




看雪CTF2020 KCTF 秋季赛 签到题

原创

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CTF

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订阅专栏

前言

佛系参加看雪CTF2020

最终只水了一个签到题

是个win64的逆向

解题过程

先运行看看

```
C:\Users\13957\Desktop>kctf2020.exe
KCTF 2020!
http://bbs.pediy.com
Please input your flag: fuckyou
Try again!
```

是个输入flag

然后进行判断对不对的小程序

扔进IDA

F5看伪码

顺手按着习惯改了改变量名

```

1 int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
2 {
3     signed __int64 buf1_len; // rcx
4     char *flag_mid_i; // r8
5     __int64 buf2_i; // rax
6     unsigned int v6; // edx
7     char v7; // cl
8     char buf_5_8[6]; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-E0h]
9     char buf1[256]; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-D0h]
10    char buf2[256]; // [rsp+130h] [rbp+30h]
11
12    memset(buf1, 0, 0x100ui64);
13    memset(buf2, 0, 0x100ui64);
14    printf_wrapper("KCTF 2020!\n");
15    printf_wrapper("http://bbs.pediy.com\n");
16    printf_wrapper("Please input your flag: ");
17    scanf_wrapper("%s", buf1, 256i64);
18    buf1_len = -1i64;
19    do
20    {
21        ++buf1_len;
22        while ( buf1[buf1_len] );
23        if ( (_DWORD)buf1_len == 12
24            && buf1[0] == 'f'
25            && buf1[1] == 'l'
26            && buf1[2] == 'a'
27            && buf1[3] == 'g'
28            && buf1[4] == '{'
29            && buf1[11] == '}' )
30        {
31            flag_mid_i = buf_5_8;
32            buf2_i = 0i64;
33            *(_WORD *)&buf_5_8[4] = *(_WORD *)&buf1[9];
34            v6 = 0;
35            *(_DWORD *)buf_5_8 = *(_DWORD *)&buf1[5];
36            while ( (unsigned __int8)(*flag_mid_i - '0') <= 9u )
37            {
38                ++v6;
39                ++flag_mid_i;
40                if ( v6 >= 6 )
41                {
42                    buf2[0] = buf1[5];
43                    buf2[1] = buf1[5] + buf1[6] - 48;
44                    buf2[2] = buf1[5] + buf1[6] - 48 + buf1[7] - 48;
45                    buf2[3] = buf2[2] + buf1[8] - 48;
46                    buf2[4] = buf2[2] + buf1[8] - 48 + buf1[9] - 48;
47                    buf2[5] = buf2[4] + buf1[10] - 48;
48                    while ( 1 )
49                    {
50                        v7 = buf2[buf2_i++];
51                        if ( v7 != a2Efi[buf2_i - 1] )
52                            break;
53                        if ( buf2_i == 7 )
54                        {
55                            printf_wrapper("You are winner!\n");
56                            return 0;
57                        }
58                    }
59                    break;
60                }
61            }
62        }
63    }
64    printf_wrapper("Try again!\n");
65    return -1;
66 }

```

https://blog.csdn.net/weixin_44604541

需要输入一个 `flag{+++++}` 的字符串

根据输入的6位字符串计算得到buf2要为a2Efi的内容

跟踪看下

```

.rdata:0000000140003268 aTryAgain          db  'Try again!',0Ah,0      ; DATA XREF: main:loc_140011A4f0
.rdata:0000000140003274 a2Efi             db  '2:=Efi',0             ; DATA XREF: main+12Ff0
.rdata:000000014000327B                                     align 20h

```

那就跟着做就是了

```
>>> ord('.')+48-ord('2')
57
>>> chr(57)
'9'
>>> ord('=')+48+48-ord('2')-ord('g')
4
>>> ord('=')+48+48-ord('2')-ord('9')
50
>>> chr(50)
'2'
>>> ord('E')+48-ord('=')
56
>>> chr(56)
'8'
>>> ord('F')+48+48-ord('8')-ord('=')
49
>>> chr(49)
'1'
>>> ord('I')+48-ord('F')
51
>>> chr(51)
'3'
>>>
```

于是得到flag

```
flag{292813}
encrypted: 2;=EFI
```

结语

简单的逆向