

CTF|check writeup

原创

一个不融化的雪人  于 2020-06-20 16:24:51 发布  274  收藏

版权声明：本文为博主原创文章，遵循 [CC 4.0 BY-SA](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/) 版权协议，转载请附上原文出处链接和本声明。

本文链接：<https://blog.csdn.net/skyattractive/article/details/106873292>

版权

CTF|check writeup

总体思路是想让你输入一串字符

输入的字符要使得在400f51函数返回值为true 则到pwn环节

```
4 | sub_400FC0();
5 | sub_400A24();
6 | if ( !(unsigned int)sub_400F51() )
7 | {
8 |     puts("you play CTF like cjk~");
9 |     exit(0);
10| }
11| puts("OK let us pwn pwn pwn!\n");
```

函数里面条件要求几个变量等于某些值

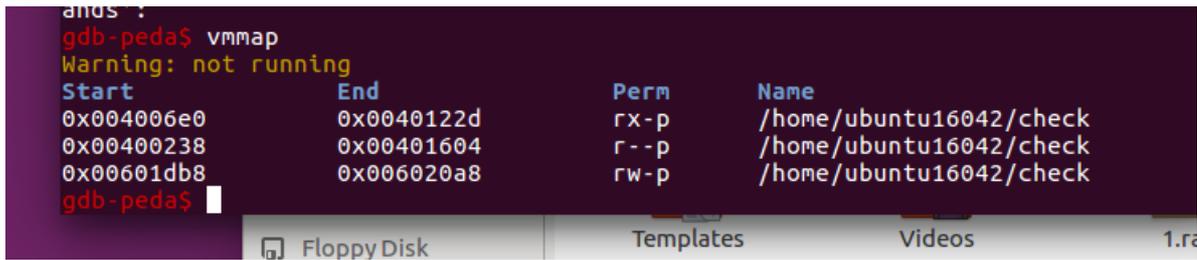
```
1 | BOOL8 sub_400F51()
2 | {
3 |     puts("there is no thing here,run as fast as you can~");
4 |     return byte_602060 == 90 && byte_602061 == 88 && byte_602062 == 90 && byte_602063 == 108;
5 | }
```

一开始的想法是 这些变量都在bss段 想试试能不能往bss写入它要求的值

```

.bss:000000000060204c awora_b0204c aa r
.bss:000000000060204c
.bss:0000000000602050 align 20h
.bss:0000000000602060 byte_602060 db ?
.bss:0000000000602060
.bss:0000000000602061 byte_602061 db ?
.bss:0000000000602061
.bss:0000000000602062 byte_602062 db ?
.bss:0000000000602062
.bss:0000000000602063 byte_602063 db ?
.bss:0000000000602063
.bss:0000000000602064 db ? ;
.bss:0000000000602065 db ? ;

```



然后发现gbd也没办法调试

然后我就开始看 给出函数的内容 ...

我是从下往上看 条件中需要602060处值为90 所以v2应该等于25 因为这样对应v38 = 90

以此类推 v2=25; v3=23; v4=25; v5=37

```

199 }
200 byte_602060 = *(&v13 + v2);
201 byte_602061 = *(&v13 + v3);
202 byte_602062 = *(&v13 + v4);
203 byte_602063 = *(&v13 + v5);
204 }
205 return __readfsqword(0x28u) ^ v79;
206 }

```

希望通过这些值反推回去

然后看到函数中if (v7=1) if (v7=2) 的分支都将v5最后赋值为64 不满足要求

然后我就确定突破口在v7=0的分支上，而对于v7等于零意思是在这个三次的循环中没有出现v6为零的情况，即输入的字符串没有0.

```

v7 = v6,
for ( i = 0; i <= 2; ++i )
{
    if ( s[v6] )
    {
        v0 = v6++;
        *(&v10 + i) = s[v0];
    }
}

```

绕后有着上面不知道对还是错的思路 我就开始v10 v11 v12的值
v12 和0011 1111相与 得到 v5 我推出v12 = 37 (和v5一样)
然后v12右移六位后为零 v4 = 4* (v11&0xF) 推出v11=6
然后再往上推 就觉得不对劲 估计思路错了
没能通过secret key这关...

```
v5 = v12 & 0x3F;
```

```
while ( v6 < v9 )
{
    v7 = 0;
    for ( i = 0; i <= 2; ++i )
    {
        if ( s[v6] )
        {
            v0 = v6++;
            *(&v10 + i) = s[v0];
        }
        else
        {
            *(&v10 + i) = 0;
            if ( i == 1 )
            {
                v7 = 1;
                break;
            }
            if ( i == 2 )
            {
                v7 = 2;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
if ( !v7 )
{
    v2 = v10 >> 2;
    v3 = 16 * (v10 & 3) + (v11 >> 4);
    v4 = 4 * (v11 & 0xF) + (v12 >> 6);
    v5 = v12 & 0x3F;
}
if ( v7 == 1 )
{
    v2 = v10 >> 2;
    v3 = 16 * (v10 & 3) + (v11 >> 4);
    v4 = 64;
    v5 = 64;
}
```

<https://blog.csdn.net/skyattractive>

```
if ( v7 == 2 )
{
    v2 = v10 >> 2;
    v3 = 16 * (v10 & 3) + (v11 >> 4);
    v4 = 4 * (v11 & 0xF) + (v12 >> 6);
    v5 = 64;
}
```