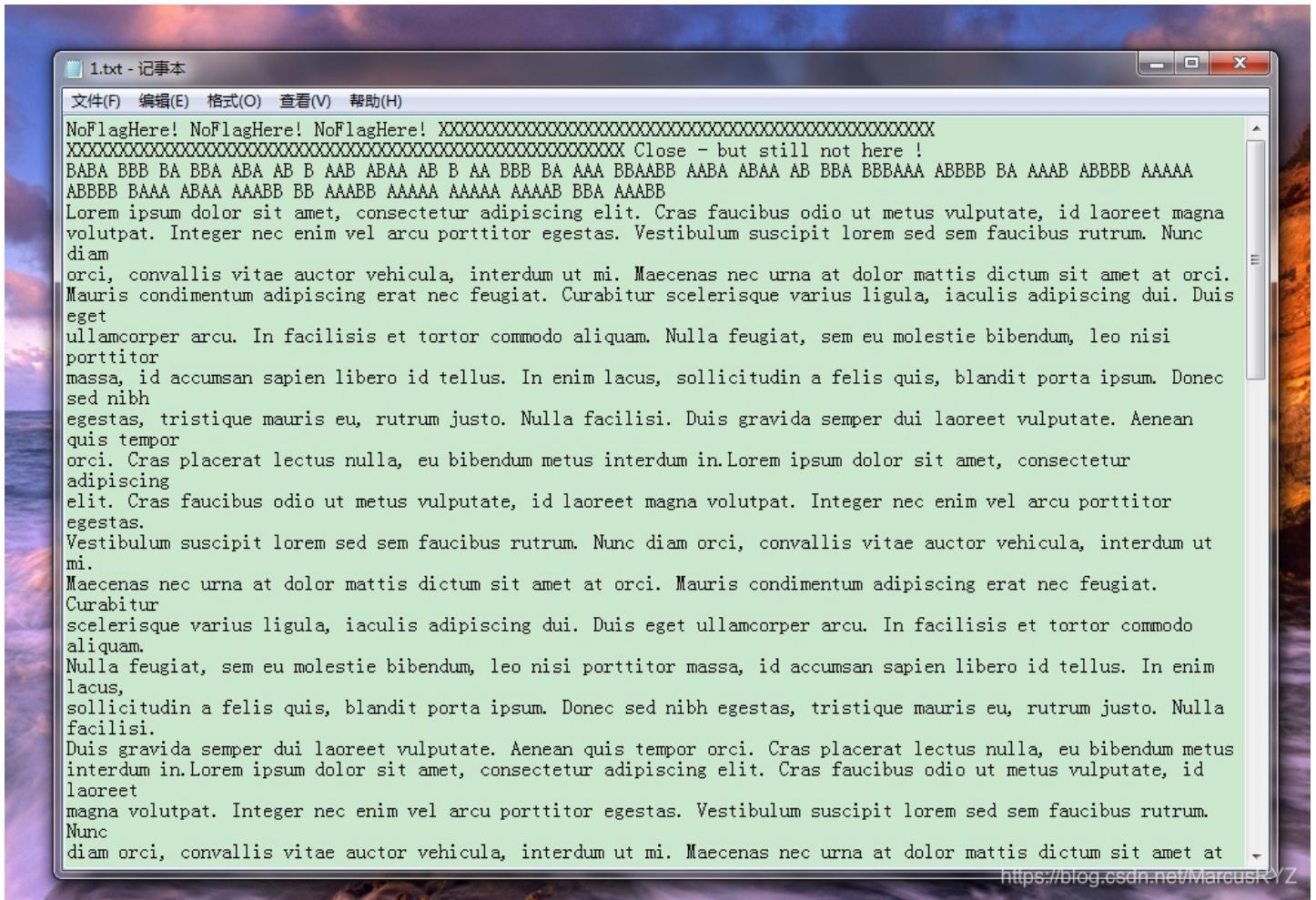
订阅专栏

大家好，这次为大家带来的是攻防世界misc部分stegano的writeup。

先下载附件，是一个pdf文件，打开这个文件。

The screenshot shows a Windows operating system desktop. At the top, there is a taskbar with several open browser tabs. From left to right, the tabs are: '题目' (Topic), 'CSDN-专业IT技术社区' (CSDN - Professional IT Technical Community), '写文章-CSDN博客' (Write Article - CSDN Blog), '百度一下, 你就知道' (Baidu, you know), and 'polar bear during a snow storm'. Below the taskbar, a PDF viewer window is open, displaying a single page of text. The text is a standard Lorem ipsum placeholder text, consisting of 10 paragraphs. The PDF has a red border around its content area. At the bottom of the screen, the Windows Start button is visible, along with icons for File Explorer, Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, and other system utilities. The system tray icons include the date and time (11:58, 2020/2/11).

发现这是一篇很普通的英语文章，没有任何关于flag的信息。于是我抱着试试看的心理，全选这个pdf的内容复制，然后粘贴到记事本上。



果然，发现一串很有特点的字符：BABA BBB BA BBA ABA AB B AAB ABAA AB B AA BBB BA AAA BBAABB AABA ABAA AB BBA BBBAAA ABBBB BA AAAB ABBBB AAAAAA ABBBB BAAA ABAA AAABB BB AAABB AAAAAA AAAAAA AAAAAA BBA AAABB。这串字符只由A和B组成，且以空格分开，长短不一。马上想到摩斯密码，即将A看成点，将B看成杠。于是将这串字符复制粘贴到一个新的记事本上，再用python写个脚本解密一下。

```

def decoding(strings):
    i = 0
    s = ""
    strings += " "
    de = ""
    dict = {"AB": "A", "BAAA": "B", "BABA": "C", "BAA": "D", "A": "E", "AABA": "F", "BBA": "G", "AAAA": "H", "AA": "I", "ABBB": "J", "BAB": "K", "ABAA": "L", "BB": "M", "BA": "N", "BBB": "O", "ABBA": "P", "BBAB": "Q", "ABA": "R", "AAA": "S", "B": "T", "AAB": "U", "AAAB": "V", "ABB": "W", "BAAB": "X", "BABB": "Y", "BAA": "Z", "ABBBB": "1", "AABBB": "2", "AAABB": "3", "AAAAB": "4", "AAAAA": "5", "BAAAA": "6", "BBAAA": "7", "BBBAA": "8", "BBBBB": "9", "BBBBB": "0"}
    while i <= len(strings) - 1:
        if strings[i] == " ":
            if len(s) <= 5:
                de += dict[s]
                s = ""
            else:
                s += strings[i]
        i += 1
    return de

path = input("输入TXT文档所在文件夹: ")
filename = input("输入TXT文档名: ")
f = open(path + "\\" + filename + ".txt", "r").read().strip()
flag = decoding(f)
f = open(path + "\\" + "result.txt", "w")
f.write(flag)

```

呃，这道题有点小坑，字符串中的BBAABB和BBBAAA是无效的，编脚本时要注意。

运行一下程序，输出一串字符：CONGRATULATIONSFLAG1NV151BL3M3554G3。所以，flag: 1NV151BL3M3554G3。