

# 看雪WiFi万能钥匙CTF-第一题 WannaLOL

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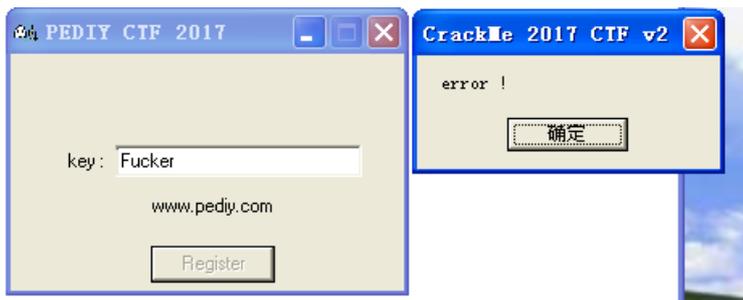
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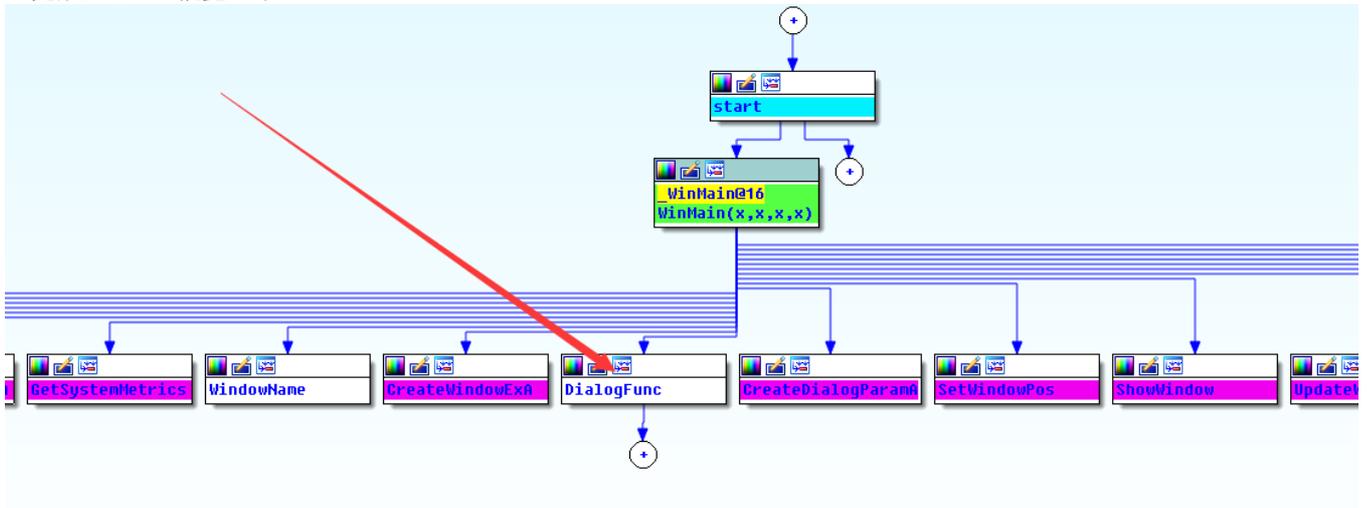
**2019独角兽企业重金招聘Python工程师标准>>>** HOT

简单刷完韩国人的《逆向工程核心原理》之后,觉得自己需要投入到Crack-Me CTF中的淬炼当中,所以准备把看雪2017年中CFT的题目拿来锻炼一下,话不多说,先看看第一题WananLOL的面目吧。



PS: 注意要点, 它的标题以及消息框中的文字, 还有Register按钮的短暂禁用。

1. 先放入IDA, 概览一下



```

.text:00401096
.text:00401096 ; int __stdcall WinMain(HINSTANCE hInstance, HINSTANCE hPrevInstance, LPSTR lpCmdLine, int nShowCmd)
.text:00401096 _WinMain@16 proc near ; CODE XREF: start+C9↓p
.text:00401096
.text:00401096 WSADATA = WSADATA ptr -1E0h
.text:00401096 Msg = tagMSG ptr -50h
.text:00401096 var_34 = WNDCLASSEX ptr -34h
.text:00401096 var_4 = dword ptr -4
.text:00401096 hInstance = dword ptr 8
.text:00401096 hPrevInstance = dword ptr 0Ch
.text:00401096 lpCmdLine = dword ptr 10h
.text:00401096 nShowCmd = dword ptr 14h
.text:00401096
.text:00401096 push ebp
.text:00401097 mov ebp, esp
.text:00401099 sub esp, 1E0h
.text:0040109F push ebx
.text:004010A0 push esi
.text:004010A1 lea eax, [ebp+WSADATA]
.text:004010A7 push edi
.text:004010A8 push eax ; lpWSADATA
.text:004010A9 push 202h ; wVersionRequested
.text:004010AE call WSASStartup
.text:004010B3 mov eax, [ebp+hInstance]
.text:004010B6 mov edi, ds:LoadIconA
.text:004010BC xor esi, esi
.text:004010BE push 65h ; lpIconName
.text:004010C0 push eax ; hInstance
.text:004010C1 mov [ebp+var_34.cbSize], 30h
.text:004010C8 mov [ebp+var_34.style], esi
.text:004010CB mov [ebp+var_34.lpfnWndProc], offset sub_401000
.text:004010D2 mov [ebp+var_34.cbClsExtra], esi
.text:004010D5 mov [ebp+var_34.cbWndExtra], esi
.text:004010D8 mov [ebp+var_34.hInstance], eax
.text:004010DB call edi ; LoadIconA
.text:004010DD push 7F00h ; lpCursorName
.text:004010E2 push esi ; hInstance
.text:004010E3 mov [ebp+var_34.hIcon], eax

```

其中有两处显示窗口的回调函数（WindowProc和DialogProc），在sub\_401000（WindowProc）处没有Register消息的处理，

```

.text:00401000 ; int __stdcall sub_401000(HWND hWnd, UINT Msg, WPARAM wParam, LPARAM lParam)
.text:00401000 sub_401000 proc near ; DATA XREF: WinMain(x,x,x,x)+35↓o
.text:00401000
.text:00401000 hWnd = dword ptr 8
.text:00401000 Msg = dword ptr 0Ch
.text:00401000 wParam = dword ptr 10h
.text:00401000 lParam = dword ptr 14h
.text:00401000
.text:00401000 push ebp
.text:00401001 mov ebp, esp
.text:00401003 mov eax, [ebp+Msg]
.text:00401006 dec eax
.text:00401007 dec eax
.text:00401008 jz short loc_40102E
.text:0040100A sub eax, 0Eh
.text:0040100D jz short loc_401023
.text:0040100F push [ebp+lParam] ; lParam
.text:00401012 push [ebp+wParam] ; wParam
.text:00401015 push [ebp+Msg] ; Msg
.text:00401018 push [ebp+hWnd] ; hWnd
.text:0040101B call ds:DefWindowProcA
.text:00401021 jmp short loc_40103D
.text:00401023 ; -----
.text:00401023 loc_401023: ; CODE XREF: sub_401000+0↑j
.text:00401023 push [ebp+hWnd] ; hWnd
.text:00401026 call ds:DestroyWindow
.text:0040102C jmp short loc_40103B
.text:0040102E ; -----
.text:0040102E loc_40102E: ; CODE XREF: sub_401000+8↑j
.text:0040102E call WSACleanup
.text:00401033 push 0 ; nExitCode
.text:00401035 call ds:PostQuitMessage
.text:0040103B loc_40103B: ; CODE XREF: sub_401000+2C↑j
.text:0040103B xor eax, eax

```

而在 DialogFunc处有EnableWindow的痕迹，明显能够看出来，EnableWindow的前后两次调用，分别是Register按钮的禁用和启用，那么有关keys的compare函数也就在他们之间。

```

.text:00401041 ; BOOL __stdcall DialogFunc(HWND, UINT, WPARAM, LPARAM)
.text:00401041 DialogFunc      proc near                               ; DATA XREF: WinMain(x,x,x,x)+C7↓o
.text:00401041 hDlg          = dword ptr 8
.text:00401041 arg_4        = dword ptr 0Ch
.text:00401041 arg_8        = dword ptr 10h
.text:00401041 hWnd        = dword ptr 14h
.text:00401041              push    ebp
.text:00401042              mov     ebp, esp
.text:00401044              cmp     [ebp+arg_4], 110h
.text:00401048              jnz    short loc_401064
.text:0040104D              push   3E8h          ; nIDDlgItem
.text:00401052              push   [ebp+hDlg]    ; hDlg
.text:00401055              call   ds:GetDlgItem
.text:00401058              push   eax           ; hWnd
.text:0040105C              call   ds:SetFocus
.text:00401062              jmp    short loc_401090
.text:00401064 ; -----
.text:00401064 loc_401064:      ; CODE XREF: DialogFunc+A↑j
.text:00401064              cmp     [ebp+arg_4], 111h
.text:00401068              jnz    short loc_401090
.text:0040106D              cmp     word ptr [ebp+arg_8], 3EAh
.text:00401073              jnz    short loc_401090
.text:00401075              push   esi
.text:00401076              mov     esi, ds:EnableWindow
.text:0040107C              push   0             ; bEnable
.text:0040107E              push   [ebp+hWnd]    ; hWnd
.text:00401081              call   esi ; EnableWindow
.text:00401083 →          call   loc_4011F4
.text:00401088              push   1             ; bEnable
.text:0040108A              push   [ebp+hWnd]    ; hWnd
.text:0040108D              call   esi ; EnableWindow
.text:0040108F              pop    esi
.text:00401090 loc_401090:      ; CODE XREF: DialogFunc+21↑j
.text:00401090              ; DialogFunc+2A↑j ...

```

点进loc\_4011F4处，果然看见MessageBox的调用，在loc\_4011F4处的靠前部分还有GetDlgItemText，用于获得输入的文本，自然下面就是compare的过程。

```

.text:00401289              mov     [ebp-4], eax
.text:0040128C              fdiv  dword ptr [ebp-4]
.text:0040128F              movsx  eax, byte ptr [ebp-19h]
.text:00401293 |              sub     eax, ecx
.text:00401295              mov     [ebp-4], eax
.text:00401298              fsubp  st(1), st
.text:0040129A              fimul  dword ptr [ebp-4]
.text:0040129D              fmul  ds:flt_40711C
.text:004012A3              fstp   dword ptr [ebp-4]
.text:004012A6              jz     short near ptr loc_4012AA+1
.text:004012A8              jnz    short near ptr loc_4012AA+1
.text:004012AA loc_4012AA:      ; CODE XREF: .text:004012A6↑j
.text:004012AA              ; .text:004012A8↑j
.text:004012AA              call   near ptr 40CB15h
.text:004012AF              xor    ax, 7
.text:004012B3              fld    dword ptr [ebp-4]
.text:004012B6              fcomp  ds:flt_407118
.text:004012BC              push   0
.text:004012BE              push   offset aCrackme2017Ctf ; "CrackMe 2017 CTF"
.text:004012C3              fnstsw ax
.text:004012C5              sahf
.text:004012C6              jnz    short loc_4012D6
.text:004012C8              push   offset aRegistrationSu ; "Registration successful !"
.text:004012CD              jmp    short loc_4012DB
.text:004012CF ; -----
.text:004012CF loc_4012CF:      ; CODE XREF: .text:00401229↑j
.text:004012CF              ; .text:00401235↑j ...
.text:004012CF              push   0
.text:004012D1              push   offset aCrackme2017C_0 ; "CrackMe 2017 CTF v2"
.text:004012D6 loc_4012D6:      ; CODE XREF: .text:004012C6↑j
.text:004012D6              push   offset aError ; "error !"
.text:004012DB loc_4012DB:      ; CODE XREF: .text:004012CD↑j
.text:004012DB              push   hWnd
.text:004012E1              call   ds:MessageBox

```

2. compare处找到了，我们来看看它的相关算法。首先祭出F5大法，可惜出师不利

```

.text:004011F4 loc_4011F4: ; CODE XREF: DialogFunc+42↑p
.text:004011F4 push ebp
.text:004011F5 mov ebp, esp
.text:004011F7 sub esp, 1Ch
.text:004011FA lea eax, [ebp-1Ch]
.text:004011FD push 15h
.text:004011FF push eax
.text:00401200 push 3E9h
.text:00401205 push hDlg
.text:00401208 call ds:GetDlgItemTextA
.text:00401211 push 1F4h
.text:00401216 call ds:Sleep
.text:0040121C
.text:0040121F
.text:00401220
.text:00401225
.text:00401228
.text:00401229
.text:0040122F
.text:00401231
.text:00401232
.text:00401235 jz loc_4012CF
.text:00401238 cmp [ebp-1Bh], cl
.text:0040123E jz loc_4012CF
.text:00401244 cmp [ebp-1Ah], cl
.text:00401247 jz loc_4012CF
.text:0040124D cmp [ebp-19h], cl
.text:00401250 jz short loc_4012CF
.text:00401252 cmovb ptr Tebo-1Ch1.31h

```



程序通过一些jmp方式跳过一些特殊字节，起到了模糊静态反编译的效果。通过将0x401262和0x4012AA处的指令nop掉，使得反编译成功。按下P（Create Function）后再按F5反编译。

```

.text:004011F4 ;
.text:004011F4 ;
.text:004011F4 ;
.text:004011F4 ; ; CODE XREF: DialogFunc+42↑p
.text:004011F5 push ebp
.text:004011F7 mov ebp, esp
.text:004011F9 sub esp, 1Ch
.text:004011FB lea eax, [ebp-1Ch]
.text:004011FD push 15h
.text:004011FF push eax
.text:00401200 push 3E9h
.text:00401205 push hDlg
.text:00401208 call ds:GetDlgItemTextA
.text:00401211 push 1F4h
.text:00401216 call ds:Sleep
.text:0040121C
.text:0040121F
.text:00401220
.text:00401225
.text:00401228
.text:00401229
.text:0040122F
.text:00401231
.text:00401232
.text:00401235 jz loc_4012CF
.text:00401238 cmp [ebp-1Bh], cl
.text:0040123E jz loc_4012CF
.text:00401244 cmp [ebp-1Ah], cl
.text:00401247 jz loc_4012CF
.text:0040124D cmp [ebp-19h], cl
.text:00401250 jz short loc_4012CF
.text:00401252 cmovb ptr Tebo-1Ch1.31h

```

- Rename N
- Jump to address... G
- Mark position... Alt+M
- Create function... F
- Undefine... U
- Synchronize with
- Add breakpoint F2
- Xrefs graph to...
- Xrefs graph from...

```

.int sub_4011F4()
{
double v0; // st7@8
double v1; // st6@8
const CHAR *u3; // [sp-Ch] [bp-28h]@9
const CHAR *u4; // [sp-8h] [bp-24h]@8
CHAR String; // [sp+0h] [bp-1Ch]@1
char v6; // [sp+1h] [bp-1Bh]@3
char v7; // [sp+2h] [bp-1Ah]@4
char v8; // [sp+3h] [bp-19h]@5
int v9; // [sp+18h] [bp-4h]@8

GetDlgItemTextA(hDlg, 1001, &String, 21);
Sleep(0x1F4u);
if ( strlen(&String) != 4 || String == 48 || v6 == 48 || v7 == 48 || v8 == 48 || String != 49 || v6 != 53 )
{
v4 = Caption;
goto LABEL_11;
}
v9 = v7 - 48;
v8 = (double)v9;
v9 = String - 48;
v1 = (double)v9;
v9 = v8 - 48;
*(float *)&v9 = (v8 - v1 / (double)5) * (double)v9 * 16.0;
v4 = aCrackme2017Ctf;
if ( *(float *)&v9 != 384.0 )
{
LABEL_11:
v3 = Text;
return MessageBoxA(hWnd, v3, v4, 0);
}
v3 = aRegistrationSu;
return MessageBoxA(hWnd, v3, v4, 0);
}

```

### Python模拟验证函数为

```
def verify(input_key):  
    if len(input_key) != 4:  
        return False  
    for x in input_key:  
        if x == 0x30:  
            return False  
    if input_key[0] != '1' or input_key[1] != '5':  
        return False  
    if ((ord(input_key[2])-0x30)-(ord(input_key[0])-0x30)/5)*16*(ord(input_key[3])-0x30) == 384.0:  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False
```

3. 终极简化就是 $(key[2]-0.2)*key[3]=24.0$ ，求解得 $key[2]=key[3]=5$ ，即key="1555"



(如有错误，敬请指出~)

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