



CSDN @wangjin7356

将其复制到NotePad++

```
new 1 x new 2 x
1 .....
2 .....
3 .....
4 .....
5 .....
6 .....
7 .....
8 .....
9 .....
10 .....
11 .....
12 .....
13 .....
14 .....
15 .....
16 .....
17 .....
18 .....
19 .....
20 .....
21 .....
22 .....
23 .....
24 .....
25 .....
26 .....
27 .....
28 .....
29 .....
30 .....
31 .....
32 .....
33 .....
34 .....
35 .....
36 .....
37 .....
38 .....
39 .....
40 .....
41 .....
42 .....
43 .....
44 .....
45 .....
46 .....
47 .....
48 .....
49 .....
50 .....
51 .....
52 .....
53 .....
54 .....
55 .....
```

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显示6个空格和12个空格的组合，分别用0和1替代，得到一串二进制数据：

```
new 1 x new 2 x
```

```
1 011101110110001101110100011001100011001000110000001100100011000001111011011010000011001101110010011001010101111001100010111001101011110111
```

```
01110111011000110111010001100110001100100011000000110010001100000111101101101000001100110111001001100101010111111  
001100010111001101011111011110010011000001110101011100100101111101100110011011000100000011001110101111101110011  
00110001011110000101111101110011001100010111110011001100010111110111001100010111100001111101
```

用脚本转换ASCII

```
#二进制转ASCII  
  
s = '01110111011000110111010001100110001100100011000000110010001100000111101101101000001100110111001001100101010  
111110011000101110011010111110111100100110000011101010111001001011111011001100110110001000000110011101011111011  
10011001100010111100001011111011100110011000101111000010111110111001100010111100001111101'  
temp = ''  
for i in range(int(len(s) / 8)):  
    temp += chr(int(s[i * 8 : i * 8 + 8] , 2))  
print(temp)
```

得到flag

```
wctf2020{h3re_1s_y0ur_fl@g_s1x_s1x_s1x}  
[Finished in 0.3s]
```